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## 1 What's New

# New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 5.1

- Fixed connection timeout setting before opening connection
- Now passwords are stored in an encrypted form in the DSN record

# New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 5.0

- Added support for Azure SQL Server 2022
- Improved compatibility with 4D in macOS

# New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 4.3

- Added support for SQL\_ATTR\_MAX\_ROWS attribute
- Improved compatibility with Visual Basic in Visual Studio
- Added support for macOS 13 Ventura
- Improved compatibility with Tableau Prep Builder
- Improved compatibility with Crystal Reports
- Improved the SSH connection establishment

# New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 4.2

- Added support for Windows 11
- Improved compatibility with FICO Mosel
- Improved compatibility with FileMaker
- Improved compatibility with Linked Server in MSSMS
- Improved compatibility with JMP on macOS
- Improved support for an ODBC installer on Windows 2000

## New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 4.1

• MSI installer for deploying through GPO is added

# New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 4.0

- Apple Silicon M1 is supported
- Compatibility with macOS Big Sur is improved

# New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 3.1

- Now ODBC driver is thread-safe
- Support for connection pooling is improved
- Now ODBC driver activation does not require administrator privileges
- Improved compatibility with sandboxed applications for macOS

# New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 3.0

- Now ODBC driver for macOS is distributed as a PKG package
- Now ODBC driver for Linux is distributed as DEB and RPM packages
- Possibility to force the ODBC 2.x behavior is added

## New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 2.4

- Possibility to return String Types as Ansi or Unicode is added
- Compatibility with MS Access is improved
- Compatibility with Tableau is improved
- · Compatibility with Omnis Studio is improved
- · Compatibility with Power Pivot is improved
- Compatibility with DBeaver is improved

# New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 2.3

- Performance of batch operations is significantly improved
- The SSHStoragePath connection parameter is added

## New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 2.2

Compatibility with SAS JMP is improved

3

- Compatibility with MS Power Query is improved
- OUTER JOIN macros in SQL queries are supported
- DateTime macros in SQL queries are supported
- Scalar function macros in SQL queries are supported

# New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 2.1

- Support for IPv6 protocol is added
- Compatibility with MS Visual Studio
- Compatibility with MS FoxPro is improved
- Compatibility with MapInfo is improved
- Compatibility with Libre Office is improved
- Compatibility with Qlik is improved
- Compatibility with Delphi & C++Builder is improved
- MS Access linked tables support is improved

# New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 2.0

- · Linux is supported
- macOS is supported
- Support for stored procedures and functions is improved
- Backward compatibility of SQLExecDirect with ODBC 2.x is improved
- Compatibility with MS Excel is improved
- Compatibility with ODBC 2.x is improved
- Bug with Trial expiration in Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio is fixed

# New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 1.2

- Connection via SSL protocol is supported
- Connection via SSH protocol is supported
- Connection via HTTP tunnel is supported
- Compatibility with Power BI Desktop is improved

• Compatibility with Microsoft Visual FoxPro is improved

## New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 1.1

- Compatibility with Microsoft Visual Studio is improved
- Compatibility with Microsoft Office is improved
- Compatibility with Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio is improved
- · Compatibility with Crystal Reports is improved
- Compatibility with ClikView is improved

# New features in ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 1.0

- First release of ODBC Driver for SQL Azure
- Windows 32-bit is supported
- Windows 64-bit is supported

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Provide Feedback

# 2 General Information

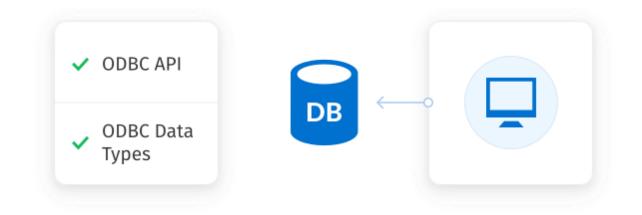
- 1. Overview
- 2. Features
- 3. Compatibility
- 4. Requirements
- 5. Licensing
- 6. Getting Support

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### 2.1 Overview

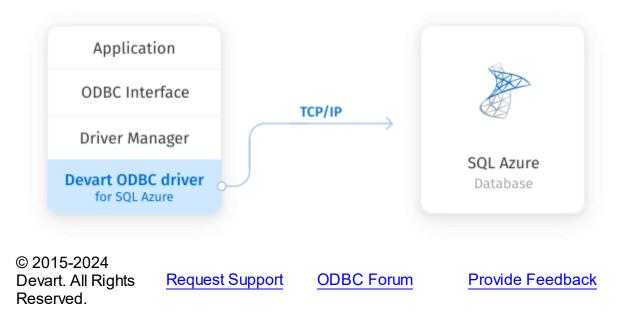
Overview

Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure is a high-performance connectivity solution with enterprise-level <u>features</u> for accessing SQL Azure databases from ODBC-compliant reporting, analytics, BI, and ETL tools on both 32-bit and 64-bit Windows, macOS, and Linux. Our ODBC driver fully supports standard ODBC API functions and data types and enables easy and secure access to live SQL Azure data from anywhere.



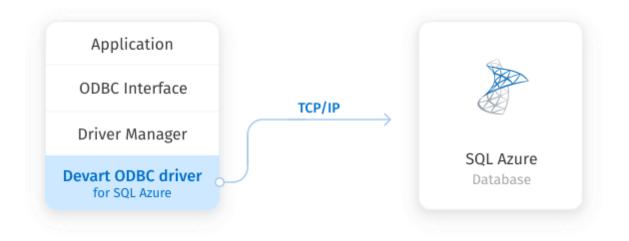
### **Direct Connection**

Our data connector enables various ODBC-aware applications to establish a direct <u>connection</u> to SQL Azure via TCP/IP to eliminate the need for SQL Azure client. Direct connection increases the speed of data transmission between an external application and SQL Azure for real-time analytics. It also streamlines the deployment process, since there is no need to distribute any additional client software with the driver.



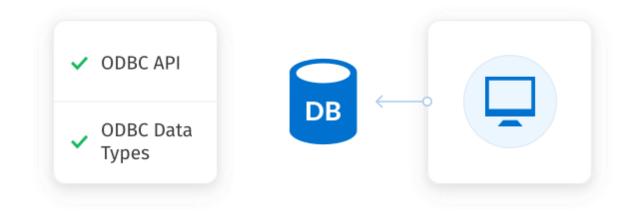
### 2.2 Features

6



# **Direct Connection**

Database applications based on our solution get an opportunity to establish connection to SQL Azure directly via TCP/IP. That improves performance of your applications, their quality, reliability and especially the deployment process, since there is no need to supply additional client software together with your application.

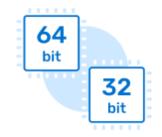


# ODBC Conformance

Our ODBC driver provides full support for common ODBC interface:

- ODBC Data Types support
- ODBC API Functions support

In addition, we provide support for Advanced Connection String parameters. Thus allowing any desktop and web applications to connect to SQL Azure from various environments and platforms, that support ODBC.



# **Development Platforms Variety**

ODBC Driver for SQL Azure doesn't limit your choice of the development platform and environment. The driver installations are available for various operational systems and platforms. The current version supports Windows, macOS, Linux, both 32-bit and 64-bit. So you can develop both 32-bit and 64-bit cross-platform applications.

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# Database Compatibility

ODBC Driver for SQL Azure supports SQL Azure cloud databases.



# High Performance

All our products are designed to help you write high-performance, lightweight data access layers, therefore they use advanced data access algorithms and techniques of optimization.



# Support

Visit our <u>Support</u> page to get instant help from knowledgeable and experienced professionals, a quick resolution of your problems, and nightly builds with hotfixes.

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## 2.3 Compatibility

# Supported Platforms

- Windows x86 and x64 (including Windows Terminal Server)
- macOS x64 and ARM (Apple Silicon M1)
- Linux x86 and x64

# Compatibility with Third-Party Tools

### **Application Development Tools**

Adobe ColdFusion	~
Embarcadero Delphi & C++Builder UniDAC, FireDAC, dbGo (ADO), BDE and dbExpress	~

FileMaker	~
Lazarus	~
Microsoft Visual FoxPro	~
Microsoft Visual Studio Server Explorer and ADO.NET ODBC Provider	~
Omnis Studio	~
РНР	~
PowerBASIC	~
Python	~

# Database Management

Aqua Data Studio	~
dbForge Studio	~
dBeaver	~
EMS SQL Management Studio	~
Informatica Cloud	~
RazorSQL	~
SQL Server Data Tools	~
SQL Server Management Studio	~
SQL Server Reporting Services	~

## BI & Analytics Software

Alteryx	~
DBxtra	~

Dundas Bl	~
IBM SPSS Statistics	~
MicroStrategy	~
Power BI	~
Qlik Sense	~
QlikView	~
RStudio	~
SAP Crystal Reports	~
SAS JMP	~
Tableau	~
TARGIT	~
TIBCO Spotfire	~

## Office Software Suites

LibreOffice			~		
Microsoft Access			~		
Microsoft Excel			~		
OpenOffice			~		
StarOffice			~		
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## 2.4 Requirements

The following requirement must be met for ODBC Driver for SQL Azure:

• Only one version of ODBC Driver for SQL Azure is installed on your system.

No additional client software is required on your system.

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### 2.5 Licensing

**ODBC** Driver License Agreement

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#### INTRODUCTION

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### 2.6 Getting Support

This document lists several ways you can find help with using ODBC Driver for SQL Azure describes the Priority Support program.

# Support Options

There are a number of resources for finding help on installing and using ODBC Driver for SQL Azure:

- You can find out more about ODBC Driver for SQL Azure installation or licensing by consulting Installation and License articles of this manual respectively.
- You can get community assistance and technical support on the Community Forum.
- You can get advanced technical assistance by ODBC Driver for SQL Azure developers through the ODBC Driver for SQL Azure Priority Support program.

# **Subscriptions**

The <u>ODBC Driver for SQL Azure</u> Subscription program is an annual maintenance and support service for ODBC Driver for SQL Azure users.

Users with a valid ODBC Driver for SQL Azure Subscription get the following benefits:

- Product support through the ODBC Driver for SQL Azure Priority Support program
- Access to new versions of ODBC Driver for SQL Azure when they are released

- Access to all ODBC Driver for SQL Azure updates and bug fixes
- Notifications about new product versions

# **Priority Support**

ODBC Driver for SQL Azure Priority Support is an advanced product support service for getting expedited individual assistance with ODBC Driver for SQL Azure-related questions from the ODBC Driver for SQL Azure developers themselves. Priority Support is carried out over email and has a two business day response policy. Priority Support is available for users with an active ODBC Driver for SQL Azure Subscription.

To get help through the ODBC Driver for SQL Azure Priority Support program, please send an email to <u>odbc@devart.com</u> describing the problem you are having. Make sure to include the following information in your message:

Your ODBC Driver for SQL Azure Registration number.

- Full ODBC Driver for SQL Azure edition name and version number. You can find the version number in DLL version information.
- Versions of the SQL Azure server and client you are using.
- A detailed problem description.
- If possible, ODBC Administrator Log, scripts for creating and filling in database objects, and the application using ODBC Driver for SQL Azure.

If you have any questions regarding licensing or subscriptions, please see the FAQ or contact sales@devart.com

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### 3 Using ODBC Driver

- 1. Installation
- 2. Product Activation
- 3. Connecting to SQL Azure
- 4. Connection String Parameters

- 5. Secure Connections
- 6. Sandboxed Apps on macOS
- 7. Using with iODBC
- 8. Enabling ODBC Tracing
- 9. Supported Data Types
- 10. Supported ODBC API Functions

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### 3.1 Installation

ODBC Driver for SQL Azure currently supports the following platforms: Windows, macOS, and Linux, both 32-bit and 64-bit.

See how to install Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure :

- Windows
- Windows Silent
- macOS
- Linux DEB
- Linux RPM

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### 3.1.1 Windows

## Installation

- 1. Download and run the installer.
- 2. Follow the instructions in the wizard.



- 3. In case if you already have the specified installation folder on the PC or another Driver version is installed, you will get a warning. Click **Yes** to overwrite the old files with the current installation, but it is recommended to completely uninstall the previous driver version first, and then install the new one.
- 4. On the Select Components page you can select whether to install the **64-bit** version of the driver or not. Clear the check box if you need no 64-bit installation. There is also a check box on this page, that allows you to select whether to install Help and Manual.

Select Components Which components should be installed?	de
Select the components you want to install; clear the compor install. Click Next when you are ready to continue.	nents you do not want to
Full installation	~
Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure	6,5 MB
- Driver for Win32	2,7 MB
Driver for Win64	3,8 MB
Help and Manual	9,5 MB
Current selection requires at least 17,6 MB of disk space.	

- 5. In the License Information dialog box, you should select the license type and activate the product. If you have no activation key, you can select Trial and use the driver for evaluation purposes.
- 6. If you have an activation key, select the Activation Key option. Copy the activation key from the registration email or your Customer Portal account and paste it into the Activation Key edit box.

🐉 Setup - Devart ODBC Driver —		×
License Information Please enter the path to the file containing the activation key received when purchasing the product. If you have no activation key, select Trial Version.		devart
⊖ Trial		
Activation Key		_
u 1w7jN0D5NGAP0SqfNzjuVAEoDpv/qLXmIX/heuy+ktl58N4FZgxWh9jBjXwrfL Z1tjQVwOuQOoYTqtef2NfkuLgB+FAVeYqhaJ3cnNhifdvYIrWwFFwZNvIRh2m 7zEIxR30Fj9BLspR6ydbomxYUYmTAZfHMQVXWPqQn2UM1Y4odf3c3TIjJRAU emlnjcTJIN4HEPxigTQRRgZBtKT1L3IAf0J/QfXsIp/PiKktnDSlbxVK+avKETuP 5Qw1KL7hTv0dvSt5h6AtwPzLBaTj39CiY3Y+zMLSII3=	4SJ	
Load Activation Key		
<back next=""></back>	Ca	ancel

7. If you have the activation key file, click the Load Activation Key button and browse to it.

Activation			_	
$\leftarrow \rightarrow \checkmark \uparrow$	K W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W	บ ~ บ	Search	Activat ዖ
💻 This PC 🔷	Name	Date modified	ł	Туре
🧊 3D Obji	activation	27.03.2020 13	:52	KEY File
📃 Desktor				
🗄 Docum				
🕹 Downlo				
💧 Music 🗡	<			>
1 item				

- 8. Click Next.
- 9. Click Install, then Finish.
- 10.After the installation is completed, you need to configure the driver.

See also:

- Installation on macOS
- Install Linux DEB package
- Install Linux RPM package

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### 3.1.2 Windows Silent

# Silent Installation with OEM license on Windows

1. Run the Command Prompt as an administrator.

2. Use the following command-lines to perform the driver silent/very silent installation:

DevartODBCSQLAzure.exe /SILENT /ActivationKey=y1c7nmgdu2341aszxcvONGurjfhxm9

DevartODBCSQLAzure.exe /VERYSILENT /ActivationKey=ekhdh765mh09ukr237gfHRtril

**Note**: The installation is performed by entering a license key.

DevartODBCSQLAzure.exe /SILENT /ActivationFile=d:\lic.key

DevartODBCSQLAzure.exe /VERYSILENT /ActivationFile=d:\lic.key

Note: The installation is performed by specifying the path to a license key file with any name.

When /SILENT is used, the installation progress is displayed, but no user interaction is required during installation.

When /VERYSILENT is used, the installation wizard dialog is hidden and the installation process is performed without user interference.

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#### 3.1.3 macOS

# Prerequisites

ODBC Driver for SQL Azure works under control of an ODBC driver manager. ODBC driver manager is not distributed along with our driver and must be installed separately.

ODBC Driver for SQL Azure is compatible with iODBC driver manager.

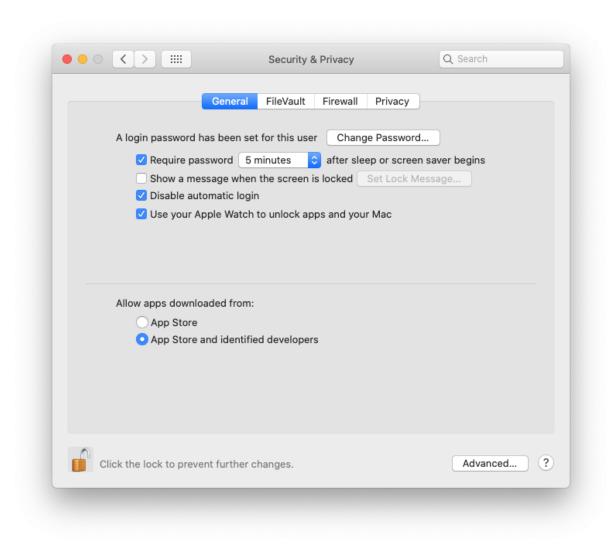
In case when using other ODBC driver managers, ODBC Driver for SQL Azure will be installed, but it will require manual modification of configuration files of these managers.

# Installing ODBC Driver for SQL Azure

1. Go to Security & Privacy settings in the System Preferences.

2. Enable the App Store and identified developers option in the Allows apps downloaded

from section.



Note: If the options in **Allow apps downloaded from** section are grayed out, click on the lock icon and enter your administrator password to proceed with the installation.

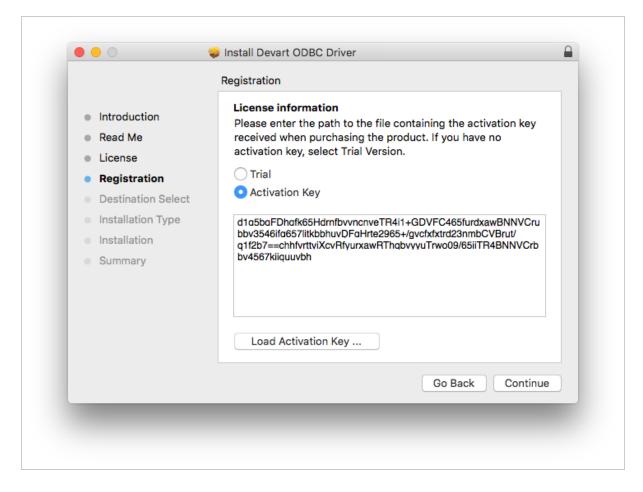
- 3. Download the PKG file from the Devart website.
- 4. Run the downloaded file, press the Allow button to proceed with the installation.

	Welcome to the Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure Installer				
Introduction	This will install Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure 2.5.1 on your computer.				
Read Me	WARNING: This program is protected by copyright law and international				
License	treaties				
Registration					
Destination Select					
Installation Type					
Installation					
Summary					
	Go Back Continue				

5. After reading the license agreement, click Agree.

			stalling the software you must agree to the terms of			
		the software li	cense agreement.			
	Intr	Click Agree to continue or click Disagree to cancel the installation and quit the Installer.				
	Rea	quit the installe	r.			
•	Lic		MS			
	Reg	Read License	Disagree Agree			
	De	ation Turns				
		ation Type	INTRODUCTION			
<ul><li>Installation</li><li>Summary</li></ul>			This Devart end-user license agreement ("Agreement") is a legal agreement between you (either an individual person or a single legal entity) and Devart, for the use of the ODBC Driver software application, demos, intermediate files, printed materials, and online or electronic documentation contained in this installation file. For the purpose of this Agreement, the software program(s) and supporting documentation will be referred to as the "Software".			
		ary				
			LICENSE			
			Print Save Go Back Continue			

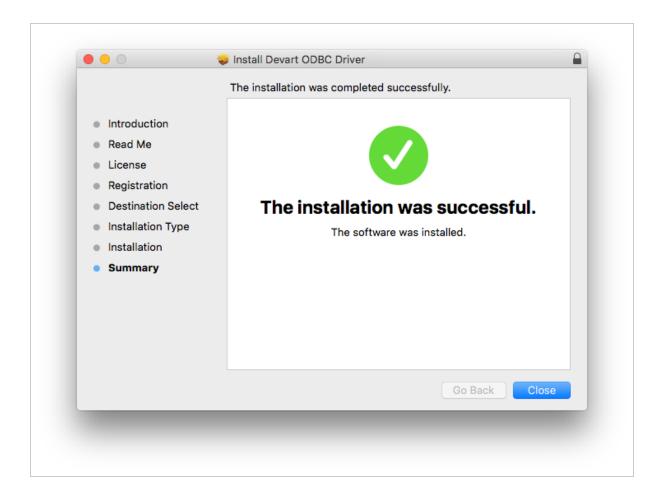
- 6. In the License Information dialog box, you should select the license type and activate the product. If you have no activation key, you can select Trial and use the driver for evaluation purposes.
- 7. If you have an activation key, select the Activation Key option. Copy the activation key from the registration email or your Customer Portal account and paste it into the Activation Key edit box.



8. If you have the activation key file, click the Load Activation Key button and browse to it.

Favorites				
iCloud Drive			тхт	
All My Files		test	Activation.txt	
Applications				
Desktop				
Documents				
Downloads				
Devices				
Remote Disc				
Shared				
server	≜			
All				

9. To complete the installation click Continue, then Install buttons.



To activate the driver, perform the steps described in the **Product Activation** article.

## See also:

- Installation on Windows
- Install Linux DEB package
- Install Linux RPM package

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### 3.1.4 Linux DEB

# Prerequisites

ODBC Driver for SQL Azure works under control of an ODBC driver manager. ODBC driver manager is not distributed along with our driver and must be installed separately.

<u>ODBC Driver for SQL Azure</u> is compatible with <u>UnixODBC</u> driver manager. You can install the unixODBC driver manager using the command below:

sudo apt-get install odbcinst1debian2 libodbc1 odbcinst unixodbc

In case when using other ODBC driver managers, ODBC Driver for SQL Azure will be installed, but it will require manual modification of configuration files of these managers.

# Installation

Let's consider how to install the Devart ODBC driver on Linux from a DEB package, for example, on Ubuntu. There are two ways to install the driver either manually or via the command line.

### **GUI** installation

- 1. <u>Download</u> the DEB package of the required bitness from the Devart website.
- 2. Navigate to the folder with the downloaded package ("Downloads" by default) and doubleclick it.
- 3. In the opened dialog, click the **Install** button.

	Ubuntu Software
<	devartodbcsqlazure
	<b>devartodbcsqlazure</b> New level of functionality and performance in data access via ODBC Install
	Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure provides a high-performance and feature-rich connectivity solution for ODBC-based applications to access SQL Azure databases from Windows, macOS, Linux, both 32-bit and 64-bit. Full support for standard ODBC API functions and data types implemented in our driver makes interaction of your database applications with SQL Azure fast, easy and extremely handy. Website
	Details Version 3.0.1 Source Unknown Size 4,4 MB
l	non-free 3rd party
	This software comes from a 3rd party and may contain non-free components.

4. If the installation is successfully completed, the Install button changes into the Remove

one.

### Command-line installation

1. <u>Download</u> the DEB package from the Devart website.

By default the required package will be downloaded into the ~/Downloads folder (or the selected one);

- 2. Run the 'Terminal' program;
- 3. Navigate to the folder with the downloaded package cd ~/Downloads (if you downloaded

the package into another folder, you need to specify the path to this folder as the cd

command parameter):

cd ~/Downloads/

test@ubuntu:~\$ cd ~/Downloads/
test@ubuntu:~/Downloads\$

4. To install the devartodbcsqlazure\_i386.deb on a 32-bit system, use the following

command:

```
sudo dpkg -i devartodbcsqlazure_i386.deb
```

```
test@ubuntu:~$ cd ~/Downloads/
test@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ sudo dpkg -idevartodbcsqlazure_i386.deb
```

5. To install the devartodbcsqlazure amd64.deb on a 64-bit system, use the following

command:

```
sudo dpkg -i devartodbcsqlazure_amd64.deb
```

```
test@ubuntu:~$ cd ~/Downloads/
test@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ sudo dpkg -i devartodbcsqlazure_amd64.deb
```

6. Driver is installed successfully.

```
test@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ sudo dpkg -i devartodbcsqlazure_i386.deb
Selecting previously unselected package devartodbcsqlazure.
(Reading database ... 238062 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack devartodbcsqlazure_i386.deb ...
Unpacking devartodbcsqlazure (3.0.1) ...
Setting up devartodbcsqlazure (3.0.1) ...
test@ubuntu:~/Downloads$
```

To activate the driver, perform the steps described in the Product Activation article.

## See also:

- Install Linux RPM package
- Installation on Windows
- Installation on macOS

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#### 3.1.5 Linux RPM

## Prerequisites

<u>ODBC Driver for SQL Azure</u> works under control of an ODBC driver manager. ODBC driver manager is not distributed along with our driver and must be installed separately.

ODBC Driver for SQL Azure is compatible with UnixODBC driver manager.

In case when using other ODBC driver managers, ODBC Driver for SQL Azure will be installed, but it will require manual modification of configuration files of these managers.

## Installation

Let's consider how to install the Devart ODBC driver on Linux from an RPM package, for example, on CentOS. To install the driver, you should download the .rpm package and install it via the command line. See the detailed description of these steps below:

1. Download the RPM package from the Devart website.

By default the required package will be downloaded into the ~/Downloads folder (or the selected one);

- 2. Run the 'Konsole' program;
- Navigate to the folder with the downloaded package cd ~/Downloads (if you downloaded the package into another folder, you need to specify the path to this folder as the cd

command parameter):

cd ~/Downloads/

[test@centos7x64 ~]\$ cd ~/Downloads/ [test@centos7x64 Downloads]\$ 📕

4. To install the devart-odbc-sqlazure.i386.rpm on a 32-bit system, use the following

command::

sudo rpm -ivh devart-odbc-sqlazure.i386.rpm

[test@localhost ~]\$ sudo rpm -ivh devart-odbc-sqlazure.i386.rpm

To install the devart-odbc-sqlazure.x86\_64.rpm on a 64-bit system, use the following command::

```
sudo rpm -ivh devart-odbc-sqlazure.x86_64.rpm
```

[test@centos7x64 ~]\$ cd ~/Downloads/ [test@centos7x64 Downloads]\$ sudo rpm -ivh devart-odbc-sqlazure.x86\_64.rpm

5. Driver is installed successfully.



To activate the driver, perform the steps described in the Product Activation article.

See also:

- Install Linux DEB package
- Installation on Windows

• Installation on macOS

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### 3.2 **Product Activation**

See how to activate Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure :

- Obtaining Activation Key
- <u>Activation on Windows</u>
- Activation on macOS
- Activation on Linux
- Where to see the license information

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#### 3.2.1 Obtaining Activation Key

To obtain a product activation key, follow these instructions:

- 1. After purchasing the license, you receive a registration email to the email address, specified when ordering the product.
- This email contains a Driver Activation Key and Login Credentials for the <u>Customer Portal</u>. Keep this information secret.
- 3. You can copy the Activation Key either from the registration email or at the Customer Portal account.
- 4. To login to the Customer Portal, use your Username and Password from the registration email.
- 5. To obtain your Activation Key, click the View link on the right. You will get the following dialog box:

Activation Key	Х
u1w7jC0D8NGAE0FqbNzjuTAToDjv/qLNmIX/heuy+kt2Yi5V39cp3 MhlQfslLhFJgr6hQWxTEmuz1Ji+lQycFEPkmX+Z5YQPXt7e5xql 93Ee03mqH6a9wJ9fSQXuKK8zPlxDl81to5ff5vmppjL8EXvlaOkP r64rzGQxuk5jd0NfxzeykQ==	MUSHsUdPjVsKfs
	COPY TO CLIPBOARD CLOSE

6. Copy the Activation Key with the Copy to Clipboard button.

## See also:

- Activation on Windows
- <u>Activation on macOS</u>
- Activation on Linux

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#### 3.2.2 Activation on Windows

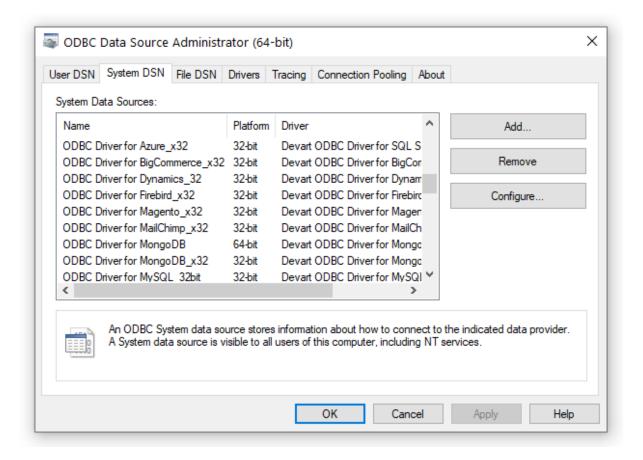
## **Driver Activation After Installation**

To activate your installed driver using ODBC Administrator, perform the following steps:

1. Run ODBC Administrator.



2. In the System DSN tab click the Add button.



3. In the appeared dialog box, select the installed driver, click Finish.

Select a driver for which you want to set up a da	ata source.
Name Devart ODBC Driver for BigCommerce Devart ODBC Driver for Dynamics CRM Devart ODBC Driver for Firebird Devart ODBC Driver for FreshBooks Devart ODBC Driver for Google BigQuery Devart ODBC Driver for InterBase Devart ODBC Driver for Magento	>
 < Back Finish	Cancel

4. In the Driver Configuration dialog box, on the License tab, click the Input Activation Key button.

Devart O	DBC Driver Config	uration			×
General	Advanced Settings	License	About		
License	Information:				
Trial pu 30 da	eriod: ays left				
Inpu	t Activation Key	)			
Test C	onnection		(	ок	Cancel

5. Copy the activation key from the registration email carefully and paste it into the Input

Activation Key edit box.

Input Activation Key	×
Activation Key:	
u1w7jR0D8BGAE0FqbNzjuTAToGjv/qLNmIX/heuy+ktSpWCS u1w7jC0D8NGAE0FqbNzjuTgToDjv/qLNmIX/heuy+ktl51N4Z 97E103mqH6a5wJ9fSQXuKK8zPlxDI81to5ff5vmppjL8EXvIa0 a9lBZh4EhVBtA/pR1HWLZSXZ8k0oJ2Cx7gGy/v1XhiknLRK2Ls wZSMN5rH7995OxNjFvtZ1FnMsC74sdOujgWQ6R6dXs=	ZgxWh2jNjXwrfJS )kPRh4araau9UfK
Load Key	OK Cancel

6. If you have the activation key file, click the Load Key button and browse to it.

7. Click OK.

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#### 3.2.3 Activation on macOS

# **Driver Activation After Installation**

If you don't activate your driver during installation, you can activate it later by following the steps:

- 1. Create a file with the "activation.key" name.
- 2. Copy the activation key from the registration email or your Customer Portal account and paste it into the created file.
- 3. Place the "activation.key" file into the folder where the driver was installed (for Devart

ODBC Driver for SQL Azure it is /Library/ODBC/Devart/SqlAzure by default).

#### See also:

- <u>Activation on Windows</u>
- Activation on Linux

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#### 3.2.4 Activation on Linux

## **Driver Activation After Installation**

If you did not activate the driver during installation, you can activate it later:

- 1. Create a file with the "activation.key" name.
- 2. Copy the activation key from the registration email or your Customer Portal account and paste it into the created file.
- 3. Place the "activation.key" file into the folder where the driver was installed:

- for the DEB package of Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure, it is */usr/share/devart/ odbcsqlazure* by default;

- for the RPM package of Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure, it is */usr/local/devart/ odbcsqlazure* by default.

#### See also:

- Activation on Windows
- <u>Activation on macOS</u>

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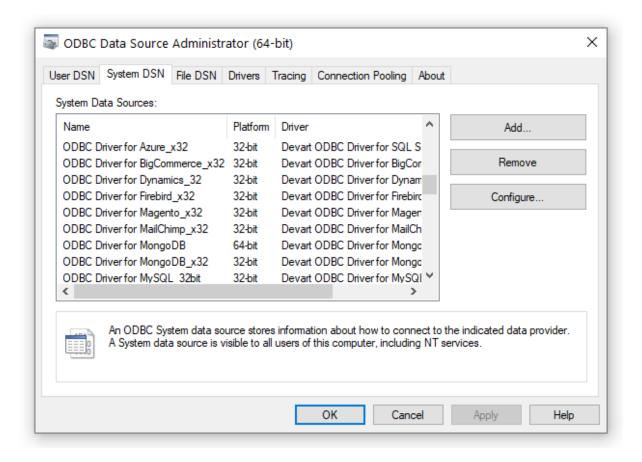
#### 3.2.5 Where to See the License Information?

To see the license information of your installed driver, do the following:

1. In the Control Panel run ODBC Administrator



2. Open the System DSN tab and click the Add button



3. Select the driver and click Finish

Create New Data Source		×
	Select a driver for which you want to set up a data sour Name Devart ODBC Driver for BigCommerce Devart ODBC Driver for Dynamics CRM Devart ODBC Driver for Firebird Devart ODBC Driver for Firebhooks Devart ODBC Driver for FreshBooks Devart ODBC Driver for Google BigQuery Devart ODBC Driver for InterBase Devart ODBC Driver for InterBase	ce.
	< Back Finish Cano	el

4. In the appeared dialogue, select the License tab

Devart O	DBC Driver Config	uration				×
General	Advanced Settings	License	About			
License	Information:					
Trial po 30 da	eriod: ays left					
Inpu	t Activation Key					
Test O	onnection			ОК	Cano	el

See also

Product Activation

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#### 3.3 Connecting to SQL Azure

See how to connect the Devart ODBC Driver for ODBC Driver for SQL Azure:

- Windows DSN Configuration
- macOS DSN Configuration
- Linux DSN Configuration

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#### 3.3.1 Windows

## Windows DSN Configuration

After installing the driver, create a DSN for SQL Azure in the ODBC Data Source Administrator.

- 1. Open the ODBC Data Source Administrator.
  - Type ODBC Data Sources in the Windows search box and choose the application that matches the bitness of the third-party application (32-bit or 64-bit). You can also open
     ODBC Data Sources from Control Panel > Administrative Tools. Note that before Windows 8, the icon was named Data Sources (ODBC).
  - Alternatively, you can run C:\Windows\SysWOW64\odbcad32.exe to create a 32-bit DSN or C: \Windows\System32\odbcad32.exe to create a 64-bit DSN.
- 2. Select the **User DSN** or **System DSN** tab. Most applications work with both types, yet some applications require a specific type of DSN.
- 3. Click Add. The Create New Data Source dialog will appear.
- 4. Select **Devart ODBC Driver for ODBC Driver for SQL Azure** and click **Finish**. The driver setup dialog will open.
- 5. Enter the connection information in the appropriate fields.

Devart ODBC Dr	iver for SQL Azure Configuration	×
General Advanced	Settings Security Settings License About	
Data Source Name	SQL Azure	
Description	Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure	
Server	TCP:azureserver.datab: $\lor$ Port 1433	
User ID	username@azureserver	
Password	Save Password	
Database	myDatabase	
Test Connection	OK Cancel	

- 6. You may test the connectivity by clicking **Test Connection**.
- 7. Click **OK** to save the DSN.

See Also

#### **Connection Options**

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#### 3.3.2 Mac

# macOS DSN Configuration

After the driver is <u>installed</u>, DSN with the name DEVART\_SQLAZURE is created. You can use it to test a <u>connection with SQLAZURE</u> server. For this, perform the following steps:
1. Run the iODBC utility of the required bitness. Find the DEVART\_SQLAZURE section and click the Configure button:

User DSN System	DSN	File DSN	ODBC Drivers	Connection Pooling	Trac	ing	About
System Data Sources							
Name	D	escription	Driver				Add
DEVART_ASE	-		Devart OD	BC Driver for ASE			
DEVART_FIREBIRD	-		Devart OD	BC Driver for Firebird		Re	emove
DEVART_INTERBASE	-		Devart OD	BC Driver for InterBas	e	Cor	nfigure
DEVART_MONGODB	-		Devart OD	BC Driver for MongoD	в	00	ingule
DEVART_MYSQL	-		Devart OD	BC Driver for MySQL			
DEVART_ORACLE	-		Devart OD	BC Driver for Oracle	6		Test
DEVART_POSTGRES	۹L -		Devart OD	BC Driver for Postgres	SC 🕓		rest
DEVART_REDSHIFT	-		Devart OD	BC Driver for Amazon	R		
DEVART_SQLAZURE	-		Devart OD	BC Driver for SQL Azu	ire		
DEVART_SQLITE	-		Devart OD	BC Driver for SQLite			
DEVART SQLSERVER	-		Devart OD	BC Driver for SQL Ser	VE		
System Data So Source connec			e systems-wide O[	DBC Data Names that res	olve to	o Data	а
				Can	cel		OK

2. In the appeared dialog, specify the required connection settings and click OK.

Data Source Nam	e (DSN)	DEVART_SQLAZURE	
Comment			
Keyword	Value		
Data Source Initial Catalog Port User ID Password	myData 1433	erver.database aBase azureserver	
+ -			
		Cancel	Ok

3. Now click the Test button to establish a test connection to your data source.

User DSN System DS			Connection Pooling	Tracing	
System Data Sources					
Name	Description	Driver			Add
DEVART_ASE DEVART_FIREBIRD DEVART_INTERBASE DEVART_MONGODB DEVART_MYSQL DEVART_ORACLE DEVART_POSTGRESQL DEVART_REDSHIFT DEVART_SQLAZURE DEVART_SQLITE		Devart ODE Devart ODE Devart ODE Devart ODE Devart ODE Devart ODE Devart ODE	C Driver for ASE C Driver for Firebird C Driver for InterBas C Driver for MongoD C Driver for MySQL C Driver for Oracle C Driver for Postgres C Driver for Amazon C Driver for SQL Azu C Driver for SQL te	e Co B Co SC R	emove nfigure Test
EVART_SQLITE	-		3C Driver for SQL Ser	ve	
System Data Sou Source connectio		e systems-wide OD	BC Data Names that res	solve to Dat	ta
			Can		ОК

#### See Also

**Connection Options** 

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#### 3.3.3 Linux

# Linux DSN Configuration

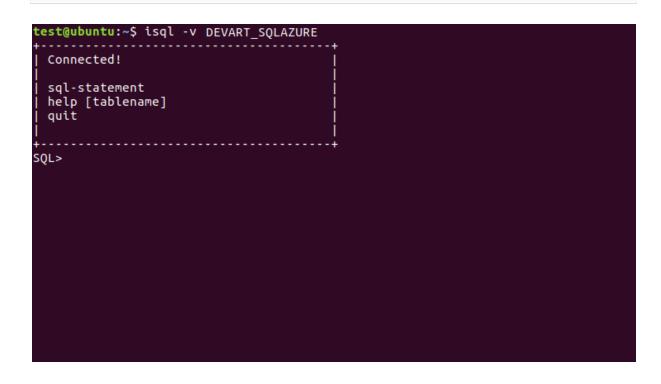
After the linux (DEB or RPM) driver is installed, a DSN with the name DEVART SQLAZURE is created. You can use it to test the connection with the SQLAZURE server. For this, perform the following steps:

1. Open the odbc.ini file located in the /etc folder. Find the DEVART\_SQLAZURE section and specify the required connection settings:

User ID=<your SQL Azure User Name> Password=<your SQL Azure password> Server=<your SQL Azure server address> Port=<your SQL Azure Port> Database=<your SQL Azure database name>

2. Run the UnixODBC Test Command utility and test a connection using the following command:

isql -v DEVART\_SQLAZURE



See Also

**Connection Options** 

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#### **3.4 Connection String Parameters**

## SQL Azure ODBC Connection Parameters

The following table lists the connection string parameters for SQL Azure.

Paramet er	Description
Server	Serves to supply the server name for login.
Port	Used to specify the port number for the connection. 1433 by default.
User ID	Used to supply a unique User ID for login.
Password	Used to supply a password for login.
Database	Used to set the name of the database
Advanced	Settings
AllowNullSt	
ringsInMeta	Some parameters don't accept null values when retrieving metadata. If a
data	third-party tool passes a null value to such a parameter, the driver returns
EmptyString sAsNullInMe	an error. These options ensure compatibility with such third-party tools.
tadata	
Application	Used to specify the application workload type when connecting to a
Intent	server.
Application Name	The name of a client application. The default value is the name of the
	executable file of your application.
Autolransla te	Used to translate character strings sent between the client and server by converting through Unicode.
Connection Timeout	The time (in seconds) to wait for a connection to open before terminating an attempt. The default value is 15.
Http Trust Server Certificate	This parameter specifies whether or not the driver should trust the server certificate when connecting to the server. The default value is False – the driver won't trust the server certificate and will verify validity of the server certificate instead. If set to True, the driver will trust the server certificate.
IP Version	The Internet Protocol Version. ivIPv4

	The default value. Internet Protocol Version 4 (IPv4) is used.				
	ivIPv6				
	Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) is used.				
	ivIPBoth				
	Either Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) or Version 4 (IPv4) is used.				
	When set to ivIPBoth, a connection attempt is made via IPv6 if it is				
	enabled in the operating system. If the connection attempt fails, a new				
	connection attempt is made via IPv4.				
MultipleAct					
iveResultSe	Enables support for the Multiple Active Result Sets (MARS) technology.				
ts					
MultipleCon	Enables or disables the creation of additional connections to support				
nections	concurrent sessions, commands and rowset objects.				
ODBC Behavior	Sets the behavior corresponding to the ODBC specification version expected by a third-party tool. The behavior of the ODBC driver can be changed by calling the SQLSetEnvAttr function to set the SQL_ATTR_ODBC_VERSION environment attribute. Some third-party tools expect the driver to exhibit ODBC 2.x behavior, but forget to call SQLSetEnvAttr with the needed version, or pass an incorrect value. In this case, the behavior can be explicitly set in the connection string. 0 The default value. ODBC behavior is determined by a third-party tool. 2 ODBC 2.x behavior is explicitly set. 3 ODBC 3.x behavior is explicitly set.				
PacketSize	Used to specify the network packet size in bytes. The value of the packet size property must be between 512 and 32767. The default network packet size in SQL Azure is 4096.				
RegionalNum	Enables the use of local regional settings when converting numbers to				
berSettings	strings.				
RegionalDat	Enables the use of local regional settings when converting dates and				

eTimeSettir gs	times to strings.
	Sets the string value types returned by the driver as Default, ANSI, or Unicode. Default
	The driver defines the string types.
	Ansi
	All string types are returned as SQL_CHAR, SQL_VARCHAR, and
String Types	SQL_LONGVARCHAR.
	Unicode
	All string types are returned as SQL_WCHAR, SQL_WVARCHAR, and
	SQL_WLONGVARCHAR.
	Note: Set the parameter to Ansi or Unicode if your third-party tool supports
	only ANSI or Unicode strings.

Sample SQL Azure ODBC Connection String

```
DRIVER={Devart ODBC Driver for SQL
Azure};Server=TCP:azureserver.database.windows.net;Port=1433;Datab
ase=myDataBase;User ID=myUsername;Password=myPassword
```

See also:

- <u>SSL Connection Description</u>
- SSH Connection Description
- HTTP Tunneling Description

```
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Reserved.
```

#### 3.5 Secure Connections

This section describes how to establish secure connections to SQL Azure with ODBC Driver for SQL Azure.

<u>SSL Connection</u>

- <u>SSH Connection</u>
- HTTP Tunneling

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#### 3.5.1 SSI Connection Description

# Connecting to SQL Azure Using SSL

SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) is a standard protocol for secure access to a remote machine over untrusted networks. It runs on top of TCP/IP to secure client-server communications by allowing an SSL-enabled client to authenticate itself to an SSL-enabled server and vice versa. During server authentication, an SSL-enabled client application uses standard techniques of public-key cryptography to verify the server's identity by checking that the server's certificate is issued by a trusted certificate authority (CA) and proves the ownership of the public key.

Conversely, SSL client authentication allows the server to validate the client's identity. The client and server can also authenticate each other using self-signed certificates, however, you will almost never want to use a self-signed certificate, except for an Intranet or a development server. After establishing an SSL connection, the client and server can exchange messages that are symmetrically encrypted with the shared secret key. SSL is the recommended method to establish a secure connection to SQL Azure due to easier configuration and higher performance, compared to SSH. See the SQL Azure documentation for more information on how to configure SSL for an application in Azure and create certificates .

To establish an SSL connection to SQL Azure, enable the Use Encryption for Data option.

Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure Configuration X
General Advanced settings Secure settings License About
Meta Data
Connection Application Name
Connection Timeout (seconds)     15     IP Version     IPv4       Application Intent     ReadWrite     Packet Size (bytes)     4096
<ul> <li>Trust Server Certificate</li> <li>Use Multiple Connections</li> <li>Use Encryption for Data</li> <li>Use Multiple Active Result Sets</li> <li>Use Auto Translate</li> </ul>
Compatibility ODBC Behavior Default ~
String Types Default ~
Use Local Regional Settings when converting to string           Numbers         Dates and times
Test Connection OK Cancel

#### SSL Options

Option	Description
Use Encryption for Data	Enables SSL connections.

## Sample SSL Connection String

```
DRIVER={Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure};Data
Source=TCP:myServer;Initial Catalog=myDatabase;Port=1433;User
ID=myLogin;Password=myPassword;Encryption=True
```

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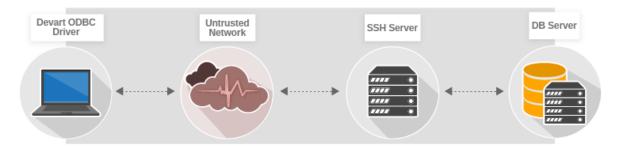
#### 3.5.2 SSH Connection Description

# Connecting to SQL Azure Using SSH

This section discusses how to connect to SQL Azure through SSH. Secure Shell (SSH) is cryptographic network protocol for secure remote login, command execution and file transfer over untrusted networks. SSH uses client-server architecture, connecting an SSH client with an SSH server. The client and server authenticate each other and pass commands and output back and forth. To secure the transmitted data, SSH employs forms of symmetric encryption, assymetric encryption, and hashing.

In symmetric key cryptography, a single key is used by the sending and receiving parties to encrypt and decrypt messages. Assymetric encryption requires two associated keys, the private key and the public key. The public key encrypts messages that can only be decrypted by the private key. The public can key can be freely shared with anyone to autenticate another party, while the private key must be kept secret. The client public key must be stored in a location that is accessible by the SSH server to authenticate the server by the client; conversely, the server public key must be placed on the client side to authenticate the client by the server. Assymetrical encryption is used during the initial key exchange process to produce the shared secret (session key) to encrypt messages for the duration of the session.

The SSH server listens on default port 22 (this port can be changed) for incoming TCP connections. The SSH client begins the initial TCP handshake with the server and verifies the server's identity. The client and server agree upon the encryption protocol and negotiate a session key. The server then authenticates the client and spawns the right environment. The <u>ODBC driver for SQL Azure</u> implements the SSH client feature to connect to the SSH server on the remote machine at the specified port. The SSH server authenticates the client and enables the driver to establish a secure direct connection to SQL Azure. Below is a simplified diagram representing the SSH tunneling.



Note: You don't have to install the SSH client since ODBC Driver for SQL Azure implements the SSH client functionality.

# **SSH** Connection Options

To establish an SSH connection to SQL Azure, specify the connection parameters on the SSH Options tab under Security Settings.

Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure Configuration				
General Advanced settings Secure settings License About				
SSH Options HTTP and HTTPS Options				
Use SSH				
Host name	192.168.50.160			
Port	22			
User name	SSHUser			
Password	•••••			
Client private key	PrivateKey.pem			
Password for key	•••••			
Server public key	PublicKey.pem			
Storage path	D:\Keys\			
Test Connection OK Cancel				

## SSH Connection Options:

Option	Description
Use SSH	Enables SSH connections.
SSH Host name	The host name or IP address of the SSH server.
SSH Port	The SSH port number (22 by default).
SSH User Name	The username for the account on the SSH server.

SSH Password	The password for the account on the SSH server.
SSH Client Key	The filename of the client private key for key-based authentication.
SSH Client Key Password	The passphrase for the client private key.
SSH Server Key	The filename of the SSH server public key.
SSH Storage Path	The directory where the encryption keys are stored.

Sample Connection String:

DRIVER=Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure;Data Source=TCP:myHost;Initial Catalog=myDataBase;Port=myPort;User ID=myLogin;Password=myPassword;MultipleConnections=True;Use SSH=True;SSH Host name=mySshHost;SSH User Name=mySshUsername;SSH Password=mySshPassword;SSH Client Key=myPrivateClientKey.pem;SSH Client Key Password=myClientKeyPassphrase;SSH Server Key=myPublicServerKey.pem;SSH Storage Path=myDirectoryWithKeys

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#### 3.5.3 HTTP Tunneling Description

## Connecting to SQL Azure Using HTTP Tunneling

This section discusses how to connect the ODBC driver to SQL Azure through an HTTP tunnel. If you need to connect to SQL Azure in conditions of restricted connectivity, e.g. when a database server is hidden behind a firewall, or you need to transmit private network data through a public network, you can set up an HTTP tunnel to create a direct network link between two locations. The tunnel is created by an intermediary called a proxy server.

When SQL Azure server is hidden behind a firewall, the client is not able to connect to the server directly on a specified port. If the firewall allows HTTP connections, you can use the ODBC driver with a properly configured web server to connect to the database server. The driver supports HTTP tunneling based on the PHP script.

A possible scenario of using HTTP tunneling: the client needs to access the database of a website from a remote machine, but access to the designated port of the database server is forbidden — only connections on the HTTP port 80 are allowed. To establish a connection in this situation, you must deploy the tunnel.php script, which is distributed with the driver, on the web server. It enables access to the database server through an HTTP tunnel. The script must be accessible through HTTP. You can verify the script accessibility using any web browser. The script file is located in the "C:\Program Files (x86)\Devart\ODBC\SQL Azure \http\tunnel.php" folder. The web server must support PHP 5 or later.

To set up an HTTP tunnel, specify the connection parameters on the HTTP and HTTPS Options tab under Security Settings.

Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure Configuration					
General Advanced settings Secure settings License About					
SSH Options HTTP a	SSH Options HTTP and HTTPS Options				
Use HTTP or HTT	PS				
Url	http://server/tunnel.php				
User name	HttpUser				
Password	•••••				
Proxy Options					
Host name					
Port	0				
User name					
Password					
Test Connection OK Cancel					

#### **HTTP Tunneling Options**

Option	Description			
Use Http	Enables HTTP tunneling.			
Http Url	The URL of the PHP script for HTTP tunneling.			

Http User	The username for the password-protected directory that contains the					
Name	ITTP tunneling script.					
Http	The password for the password-protected directory that contains the					
Password	HTTP tunneling script.					
Http Trust	Specifies whether to verify the server certificate during an SSL					
Server	handshake. When True, the driver bypasses walking the certificate chain					
Certificate	to verify the certificate. The default value is False.					

#### Sample Connection String Using HTTP Tunneling

DRIVER=Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure;Data Source=TCP:myHost;Initial Catalog=myDataBase;Port=myPort;User ID=myLogin;Password=myPassword;MultipleConnections=True;Use Http=True;Url=https://host/folder/tunnel.php;Http User Name=myHttpUsername;Http Password=myHttpPassword

# Connecting Through HTTP Tunnel and Proxy Server

The HTTP tunneling server may be not be directly accessible from the client machine. In this case, you need to additionally provide connection information for the proxy server.

Devart OD	BC Driver f	or SQI	L Azure Configura	ation		×	<
General Advanced settings		Secure settings	License	About			
SSL Optio	ns SSH Op	tions	HTTP and HTTPS	Options			
🗹 Use I	Use HTTP or HTTPS						
Url		http:	//server/tunnel.ph	p			
User nar	ne	Httpl	Jser				
Passwor	d	••••	•••••				
Proxy	Options						
Host n	ame	10.0	.0.1				
Port		3128					
User n	ame	Proxy	yUser				
Password		••••	•••••				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Test Con	Test Connection OK Cancel						

#### **Proxy Options**

Option	Description
Proxy Host Name	The proxy hostname or IP address.
Proxy Port	The proxy port.
Proxy User Name	The proxy username.
Proxy Password	The proxy password.

Sample Connection String Using HTTP Tunneling and Proxy Server

DRIVER=Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure;Data Source=TCP:myHost;Initial Catalog=myDataBase;Port=myPort;User ID=myLogin;Password=myPassword;MultipleConnections=True;Use Http=True;Url=https://host/folder/tunnel.php;Http User Name=myHttpUsername;Http Password=myHttpPassword;Proxy Host Name=myProxyHost;Proxy Port=myProxyPort;Proxy User Name=myProxyUsername;Proxy Password=myProxyPassword

## Additional Information

There is one more way to tunnel network traffic. The Secure Shell forwarding, or SSH, can be used for data forwarding. However, SSH is designed to encrypt traffic rather than traverse firewalls. The <u>Connecting via SSH</u> document describes how to set up an SSH connection in the ODBC Driver for SQL Azure.

Note that traffic tunneling or encryption increases the CPU and bandwidth usage. It is recommended that you use direct connection whenever possible.

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#### 3.6 Sandboxed Apps on macOS

## Sandboxed Apps on macOS

Sandboxed applications don't have permission to access iODBC Driver Manager on macOS. This is caused by the System Integrity Protection (SIP) technology on macOS which protects your files and folders from potentially malicious software by locking the application. When accessing a data source from an application like Excel through the <u>ODBC driver for SQL</u> <u>Azure</u>, you may get an error message saying that the driver is unable to create a file.

Note that all third-party applications distributed through the Mac App Store are sandboxed.

# Disabling System Integration Protection (SIP) on macOS

To resolve the issue, you should turn off SIP on your computer:

- 1. Restart your computer in **Recovery mode** (hold down **Command + R** until you see the Apple logo).
- 2. Select **Utilities > Terminal**.
- 3. In the Terminal window, enter csrutil disable.

```
Terminal — -bash — 80×24
[-bash-3.2# csrutil disable
Successfully disabled System Integrity Protection. Please restart the machine for r the changes to take effect.
-bash-3.2# reboot
```

- 4. Restart your computer.
- 5. Enter csrutil status to check the status of SIP.

```
test — paserver — -bash — 80×24
tests-imac-2:~ test$ csrutil status
System Integrity Protection status: disabled.
tests-imac-2:~ test$
```

Enable SIP after you finish working with an ODBC data source. To turn on SIP, enter csrutil enable and restart your computer.

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#### 3.7 Using with iODBC

# Using the Driver with iODBC

Among known issues with iODBC driver manager is incorrect handling of the following ODBC data types:

- SQL\_WCHAR
- SQL\_WVARCHAR
- SQL\_WLONGVARCHAR

For this reason, we recommend using the following data types instead:

- SQL\_CHAR
- SQL\_VARCHAR
- SQL\_LONGVARCHAR

If you have to work with the SQL\_WCHAR, SQL\_WVARCHAR, and SQL\_WLONGVARCHAR data types, we recommend that you use the unixODBC driver manager rather than iODBC.

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#### 3.8 Enabling ODBC Tracing

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## Creating an ODBC Trace Log on Windows

When you start or stop tracing in the 64-bit ODBC Administrator, the tracing is also enabled or disabled in the 32-bit ODBC Administrator, and vice versa.

If the ODBC client application you need to trace runs under Local System account or any other user login than your own, select Machine-Wide tracing for all user identities. For example, this option may be necessary for SSMS.

To generate a trace file using ODBC Source Administrator on Windows, follow the steps below.

- 1. Type ODBC Data Sources in the Windows 10 search box (in earlier versions of Windows, open Control Panel > Administrative Tools) and choose the application of the needed bitness.
- 2. Select the Tracing tab.
- 3. If necessary, change the default Log File Path. Make sure that the path is writable by the application, then click Apply.
- 4. Click Start Tracing Now.
- 5. Restart all application processes.
- 6. Click Test Connection in the DSN settings to make sure the driver is able to connect.
- 7. Reproduce the issue.
- 8. Click Stop Tracing Now On the Tracing tab.
- 9. Send us the obtained log file (for example, devart.log).

# Creating an ODBC Trace Log on macOS

To enable the trace option on macOS, use the Tracing tab within ODBC Administrator.

- 1. Open the ODBC Administrator.
- 2. Select the Tracing tab.
- 3. If necessary, change the default Log file path.
- 4. Select All the time in the When to trace option.

# Creating an ODBC Trace Log on Linux

To trace the ODBC calls on Linux, set the Trace and TraceFile keyword/value pairs in the [ODBC] section of the /etc/odbcinst.ini file, for example:

[ODBC] Trace=Yes TraceFile=/home/test/devart.log

Make sure to disable logging after obtaining a log file since it affects the read/write speed.

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#### 3.9 Supported Data Types

# Data Type Mapping

The Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure supports all SQL Azure data types.

The following table describes how the SQL Azure data types are mapped to the ODBC data types.

SQL Azure Data Types	ODBC Data Types	
Datetime	SQL_TYPE_TIMESTAMP SQL_TIMESTAMP	
Smalldatetime SQL_TYPE_TIMESTAMP SQL_TIMESTAMP		
Date SQL TYPE DATE SQL DAT		
Time	SQL_SS_TIME2	
Datetime2	SQL_TYPE_TIMESTAMP SQL_TIMESTAMP	
DatetimeOFFSET	SQL_SS_TIMESTAMPOFFSET	
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#### 3.10 Supported ODBC API Functions

# Supported ODBC Functions

Reserved.

The SQLGetInfo function returns information about the driver and data source. To find out whether a specific function is supported in the driver, call SQLGetFunctions.

For more information about the ODBC interface, see the ODBC Programmer's Reference.

ODBC Driver for SQL Azure supports all deprecated functions for backward compatibility.

The following table lists the currently supported ODBC functions.

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
	~		Obtains an
			environment,
SQLAllocHandle		ISO 92	connection,
			statement, or
			descriptor handle.
			Connects to a
			specific driver by
SQLConnect	~	ISO 92	data source name,
			user ID, and
			password.
			Connects to a
			specific driver by
			connection string or
SQLDriverConnect		ODBC	requests that the
SQLDIWerConnect		ODBC	Driver Manager and
			driver display
			connection dialog
			boxes for the user.
			Obtains an
SQLAllocEnv	~	Deprecated	environment handle
			allocated from driver.
SQLAllocConnect	~	Deprecated	Obtains a

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connection handle

# ODBC API Calls for Obtaining Information about a Driver and Data Source

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLDataSources	~	ISO 92	Returns the list of available data sources, handled by the Driver Manager
SQLDrivers	~	ODBC	Returns the list of installed drivers and their attributes, handles by Driver Manager
SQLGetInfo	~	ISO 92	Returns information about a specific driver and data source.
SQLGetFunctions	~	ISO 92	Returns the functions supported by the driver.
SQLGetTypeInfo	~	ISO 92	Returns information about supported data types.

# ODBC API Calls for Setting and Retrieving Driver Attributes

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLSetConnectAttr	~	ISO 92	Sets a connection

			attribute.
SQLGetConnectAttr	~	ISO 92	Returns the value of a connection attribute.
SQLSetConnectOpti on	~	Deprecated	Sets a connection option
SQLGetConnectOpti on	~	Deprecated	Returns the value of a connection option
SQLSetEnvAttr	~	ISO 92	Sets an environment attribute.
SQLGetEnvAttr	~	ISO 92	Returns the value of an environment attribute.
SQLSetStmtAttr	~	ISO 92	Sets a statement attribute.
SQLGetStmtAttr	~	ISO 92	Returns the value of a statement attribute.
SQLSetStmtOption	~	Deprecated	Sets a statement option
SQLGetStmtOption	~	Deprecated	Returns the value of a statement option

# ODBC API Calls for Preparing SQL Requests

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLAllocStmt		Depreseted	Allocates a
	×	Deprecated	statement handle
			Prepares an SQL
SQLPrepare	~	ISO 92	statement for later
			execution.

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SQLBindParameter	~	ODBC	Assigns storage for a parameter in an SQL statement.
SQLGetCursorNam e	~	ISO 92	Returns the cursor name associated with a statement handle.
SQLSetCursorNam e	~	ISO 92	Specifies a cursor name.
SQLSetScrollOption s	~	ODBC	Sets options that control cursor behavior.

# ODBC API Calls for Submitting Requests

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLExecute	~	ISO 92	Executes a prepared statement.
SQLExecDirect	~	ISO 92	Executes a statement
SQLNativeSql	~	ODBC	Returns the text of an SQL statement as translated by the driver.
SQLDescribeParam	~	ODBC	Returns the description for a specific parameter in a statement.
SQLNumParams	~	ISO 92	Returns the number of parameters in a

			statement.
			Used in conjunction
			with SQLPutData to
SQLParamData		ISO 92	supply parameter
SQLFalalidada	~		data at execution
			time. (Useful for long
			data values.)
	~		Sends part or all of a
SQLPutData		ISO 92	data value for a
		100 92	parameter. (Useful
			for long data values.)

ODBC API Calls for Retrieving Results and Information about Results

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLRowCount	~	ISO 92	Returns the number of rows affected by an insert, update, or delete request.
SQLNumResultCols	~	ISO 92	Returns the number of columns in the result set.
SQLDescribeCol	~	ISO 92	Describes a column in the result set.
SQLColAttribute	~	ISO 92	Describes attributes of a column in the result set.
SQLColAttributes	~	Deprecated	Describes attributes of a column in the

			result set.		
SQLFetch		ISO 92	Returns multiple		
	~	100 32	result rows.		
SQLFetchScroll		ISO 92	Returns scrollable		
	~	100 92	result rows.		
SQLExtendedFetch		Deprecated	Returns scrollable		
	~	Deprecated	result rows.		
			Positions a cursor		
			within a fetched		
	~		block of data and		
SQLSetPos		ODBC	enables an		
			application to refresh		
			data in the rowset or		
			to update or delete		
			data in the result set.		
			Performs bulk		
			insertions and bulk		
SQLBulkOperations		ODBC	bookmark		
	~		operations, including		
			update, delete, and		
			fetch by bookmark.		

# ODBC API Calls for Retrieving Error or Diagnostic Information

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLError	~	Deprecated	Returns additional error or status information
SQLGetDiagField	~	ISO 92	Returns additional

			diagnostic
			information (a single
			field of the
			diagnostic data
			structure).
SQLGetDiagRec	~		Returns additional
			diagnostic
		ISO 92	information (multiple
		100 92	fields of the
			diagnostic data
			structure).

# ODBC API Calls for Obtaining Information About Database Objects (Catalog Functions)

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLColumnPrivileg es	~	ODBC	Returns a list of columns and associated privileges for one or more tables.
SQLColumns	~	X/Open	Returns the list of column names in specified tables.
SQLForeignKeys	~	ODBC	Returns a list of column names that make up foreign keys, if they exist for a specified table.
SQLPrimaryKeys	~	ODBC	Returns the list of

make up the primary key for a table. Returns the list of input and output
Returns the list of
input and output
parameters, as well
BC as the columns that
constitute the result
set for the specified
procedures.
Returns the list of
procedure names
stored in a specific
data source.
Returns information
about the optimal set
of columns that
uniquely identifies a
row in a specified
table, or the columns
that are
automatically
updated when any
value in the row is
updated by a
transaction.
Returns statistics
92 about a single table
and the list of

			indexes associated with the table.
SQLTablePrivileges	~	ODBC	Returns a list of tables and the privileges associated with each table.
SQLTables	~	X/Open	Returns the list of table names stored in a specific data source.

## ODBC API Calls for Performing Transactions

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose		
SQLTransact		Deprecated	Commits or rolls		
	•		back a transaction		
SQLEndTran 🗸 ISO 92	Commits or rolls				
	✓		back a transaction.		

## ODBC API Calls for Terminating a Statement

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose		
SQLFreeStmt			Ends statement		
			processing, discards		
			pending results, and,		
	~	ISO 92	optionally, frees all		
			resources		
			associated with the		
			statement handle.		
SQLCloseCursor	~	ISO 92	Closes a cursor that		

			has been opened on a statement handle.
SQLCancel		ISO 92	Cancels an SQL
	~		statement.

## ODBC API Calls for Terminating a Connection

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose	
SQLDisconnect		ISO 92	Closes the	
	✓	100 02	connection.	
			Releases an	
			environment,	
SQLFreeHandle	✓	ISO 92	connection,	
			statement, or	
			descriptor handle.	
SQLFreeConnect	oppost Depresented	Depreseted	Releases connection	
SQLFIEeConnect	~	Deprecated	handle.	
	~	Depreseted	Releases an	
SQLFreeEnv		Deprecated	environment handle.	
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### 4 Using in Third-Party Tools

This section discusses how to use ODBC Driver for SQL Azure with ODBC-compliant tools.

- DBeaver
- Oracle Database Link
- Microsoft Access
- <u>Microsoft Excel</u>

- OpenOffice and LibreOffice
- PHP
- Power BI
- Python
- <u>QlikView</u>
- SQL Server Management Studio
- <u>SSIS</u>
- Tableau

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#### 4.1 Using in DBeaver

### **DBeaver Overview**

DBeaver is a free, open source multiplatform database management tool and SQL client for developers and database administrators. DBeaver can be used to access any database or cloud application that has an ODBC or JDBC driver, such as Oracle, SQL Server, MySQI, Salesforce, or Mailchimp. Devart DBeaver provides you with the most important features you'd need when working with a database in a GUI tool, such as:

- SQL queries execution
- Metadata browsing and editing
- SQL scripts management
- Data export/import
- Data backup
- DDL generation
- ER diagrams rendering
- Test data generation
- BLOB/CLOB support

- Database objects browsing
- Scrollable resultsets

The tool comes in two editions — Community and Enterprise. Enterprise Edition supports NoSQL databases, such as MongoDB or Cassandra, persistent query manager database, SSH tunneling, vector graphics (SVG) and a few other enterprise-level features. Note though that you can access a MongoDB database from DBeaver Community Edition using the respective Devart ODBC driver. For the purposes of this guide, we'll use the Community Edition of DBeaver to retrieve data from SQL Azure via the Open Database Connectivity driver.

# Creating an ODBC Data Source to Use SQL Azure Data in DBeaver

- 1. Click the **Start** menu and select **Control Panel**.
- 2. Select Administrative Tools, then click ODBC Data Sources.
- 3. Click on the **System DSN** tab if you want to set up a DSN name for all users of the system or select **User DSN** to configure DSN only for your account.
- 4. Click the Add button and double-click Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure in the list.
- 5. Give a name to your data source and set up the connection parameters.
- 6. Click the **Test Connection** button to verify that you have properly configured the DSN.

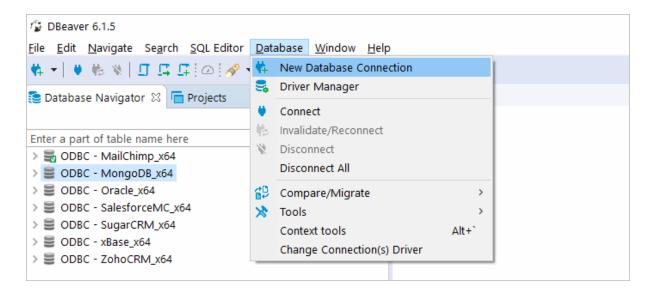
When using ODBC driver for SQL Azure with DBeaver, SQL\_WVARCHAR data types may be displayed incorrectly in DBeaver. To prevent this, you need to set the string data types to Ansi either in the **Advanced Settings** tab of the driver configuration dialog or directly in the connection string (String Types=Ansi) — all string types will be returned as SQL\_CHAR, SQL\_VARCHAR and SQL\_LONGVARCHAR.

Devart ODBC Driver	Configuration X
General Advanced se	ettings License About
Meta Data	
Al Scheman	Charly shrap as N.L. Calles N.L. strap
Connection	
Carried Plade	Nernal V
Scheme	
Ownite lat	Care (receile
Consultan Teams	a Press Put 1
No. Facilit Room	
Compatibility	
ODBC Behavior	Default $\checkmark$
String Types	Ansi (SQL_CHAR, SQL_VARCHAR, SQL_LONC $ \smallsetminus $
Use Local Regional	Settings when converting to string
Numbers	Dates and times
Test Connection	OK Cancel

# Connecting to SQL Azure Data from DBeaver via ODBC Driver for SQL Azure

Follow the steps below to establish a connection to SQL Azure in DBeaver.

1. In the Database menu, select New Database Connection.



2. In the Connect to database wizard, select ODBC and click Next.

Connect to database			×
Select your database			31)
ODBC bridge driver			
Type part of database/driver name to filter	G.	2 💷	Gallery
Name		#	^
S ODBC		7	
Apache Ignite			
> 🛼 AWS			
> 🔨 Azure			

3. Enter the previously configured DSN in the Database/Schema field.

😼 Conne	ect to databa	ase							$\times$
	DBC Conne		ettings					999	ODBC
General	Driver pro	perties	SSH	Proxy					
	JDBC URL:	jdbc:o	dbc:DBE	AVER_DAT	TA	ASOURCE			
Databa	Database/Schema: DBEA		ER_DATA	SOURCE			]		
User name:						]			
	Password:						🛛 🗹 Save pass	word lo	cally

4. Click Test Connection. If everything goes well, you'll see the Success message.

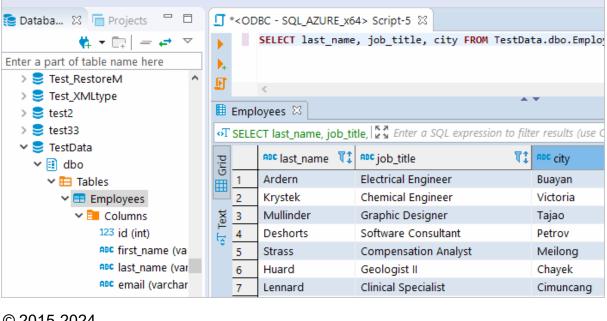
#### Viewing SQL Azure Database Objects and Querying Data

You can expand out the database structure in DBeaver's **Database Navigator** to visualize all the tables in SQL Azure database. To view and edit the data in a table, you need to right-click on the target table name and select **View data**. The content of the table will be displayed in the main workspace.

DBeaver 6.1.5 - Employees									
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>N</u> avigate Se <u>a</u> rch <u>S</u> QL Editor <u>D</u> atabase <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp									
🐈 🔻 🛡 🎼 🛠 🛛 🖵 📮 📮 🖸 Commit 🕞 Rollback 📑 👻 🗛 Auto 🕓 👻 🛢 ODBC - SQL_AZURE_x64									
* <del>5</del>									
📚 Databa 🛛 🖕 Projects 🖓 🗖 🖪 Employees 🕅									
▽ ≒ =  = + ♥		Prop	erties 🔣 Data 击 B	ER Diagram 🛛 🗮 OI	DBC - SQL_AZURE_x64 🛛 🛢 Tes				
Enter a part of table name here			15.2	-					
> 🥃 Test_RestoreM 🔷		Empl	oyees 🖓 Enter a S	QL expression to filte	er results (use Ctrl+Space)				
> 🥃 Test_XMLtype	σ		🗝 first name 🏾 🕄	ABC last_name 11	email 🕄				
> 🥃 test2	Grid		Janek	Ardern	jardern0@va.gov				
> 🥃 test33	E		Isis						
🗸 🥃 TestData		2		Krystek	ikrystek1@mayoclinic.com				
∽ 🗐 dbo	oT Text	3	Addy	Mullinder	amullinder2@fotki.com				
🗸 🛅 Tables	Ŀ,	4	Eleen	Deshorts	edeshorts3@cdbaby.com				
> 🚍 Employees		5	Missy	Strass	mstrass4@photobucket.com				
> 🚍 TestTable		6	Sigvard	Huard	shuard5@apache.org				
> 🗿 Views		7	Dahlia	Lennard	dlennard6@webs.com				
> Indexes		8	Liane	McPheat	Imcpheat7@jigsy.com				

If you want to write a custom SQL query that will include only the necessary columns from the

table, you can select **New SQL Editor** in the **SQL Editor** main menu. Create your query and run it by clicking **Execute SQL Statement** to view the results in the same window.



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### 4.2 Using in Oracle DBLink

## Configuring Oracle Database Gateway for ODBC

This article explains how to configure Oracle Database Gateway for ODBC. If your data is stored in a non-Oracle database system or cloud application, and you need to access it from an Oracle Database server, you can create a database link to an Oracle Database Gateway for ODBC. The gateway works with an ODBC driver to access non-Oracle systems or other, remote Oracle servers. Any ODBC-compatible data source can be accessed using the gateway and the appropriate ODBC driver. The driver must be installed on the same machine as the gateway. The non-Oracle system can run on the same machine as the Oracle server or on a different machine. The gateway can be installed on the machine running the non-Oracle system, the machine running the Oracle database or on a third machine as a standalone.

### Configure the Initialization File

After installing the gateway and the <u>ODBC driver for SQL Azure</u>, create an initialization file for your Oracle Database Gateway for ODBC. The sample file initdg4odbc.ora is stored in the ORACLE\_HOME\hs\admin directory. To create an initialization file for the gateway, copy the sample initialization file and rename it. The name must be prefixed with init — for example, initSQL Azure.ora. You need a separate initialization file for each ODBC data source. After creating the file, set the HS\_FDS\_CONNECT\_INFO parameter to the system DSN that you created earlier, for example:

HS\_FDS\_CONNECT\_INFO=SQL Azure

#### Configure Oracle Net Listener

After configuring the gateway, you need to configure Oracle Net Listener to communicate with the Oracle database. Information about the gateway must be added to the <code>listener.ora</code> configuration file which is located in the <code>ORACLE\_HOME\NETWORK\ADMIN\</code> directory. The following example is the address on which the Oracle Net Listener listens (HOST is the address of the machine on which the gateway is installed):

```
LISTENER =
	(DESCRIPTION_LIST =
		(DESCRIPTION =
		(ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP)(HOST = localhost)(PORT = 1521))
	)
	)
```

Add an entry to the listener.ora file to start the gateway in response to connection requests. The SID of the gateway (SID\_NAME) must be the same in listener.ora and thshames.ora. ORACLE\_HOME is the Oracle home directory where the gateway resides. To apply the new settings, stop and restart the Oracle Net Listener service.

SID_LIST_LISTENER=
(SID_LIST=
(SID_DESC=
(SID_NAME=SQL Azure)
(ORACLE_HOME=D:\ORACLE_HOME)
(PROGRAM=dg4odbc)
)

#### **Configure Oracle for Gateway Access**

Add a connect descriptor for the gateway to the tnsnames.ora file, which is located in ORACLE\_HOME\NETWORK\ADMIN directory. The SID must match the value specified in the listener.ora file.

SQL Azure =

```
(DESCRIPTION =
  (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = tcp)(HOST = localhost)(PORT = 1521))
  (CONNECT_DATA =
    (SID = SQL Azure)
  )
  (HS = OK)
)
```

### Create Database Links

To access an ODBC data source, you must create a database link using a database tool like SQL Plus or dbForge Studio for Oracle: connect to your database server and execute the CREATE DATABASE LINK statement, as follows:

```
CREATE DATABASE LINK dblink CONNECT TO "username" IDENTIFIED BY "password"
```

dblink is the complete database link name. tns\_name\_entry is the Oracle Net connect descriptor specified in the tnsnames.ora file.

When you create the database link in <u>dbForge Studio for Oracle</u>, you can see your newly created link in Database Links on the left panel. After creating the database link, you can run a query against the ODBC data source using the following syntax:

SELECT \* FROM table\_name@"dblink\_name"

See also

Configuring Oracle Database Gateway for ODBC© 2015-2024Devart. All RightsRequest SupportODBC ForumProvide FeedbackReserved.

### 4.3 Using in Microsoft Access

# Connecting Microsoft Access to SQL Azure Using an ODBC Driver

This article explains how to connect Microsoft Access to SQL Azure through the standard ODBC interface. Microsoft Access is a dababase management system that combines the relational database engine with a graphical user interface. Access can be used as a substitution for spreadsheet applications like Excel to organize, store, and retrieve large amounts of related data that can be difficult to manage in spreadsheets.

In Microsoft Access, you can connect to your SQL Azure data either by importing it or creating a table that links to the data. Devart ODBC drivers support all modern versions of Access. It

is assumed that you have already installed and configured a DSN for ODBC driver for SQL Azure. For the purpose of this article, we tested an <u>ODBC connection to SQL Azure</u> through our ODBC drivers in Microsoft Access 2003, Microsoft Access 2007, Microsoft Access 2010, Microsoft Access 2013, Microsoft Access 2016, Microsoft Access 2019. The following steps describe how to use Microsoft Access 2019 to import or link to your data in SQL Azure.

## Importing SQL Azure Data Into Microsoft Access Through an ODBC Connection

- 1. Open your Microsoft Access database.
- 2. Select the **External Data** tab in the ribbon.
- 3. Expand the **New Data Source** drop-down and select **From Other Sources**, then select **ODBC Dababase**.
- 4. In the Get External Data ODBC Database dialog box, select Import the source data into a new table in the curent database, and click OK.
- 5. In the **Select Data Source** dialog box, select the **Machine Data Source** tab.
- 6. Select the DSN that you have configured for SQL Azure and click **OK**.
- 7. In the **Import Objects** dialog box, select the tables that you want to import, and click **OK**.
- 8. If the database objects have been successfully imported, you should the see the corresponding message in the dialog box. If you want to save the import steps to quickly repeat the process without using the wizard at a later time, select the **Save import steps** checkbox. Click **Close**.
- 9. The imported tables should appear in the Tables navigation pane on the left.
- 10.Double-click on the needed table to display its contents.

### Linking to SQL Azure Data in Microsoft Access Through an ODBC Connection

- 1. Open your Microsoft Access database.
- 2. Select the **External Data** tab in the ribbon.
- 3. Expand the **New Data Source** drop-down and select **From Other Sources**, then select **ODBC Dababase**.
- 4. In the Get External Data ODBC Database dialog box, select Link to the data source

by creating a linked table.

- 5. In the Select Data Source dialog box, select the Machine Data Source tab.
- 6. Select the DSN that you have configured for SQL Azure and click **OK**.
- In the Link Tables dialog box, select the table or tables that you want to link to, and click OK.
- 8. The Select Unique Record Identifier dialog box will prompt you to choose a field or fields that uniquely identify each record in the table. To avoid inconsistencies, it is recommended to select the primary key in the SQL Azure table as the unique record identifier. You are linking multiple tables, you will be prompted to select unique record identifiers for each of the selected tables.
- 9. The linked tables should appear in the **Tables** navigation pane on the left.
- 10.Double-click on the needed table to display its contents.

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#### 4.4 Using in Microsoft Excel

# Connecting to SQL Azure from Microsoft Excel using ODBC Driver for SQL Azure

You can use Microsoft Excel to access data from a SQL Azure database using ODBC connector. With ODBC Driver, you can import the data directly into an Excel Spreadsheet and present it as a table. Make sure that you use matching Excel and ODBC Driver, e.g. if you have installed a 64-bit ODBC Driver, you will need to use the 64-bit version of Excel.

When working with Microsoft Excel, there are different ways of retrieving data from various data sources using our ODBC drivers.

- Connecting Excel to SQL Azure with Get & Transform (Power Query)
- Connecting Excel to SQL Azure with Data Connection Wizard (Legacy Wizard)
- Connecting Excel to SQL Azure with the Query Wizard
- Connecting Excel to SQL Azure with Microsoft Query

Connecting Excel to SQL Azure with PowerPivot

## Connecting Excel to SQL Azure with Get & Transform (Power Query)

You can use Get & Transform (Power Query) to connect to SQL Azure from Excel with ODBC. This method assumes that you've installed an ODBC driver for SQL Azure.

 Click the Data in Excel, then expand the Get Data drop-down list. Click From Other Sources > From ODBC.

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2. In the **From ODBC** dialog, choose your data source name (DSN). If you haven't configured your ODBC driver yet, you can expand the **Advanced Options** dialog box and enter the connection string for your data source (without credentials, which are defined in the credentials dialog box in the next step). Additionally, you can enter an SQL statement that will be executed right after establishing a connection to the data source. Click **OK**.

From ODBC		
Data source name (DSN)		
Devart ODBC Driver	•	
Advanced options		
Connection string (non-creder	tial properties) (optional) 🕕	
Example: Driver={SQL Server}	Server=(local); Database=Adventure Works	
SOL statement (ontional)		
SELECT * FROM MyDatabas	.MyTable;	
SQL statement (optional) SELECT * FROM MyDatabase Supported row reduction claus		

3. If you're using a database username or password, select **Database** and enter your credentials in the dialox bog, then click **Connect**.

	ODBC driver	$\times$
Default or Custom	♦ dsn=Devart ODBC Driver	
Windows	Use a username and password to access a data source with an ODBC driver.	
Database	User name myusername	
	Password  Credential connection string properties (optional) ①	
	Back Connect Cance	I

If your database is not password-protected or you've already specified your credentials in the ODBC data source settings, select **Default or Custom** and press **Connect** 

	ODBC driver ×
Default or Custom	♦ dsn=Devart ODBC Driver
Windows	Don't specify any credentials or only connection string properties.
Database	Credential connection string properties (optional) ①
	Back Connect Cancel

#### 4. In the window that appears, select the table you want to retrieve data from, and click Load.

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Select multiple items		id	first_name	last_name	email	job_ti
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The data from the table will be a displayed in an Excel spreadsheet where you can further work with it.

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3	2	lsis	Krystek	ikrystek1@mayoclinic.com	Chemical Engineer	Victoria
4	3	Addy	Mullinder	amullinder2@fotki.com	Graphic Designer	Tajao
5	4	Eleen	Deshorts	edeshorts3@cdbaby.com	Software Consultant	Petrov
6	5	Missy	Strass	mstrass4@photobucket.com	Compensation Analyst	Meilon
7	6	Sigvard	Huard	shuard5@apache.org	Geologist II	Chayek
8	7	Dahlia	Lennard	dlennard6@webs.com	Clinical Specialist	Cimuno
9	8	Liane	McPheat	Imcpheat7@jigsy.com	Registered Nurse	Bobrov
10	9	Zollie	Verity	zverity8@thetimes.co.uk	Web Designer III	Lincuo
•••	< →	Sheet	Sheet2	Sheet1 (+)		

# Connecting Excel to SQL Azure with Data Connection Wizard (Legacy Wizard)

You can use this option to connect to OLE DB or ODBC external data source that has already been defined.

- 1. In Excel, go to the **Data** tab. Click **From Other Sources**, and then click **From Data Connection Wizard**.
- 2. In the opened dialog, select ODBC DSN and click Next to continue.
- 3. Now select a data source you want to connect to, and click **Next**.
- 4. To connect to the table containing the required data, select its name and click **Next** to enter and save information about your new file or click **Finish**.
- 5. In the **Import data** dialog, you can select the way your data will be viewed in Excel and the place where to put it in the worksheet, and click **OK**.
- 6. The required data is now displayed in the existing Excel worksheet.

## Connecting Excel to SQL Azure with the Query Wizard

You can use this option to create a simple query for retrieving data from SQL Azure to Excel

via ODBC driver.

- 1. Open Excel, in the main menu, click the **Data** tab.
- 2. Click the From Other Sources dropdown menu, and then click From Microsoft Query.
- 3. In the appeared dialog, you can choose the data source you want to connect to.
- 4. After a successful connection, you can select the data you want to be displayed in Excel and click **Next**.
- 5. The next two steps allow filtering and sorting the data. Click **Next** to skip these procedures.
- 6. If you plan to further use the query, you can save it by clicking the **Save** button on the right.
- 7. Select Return Data To Microsoft Excel and click Finish.
- 8. In the **Import data** dialog, you can select the way your data will be viewed in Excel and the place where to put it in the worksheet, and click **OK**.
- 9. The required data is successfully imported to Excel.

### Connecting Excel to SQL Azure with Microsoft Query

You can use this option to create a more complex query for retrieving SQL Azure data to Excel via ODBC driver.

- 1. Start Excel, click the **Data** tab.
- 2. In the appeared ribbon, click From Other Sources, and then click From Microsoft Query.
- In the next dialog, choose the data source you want to connect to (e.g., using data source name - Devart ODBC SQL Azure). Uncheck Use the Query Wizard to Create/Edit Queries and click OK.
- 4. Now you can select the tables you want to add to your query. When you finish, just click the **Add** button.
- 5. In the graphical editor, you can filter rows or columns of data, sort data, join multiple tables, create a parameter query, etc.

### Connecting Excel to SQL Azure with PowerPivot

You can use PowerPivot - an Excel add-in to perform data analysis and create complex data models. To load the required data, do the following:

1. In Excel, click the **PowerPivot** tab, then click **Manage** to go to the PowerPivot window.

- 2. In the opened window, click From Other Sources.
- 3. When the Table Import Wizard opens, select Others (OLEDB/ODBC) and click Next.
- 4. In the **Specify a Connection String** window, click the **Build** button.
- 5. In the **Data Link Properties** dialog, specify the data source you want to connect (e.g., using data source name Devart ODBC SQL Azure), and then click **Next**.
- 6. Now you should choose how to import the data (either select a table from the list or write a query to specify the data to be imported).
- 7. When the Import operation succeeded, click the **Close** button. The retrieved data is inserted in the active worksheet.

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#### 4.5 Using in SQL Server Management Studio

This section describes how to establish and troubleshoot a connection to SQL Azure from SQL Server Management Studio using ODBC Driver for SQL Azure.

- Creating a Linked Server
- Troubleshooting in SSMS

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#### 4.5.1 Creating a Linked Server

### Requirements

In order to avoid incorrect integration with MS SSMS, the working environment must meet the following conditions:

- The data source must be a configured system DSN. Refer to the <u>Driver Configuration</u> article to learn how to configure a System DSN
- The driver, studio, and SQL Server must be of the same bitness. For example, if you are using 64-bit SQL Server Management Studio on 64-bit Windows platform, then configure the 64-bit version of the driver using ODBC Administrator launched from %windir%

\system32\odbcad32.exe. Otherwise, configure the driver using the 32-bit version of ODBC Administrator - launch it from %windir%\SysWOW64\odbcad32.exe.

- ODBC Driver for SQL Azure and SQL Server must be installed on the same computer.
- .NET Framework 4.5 must be installed on the computer.

## Connecting to SQL Azure from SQL Server Management Studio using ODBC Driver for SQL Azure

You can use the Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio to connect your SQL Azure data to an SQL Server instance. Linked Server is a tool of MS SQL Server that allows to execute distributed queries to refer tables stored on non-SQL Server datbase in a single query. With linked servers, you can execute commands against different data sources such as SQL Azure and merge them with your SQL Server database. You can create a linked server with one of these methods: by using the options in the Object Explorer or by executing stored procedures.

Below are major advantages of using SQL Server Linked Servers to connect to SQL Azure:

- 1. The ability to connect other database instances on the same or remote server.
- 2. The ability to run distributed queries on heterogeneous data sources across the organization.
- 3. The ability to work with diverse data sources in the same way.

## How to configure a SQL Server Linked Server to connect to SQL Azure

You can follow the steps to create a linked server for SQL Azure in SQL Server Management Studio by using Object Explorer:

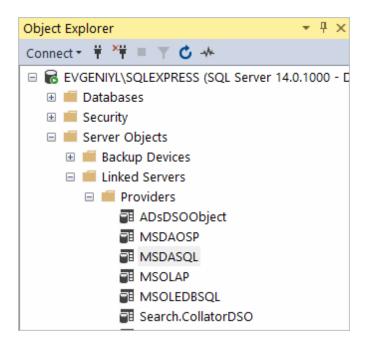
- 1. Start your Management Studio and choose your SQL Server instance.
- In the Object Explorer pane, expand the Server Objects, right-click on Linked Servers and then click on New Linked Server.
- 3. Configure your linked server in the dialog box:
  - Give a name for your server in the Linked server field.
  - Under Server type, select Other data source .

- Choose Microsoft OLE DB Provider for ODBC Drivers in the Provider drop-down list.
- In the Data source field, enter the name of your DSN, e.g. Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure . Alternatively, you can input the ODBC Driver connection string in the Provider field.

The linked server will appear under the Linked Servers in the Object Explorer Pane. You can now issue distributed queries and access SQL Azure databases through SQL Server.

## Retrieving Data From SQL Azure

Ensure the **Allow inprocess option** of MSDASQL OLE DB Provider for ODBC Drivers is enabled. For this, find the **MSDASQL** provider in the list of Linked Servers and double-click on it



In the appeared Provider Options window, enable the Allow inprocess checkbox:

Select a page	🗖 Script 💌 🧉	Help							
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Create a new Linked Server

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Make sure to select Microsoft OLE DB Provider for ODBC Drivers:

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Now you need to input the Linked Server name, e.g. SQLAZURE. In the Product Name and Data Source fields you need to indicate the System DSN that you've previously created - more info on System DSN setup can be found <u>here</u>.

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The SQL Azure tables are already available to be fetched. To query the linked server, click **New Query** in the toolbar:

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Enter your SQL query in the editor window and click **Execute** to run the query:

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	7	8	Liane	McPheat	Imcpheat7@jigsy.com	Registered Nurse	Bobrovka

As a result, you can see the contents of the selected table retrieved directly from the SQL

Azure account you are connected to.

### See also

Troubleshooting SSMS

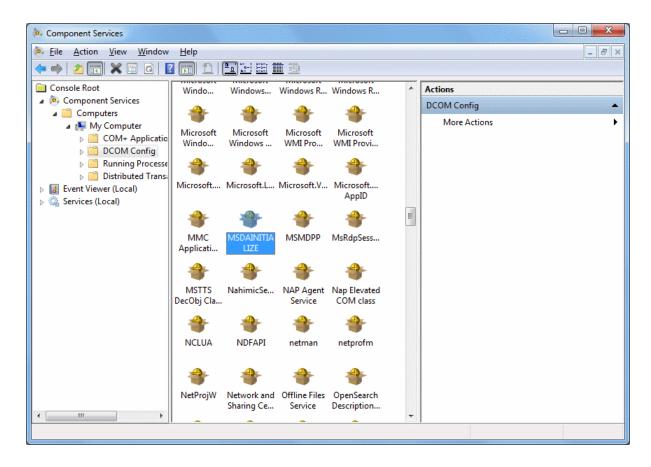
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#### 4.5.2 Troubleshooting in SSMS

When creating a linked server in SSMS, most errors happen due to security issues with DCOM class MSDAINITIALIZE. We need to alter the DCOM Class MSDAINITIALIZE security settings to make it work.

Following are the steps:

- 1. Open Component Services (Start>Run>DCOMCNFG)
- 2. Expand Component Services>Computers>My Computer>DCOM Config
- 3. From the list of DCOM components on the right side, select **MSDAINITIALIZE** and go to its properties:



4. Go to the Security Tab, Choose 'Customize' and click on the 'Edit' Button:

MSDAINITIALIZE Properties	? ×
General Location Security Endpoints Identity	
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OK Car	Apply

- 5. Add the Domain User who is accessing the linked server and 'Allow' all the permissions available (Local Launch, Remote Launch, Local Activation, Remote Activation). If you are connecting to SQL server using SQL account, you need to provide this permission to the account under which the SQL service is running.
- 6. Do this for all the 3 sections in the above screenshot.

To edit the Security settings, we followed the below steps:

- 1. Start > Run > Regedit
- 2. Find the Key: HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Classes\AppID\{2206CDB0-19C1-11D1-89E0-00C04FD7A829}

3. Right Click>Permissions>Advanced>Owner Tab:

Advanced Security Settings for {2206CDB0-19C1-11D1-89E0-00C04FD7A829}
Permissions Auditing Owner Effective Permissions
You can take or assign ownership of this object if you have the required permissions or privileges.
<u>C</u> urrent owner:
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Change owner to:
Name
Administrators ( \Administrators)
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Other users or groups
Replace owner on subcontainers and objects
Learn about object ownership
OK Cancel Apply

- 4. Change the owner to Administrators.
- 5. Now, grant 'Full Control' to Administrators:

Permissions for (2206CDB0-19	C1-11D1-89E0-	00C04F
Security		
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Permissions for Administrators	Allow	Deny
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For special permissions or advance click Advanced.	ed settings,	Ad <u>v</u> anced
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ОК	Cancel	Apply

After this you should be able to edit MSDAINITIALIZE security settings .

### See also

• Error message when you try to create an instance of an OLE DB provider in SQL Server: "Cannot create an instance of OLE DB provider"

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### 4.6 Using in Omnis Studio

When using ODBC Driver for SQL Azure in Omnis Studio as a data source, Omnis Studio does not display tables and other objects from dbo schema (it considers them as system ones). To solve the issue, do the following:

1. After creating a session using Session Manager, in the SQL Browser tab, click **Options**.

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2. In the opened dialog, check **Include System objects** and click **Save**.

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1 object(s), 0 selected	

In this case, all the required tables and objects will be displayed by Omnis Studio.

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#### 4.7 Using in OpenOffice and LibreOffice

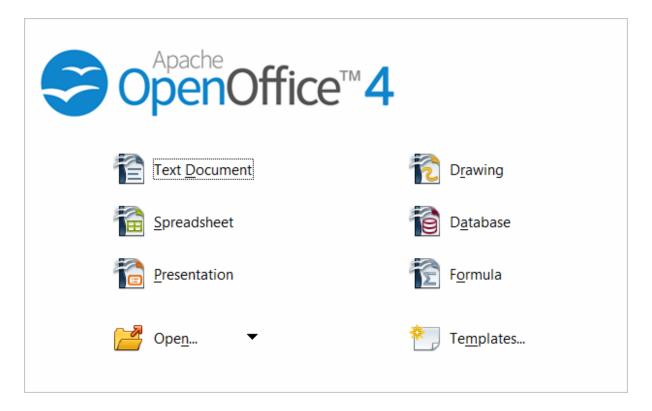
# Connecting to SQL Azure from OpenOffice and LibreOffice using ODBC Driver for SQL Azure

The article describes how to use Apache OpenOffice and LibreOffice to access ODBC data sources using the respective driver. You can access SQL Azure data from Open Office Base or LibreOffice Base — desktop database management systems. Note that the Windows version of OpenOffice is 32-bit, and you may get the error "The specified DSN contains an

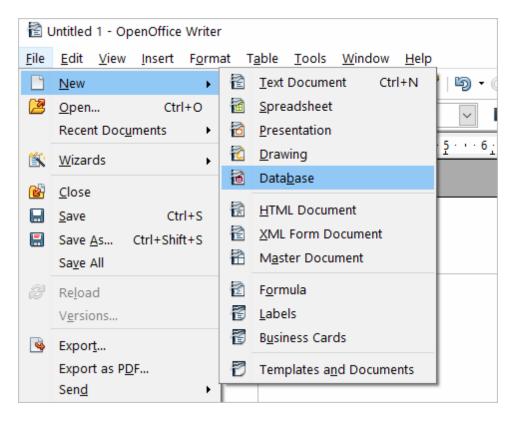
architecture mismatch between the Driver and Application" when trying to access a data source through a 64-bit ODBC Driver. To get rid of the error message, set up the 32-bit version of the driver.

To connect to an ODBC data source from OpenOffice or LibreOffice using our <u>driver for SQL</u> Azure, perform the steps below:

1. Start OpenOffice or LibreOffice, click **Database** to open the **Database Wizard**.



Alternatively, you can launch the **Database Wizard** from OpenOffice or LibreOffice Calc, Writer or any other tool by choosing **File > New > Database**.



2. In the **Database Wizard dialog box**, click **Connect to an existing database**, select **ODBC** from the drop-down list, and click **Next**.

Database Wizard	×
<u>Steps</u>	Welcome to the OpenOffice Database Wizard
<ol> <li>Select database</li> <li>Set up ODBC connection</li> <li>Set up user authentication</li> <li>Save and proceed</li> </ol>	Use the Database Wizard to create a new database, open an existing database file, or connect to a database stored on a server.
	What do you want to do? O Create a n <u>e</u> w database O Open an existing database file Recently used New Database2 Open © Connect to an existing database
Help	ODBC ✓ << Back Next >> Einish Cancel

Specify the name of the data source you want to connect to. You can either type the name of your data source into the field, e.g. ODBC Driver for SQL Azure, or you can click Browse, double-click the data source you need, and then click Next.

Database Wizard	×
<u>Steps</u>	Set up a connection to an ODBC database
<ol> <li>Select database</li> <li>Set up ODBC connection</li> <li>Set up user authentication</li> <li>Save and proceed</li> </ol>	Enter the name of the ODBC database you want to connect to. Click 'Browse' to select an ODBC database that is already registered in OpenOffice. Please contact your system administrator if you are unsure about the following settings.
	Name <u>o</u> f the ODBC data source on your system           Browse

Data Source	×
<u>C</u> hoose a data source:	ОК
Devart ODBC Driver Devart ODBC Driver for SQLite_32	Cancel
Devart ODBC Driver_32bit ODBC Driver for MySQL_32bit	<u>H</u> elp
	<u>O</u> rganize

Database Wizard	×
<u>Steps</u>	Set up a connection to an ODBC database
<ol> <li>Select database</li> <li>Set up ODBC connection</li> <li>Set up user authentication</li> <li>Save and proceed</li> </ol>	Enter the name of the ODBC database you want to connect to. Click 'Browse' to select an ODBC database that is already registered in OpenOffice. Please contact your system administrator if you are unsure about the following settings.
	Name <u>o</u> f the ODBC data source on your system
	Devart ODBC Driver_32bit
<u>H</u> elp	<< Back <u>N</u> ext >> <u>F</u> inish Cancel

4. If your database requires a user name, type it into the **User name** field. If you are connecting to a password protected database, check the **Password required** field.

Alternatively, you can specify these parameters in the data source settings of your ODBC

Driver for SQL Azure and leave these fields empty in **Database Wizard**.

Database Wizard				×
<u>Steps</u>	Set up the user authe	ntication		
1.Select database	Some databases requi	re you to enter a user	name.	
2. Set up ODBC connection				
3. Set up user authentication				
4. Save and proceed	<u>U</u> ser name	myuserna	me	
		Passwo	rd re <u>q</u> uired	
				Test Connection
Help	<< Bac <u>k</u>	<u>N</u> ext >>	<u>F</u> inish	Cancel

To test the connection to your data source, click **Test Connection**, input your credentials and click **OK**.

Database Wizard		×
Steps	Authentication Required X	1
<ol> <li>Select database</li> <li>Set up ODBC connection</li> <li>Set up user authentication</li> </ol>	Message from server: A password is needed to connect to the data source .	
4. Save and proceed	Enter user name and password for:	
	<u>U</u> ser name	
	Pass <u>w</u> ord	
	******	
	Help OK Cancel	Test Connection
<u>H</u> elp	<< Back <u>N</u> ext >> Einish	Cancel

If you have entered valid credentials, you will see a success message. Click **Next** to proceed to the final step.

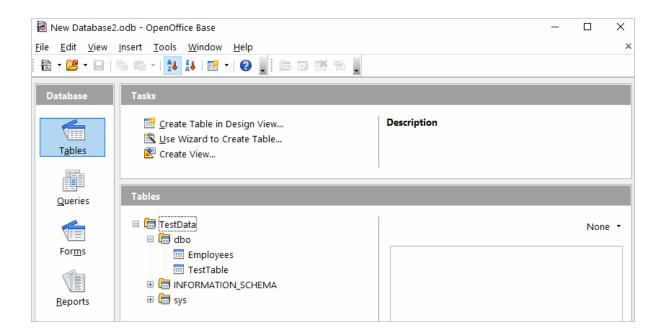
5. You can keep the default selection in this dialog box and click **Finish**.

Database Wizard	>
<u>Steps</u>	Decide how to proceed after saving the database
<ol> <li>Select database</li> <li>Set up ODBC connection</li> <li>Set up user authentication</li> <li>Save and proceed</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Do you want the wizard to register the database in OpenOffice?</li> <li>● Yes, register the database for me</li> <li>○ No, do not register the database</li> <li>After the database file has been saved, what do you want to do?</li> <li>○ Open the database for editing</li> <li>○ Create tables using the table wizard</li> <li>Click 'Finish' to save the database.</li> </ul>
<u>H</u> elp	<< Back <u>N</u> ext >> <u>Finish</u> Cancel

You will be prompted to give a name to your new database and select the directory where you want to store it.

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💻 This PC	^ Name	^		Date modified	Туре
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👆 Downloads					
👌 Music					
📧 Pictures					
📑 Videos					
🏪 Local Disk (C:)	)				
🕳 New Volume	(E 🗸 <				>
File name:	New Database				~
Save as type: (	ODF Database				~
		Automatic fi	le name		
∧ Hide Folders		extension		Save	Cancel

6. When the database opens, you will see the list of tables from your data source diplayed in OpenOffice or LibreOffice Base workspace. To view the data from a specific table, double-click the table name.



9	TestData	.dbo.Employees	- New Database23	- OpenOffice Base: Table Data V	/iew	_	
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	id	first_name	last_name	email	job_title	city	university
	1	Janek	Ardern	jardern0@va.gov	Electrical Engineer	Buayan	Universidad (
	2	Isis	Krystek	ikrystek1@mayoclinic.com	Chemical Engineer	Victoria	University of I
	3	Addy	Mullinder	amullinder2@fotki.com	Graphic Designer	Тајао	Luxun Acader
	4	Eleen	Deshorts	edeshorts3@cdbaby.com	Software Consultant	Petrov	Universite de
	5	Missy	Strass	mstrass4@photobucket.com	Compensation Analyst	Meilong	Kwansei Gaku
	6	Sigvard	Huard	shuard5@apache.org	Geologist II	Chayek	Chittagong U
	7	Dahlia	Lennard	dlennard6@webs.com	Clinical Specialist	Cimuncang	Rajitlal Institut
	8	Liane	McPheat	Imcpheat7@jigsy.com	Registered Nurse	Bobrovka	Miles College
	9	Zollie	Verity	zverity8@thetimes.co.uk	Web Designer III	Lincuo	Kilimanjaro C
	10	Tonia	Mathey	tmathey9@amazon.de	Senior Financial Analyst	Maslog	Bushehr Unive
	11	Anni	Burch	aburcha@nbcnews.com	Computer Systems Analyst	Kinalaglagan	University of I
	12	Malory	Youthed	myouthedb@stanford.edu	Software Test Engineer II	Bergen op Zo	Ecole d'Archit
	13	Roda	Hartford	rhartfordc@chron.com	Software Test Engineer I	Batobato	National Univ

7. To create an SQL query, click **Queries** in the **Database** pane, then click **Create Query in SQL View...** 

🗟 New Database.c	odb - OpenOffice Base	_
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew	Insert <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp	
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Database	Tasks	
T <u>a</u> bles	<ul> <li>Create Query in Design View</li> <li>Use Wizard to Create Query</li> <li>Create Query in SQL View</li> </ul>	<b>Description</b> Create a query entering an SQL statement dire
Queries	Queries	1
For <u>m</u> s		

Enter your query in the query text box and click **Run Query (F5)**. The date will be fetched from the database and displayed in Open Office or LibreOffice, respectively.

9	New D	atabase2.odb :	: Query1 - Ope	nOffice Base: Query Design			- 🗆 X
<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit	<u>V</u> iew <u>I</u> nser	t <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> ir	ndow <u>H</u> elp			
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	id	first_name	last_name	email	job_title	city	university
	1	Janek	Ardern	jardern0@va.gov	Electrical Engineer	Buayan	Universidad Central de Baya
	2	Isis	Krystek	ikrystek1@mayoclinic.com	Chemical Engineer	Victoria	University of Bahrain
	3	Addy	Mullinder	amullinder2@fotki.com	Graphic Designer	Tajao	Luxun Academy of Fine Art
	4	Eleen	Deshorts	edeshorts3@cdbaby.com	Software Consultant	Petrov	Universite de la Reunion
	5	Missy	Strass	mstrass4@photobucket.com	Compensation Analys	Meilong	Kwansei Gakuin University
	6	Sigvard	Huard	shuard5@apache.org	Geologist II	Chayek	Chittagong University of En
	7	Dahlia	Lennard	dlennard6@webs.com	Clinical Specialist	Cimuncang	Rajitlal Institute of Technolo
	8	Liane	McPheat	Imcpheat7@jigsy.com	Registered Nurse	Bobrovka	Miles College
	9	Zollie	Verity	zverity8@thetimes.co.uk	Web Designer III	Lincuo	Kilimanjaro Christian Medic
	10	Tonia	Mathey	tmathey9@amazon.de	Senior Financial Analy	Maslog	Bushehr University of Medic
	11	Anni	Burch	aburcha@nbcnews.com	Computer Systems Ar	Kinalaglagan	University of Houston
	12	Malory	Youthed	myouthedb@stanford.edu	Software Test Engine	Bergen op Zoom	Ecole d'Architecture de Nar
	13	Roda	Hartford	rhartfordc@chron.com	Software Test Engine	Batobato	National University of Laos
	14	Donall	Cheverton	dchevertond@weather.com	Payment Adjustment (	Ostrov	Kagawa University
	15	Roscoe	Wainman	rwainmane@squidoo.com	Sales Representative	Cijoho	Meijo University
eco	rd 1	of	22				>
EL	ECT *	FROM Emplo	yees;				

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### 4.8 Using in PHP

# Connecting to SQL Azure from PHP using ODBC Driver for SQL Azure

PHP is one of the most popular programming languages for website development. ODBC drivers are connectors that make PHP development database agnostic — your software written in PHP will function with any vendor's database management system. You can use functions like odbc\_exec() to prepare and execute SQL statements against any databases like MySQL, SQLite, PostgreSQL, etc.

PHP-based projects usually require a data storage, whether a traditional database or a cloudbased database. You can establish a connection to them using ODBC interface. With our ODBC drivers, you can access various data sources and retrieve tables and fields from a database.

Below is a sample PHP script for accessing SQL Azure via ODBC. The script <u>connects to</u> <u>SQL Azure database</u> and fetches all records from a table:

#### Step 1: Connect to ODBC data source

The *odbc\_connect()* function is used to connect to an ODBC data source. Note that the function takes three mandatory parameters: the data source name, username and password. If your database is not password-protected or doesn't require a username, leave these parameters empty. In the following example, a connection is established using the *odbc\_connect()* function in PHP.

```
<?php

$user = "myusername";

$password = "mypassword";

$ODBCConnection = odbc_connect("DRIVER={Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure
```

#### Step 2: Execute an SQL statement

If connection is successful, the *odbc\_exec()* function is used to execute a SELECT statement against the *dept* table in the *autotest* database.

```
$SQLQuery = "SELECT * FROM autotest.dept";
$RecordSet = odbc_exec($ODBCConnection, $SQLQuery);
```

#### Step 3: Print the result set

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The *odbc\_fetch\_row()* function is used to return records from the result set. While *odbc\_fetch\_row()* returns rows, the *odbc\_result\_set()* function prints a set of result in HTML table. After all rows from the result set have been printed, the *odbc\_close()* function closes the connection.

You can modify this script by specifying general settings for each Devart ODBC driver to use any of them with your PHP projects.

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### 4.9 Using in Power BI

# Importing SQL Azure Data into Power BI Through an ODBC Connection

Power BI is a popular business intelligence solution that is comprised of services, apps, and connectors that allow you to pull raw data from various sources and create meaningful reports. To connect Power BI to a data source such as SQL Azure, you can use a corresponding ODBC driver.

This tutorial explores how to connect to SQL Azure and <u>import data</u> into Power BI Desktop using an ODBC driver. It is assumed that you have already installed and configured a DSN for ODBC driver for SQL Azure.

- 1. Run Power BI Desktop and click Get Data.
- 2. Select the **Other** category in the **Get Data** dialog box, then select **ODBC**. Click **Connect** to confirm the choice.
- 3. In the **From ODBC** dialog box, expand the **Data Source Name (DSN)** drop-down list and select the previously configured DSN for SQL Azure
- 4. If you would like to enter a SQL statement to narrow down the returned results, click the Advanced options arrow, which expands the dialog box, and type or paste your SQL statement.

- 5. Click **OK**. If your data source is password-protected, Power BI will prompt you for user credentials. Type your **Username** and **Password** in the respective fields and click.
- 6. Now you should see the data structures in your data source. You can preview the contents of the database objects by clicking on them.
- 7. To load the SQL Azure data into Power BI for analysis, select the needed table and click **Load**.

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### 4.10 Using in Python

## Installing the ODBC Driver for SQL Azure

One of the most convenient methods to connect to an external database or access cloud data from Python is via ODBC. Devart has developed a range of ODBC Drivers for Python to work with databases and cloud services.

If you don't have Python installed on your machine, go to the Python official website, download the appropriate installer and run it. You will also need to install the **pyodbc** module — the easiest way to do that is by using the *pip install pyodbc* command in the Python interactive mode. Next, you need to <u>download the ODBC Driver</u> for SQL Azure. To use the ODBC driver as a translation layer between the application and the database, you need to configure it by following the installation instructions.

# Connecting to SQL Azure from Python using ODBC Driver for SQL Azure

Here's an example to show you how to <u>connect to SQL Azure</u> via Devart ODBC Driver in Python. First we import the pyodbc module, then create a connection to the database, insert a new row and read the contents of the EMP table while printing each row to the Python interactive console. To execute the script, you can type the code directly in the interactive console or add the code to a file with the .py extension and run the file from the command prompt.

#### Step 1: Connect

import pyodbc cnxn = pyodbc.connect('DRIVER={Devart ODBC Driver for SQLAzure};Server=myser

#### Step 2: Insert a row

Here's a simple example of how to execute an *insert* statement to test the connection to the database. The script inserts a new record to the EMP table.

```
cursor = cnxn.cursor()
cursor.execute("INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR) VALUES (535, 'Scott
```

#### Step 3: Execute query

The *cursor.execute()* function retrieves rows from the *select* query on a dataset. The *cursor.fetchone()* function iterates over the result set returned by *cursor.execute()* while the *print()* function prints out all records from the table to the console.

<pre>cursor = cnxn.cur cursor.execute("s row = cursor.fetc</pre>	SELECT * FROM EMI	P")	
while row:			
print (row) row = cursor.fet	chone()		
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### 4.11 Using in QlikView

# Connecting to SQL Azure from QlikView using ODBC Driver for SQL Azure

This tutorial describes how to connect and configure QlikView to retrieve data from SQL Azure for further analysis. QlikView is a data visualization tool that connects and pulls data from different popular databases like MySQL, MongoDB, Oracle, SQL Server, Postgres, etc. to present it in a single view. The business intelligence platform identifies relationships in your data and discovers patterns and opportunities to support your decision making.

QlikView supports the ODBC connectivity interface for communication with external data sources. An ODBC data source must be configured for the database you want to access. You can create an ODBC connection using a DSN during the ODBC driver installation or later.

To connect to an ODBC data source from QlikView using our driver for SQL Azure, perform the steps below:

 Open the QlikView client application and click File > New. Close the Getting Started wizard and open File > Edit Script (CTRL+E).

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	Mail as Attachme	ent									
	Mail with Bookma	ark as a Link									
8	Print	Ctrl+I									
For	Print as PDF	Ctrl+Shift+I									
	Print Sheet										
<u>d</u> ,	Print Preview										
	Source Control		•								
	Export		•								
2	Edit Script	Ctrl+I									

2. In the Data tab, choose ODBC from the Database drop-down and click Connect. Select the Data Source you created earlier, type in the User ID and Password if your database is password-protected. You can test the connection by choosing Test Connection. The Connection Test succeeded message should appear. Click OK to connect to your data source.

Edit Script [QV1]	- 🗆	×
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3. To retrieve the data from your data source, you can enter an SQL query and press **F5**. You will be suggested to choose fields to be displayed.

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university			Add All >> ≤ Remove		

4. Alternatively, you can click **Select**, and QlikView will show you the database structure window where you can compose a SELECT statement for the data to be fetched. You can choose a different database from the database drop-down list. Select the necessary tables

and fields. You can retrieve date from multiple tables and fields by selecting them and clicking **Add**. When you are ready with your SELECT statement, click **OK**. You will get back to the main script editor with your SQL statement. Press **F5** to execute the script and select the fields to be displayed in QlikView.

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Data source	ODBC Driver for SQL Azure				Con	nnect	
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5. Once the data has been fetched, you can choose a table layout to present the data in a table. Choose Layout > New Sheet Object > Table Box. Select the fields to be added to the tablebox and click OK.

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Main						
						县 XL 🗕 🗄
city 🛆	email	first_name	id job_title	last_name	university	
Batobato	rhartfordc@chron.com	Roda	13 Software Test Engineer I	Hartford	National University of Laos	
Bergen op Zoom	myouthedb@stanford.edu	Malory	12 Software Test Engineer II	Youthed	Ecole d'Architecture de Nancy	
Bigiao	ltumiltyf@ihg.com	Loleta	16 Cost Accountant	Tumilty	University of Texas Pan American	
Bobrovka	Imcpheat7@jigsy.com	Liane	8 Registered Nurse	McPheat	Miles College	
Buayan	jardern0@va.gov	Janek	1 Electrical Engineer	Ardern	Universidad Central de Bayamon	
Chayek	shuard5@apache.org	Sigvard	6 Geologist II	Huard	Chittagong University of Engineering and Technology	
Cijoho	rwainmane@squidoo.com	Roscoe	15 Sales Representative	Wainman	Meijo University	
Cimuncang	dlennard6@webs.com	Dahlia	7 Clinical Specialist	Lennard	Rajitlal Institute of Technology & Health Sciences (RITHS)	
Fengshan	mkleinmanni@mit.edu	Marietta	19 Engineer II	Kleinmann	Central Michigan University	
Kinalaglagan	aburcha@nbcnews.com	Anni	11 Computer Systems Analyst IV	Burch	University of Houston	
Lincuo	zverity8@thetimes.co.uk	Zollie	9 Web Designer III	Verity	Kilimanjaro Christian Medical College	
Maslog	tmathey9@amazon.de	Tonia	10 Senior Financial Analyst	Mathey	Bushehr University of Medical Sciences	
Meilong	mstrass4@photobucket.com	Missy	5 Compensation Analyst	Strass	Kwansei Gakuin University	
Ostrov	dchevertond@weather.com	Donall	14 Payment Adjustment Coordinato	Cheverton	Kagawa University	
Petrov	edeshorts3@cdbaby.com	Eleen	4 Software Consultant	Deshorts	Universite de la Reunion	
Qelez	jmievillel@cbc.ca	Jasper	22 Environmental Specialist	Mieville	Russian State Hydrometeorological University	
Sandacho	lshobbrookh@soup.io	Liuka	18 Design Engineer	Shobbrook	University of New England	
Skelivka	pfaloonk@nasa.gov	Patience	21 General Manager	Faloon	Universidad Adventista de Colombia	
Taiao	amullinder2@fotki.com	Addv	3 Graphic Designer	Mullinder	Luxun Academy of Fine Art	

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## 4.12 Using in SSIS

SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS) is a component of SQL Server that is designed to perform various data migration tasks. When using Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure as a

translation layer between the data source and SSIS, the driver and SSIS communicate via Microsoft ODBC version 3.x.

Note that when you extract data from an ODBC data source using the SQLExecDirect function, an issue may occur: SSIS expects the ODBC 2.x behavior, while the ODBC driver continues to fetch data from a data source via ODBC version 3.x. To prevent any issues when using SQLExecDirect, you should force the ODBC 2.x behavior in the DSN settings: open the Advanced Settings tab and select Ver 2.x from the ODBC Behavior dropdown.

Devart ODBC D	river Configurati	on		$\times$	
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Connection					
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Owner let			0-	reade	
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No. Particle Resol	200				
Compatibility					
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String Types	Default		-	~	
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### 4.13 Using in Tableau

This section describes how to establish and troubleshoot a connection to SQL Azure from Tableau using ODBC Driver for SQL Azure.

- Using in Tableau
- Troubleshooting in Tableau on macOS

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#### 4.13.1 Using in Tableau

## Importing SQL Azure Data Into Tableau Through an ODBC Connection

This article explains to establish and ODBC connection to SQL Azure from Tableau Desktop. Tableau is a data visualization tool that allows you to pull in raw data, perform analysis on it, and create meaningful reports to get actionable insights. With Tableau Desktop and our suite of <u>ODBC drivers</u>, you can connect to various relational and non-relational databases, both cloud and on-premise.

- 1. Run Tableau Desktop.
- 2. On the start page, select **More...** in the **Connect** pane.
- 3. Choose Other Databases (ODBC).
- 4. Expand the **DSN** drop-down list and select the DSN that you have created and configured for SQL Azure. Alternatively, if you have not created a DSN, you can choose the **Driver** option and select Devart ODBC Driver for SQL Azure from the drop-down.
- 5. Click Connect.

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- 6. After a successful connection, click Sign in.
- 7. Select the needed database and schema in SQL Azure.
- 8. You should see the list of all tables you have access to in the connected data source.
- Drag-and-drop the table name to the area where it says **Drag tables here** to retrieve the data, or click **New Custom SQL** to write a query that will select only specific data from the table.
- 10. Hit **Update Now** to retrieve and display the data.

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### 4.13.2 Troubleshooting in Tableau on macOS

## Troubleshooting ODBC Connection in Tableau on macOS

The iODBC driver manager incorrectly handles the SQL\_WCHAR and SQL\_WVARCHAR ODBC data types. To work with these data types in Tableau, create a Tableau Datasource Customization (.tdc) file in 'Users\[your name]\Documents\My Tableau Repository \Datasources\' — for example, devart-sqlazure.tdc, and add the following capabilities to the file: