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1 What's New

New features in ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics 2.0

- Added a graphical interface for configuring the driver on macOS and Linux
- Added support for the Bearer Token authentication when using an HTTP tunnel
- Improved compatibility with Node.js
- Improved compatibility with Tableau
- Improved compatibility with Vectorworks

New features in ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics 1.2

- Fixed connection timeout setting before opening connection
- Improved compatibility with FileMaker Server for Ubuntu
- Improved compatibility with FileMaker Server for MacOS
- Added support for macOS 13 Ventura
- Added support for SQL_ATTR_MAX_ROWS attribute
- Improved compatibility with Visual Basic in Visual Studio
- Improved compatibility with 4D in macOS

New features in ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics 1.0

- Initial release of ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics
- Windows 32-bit is supported
- Windows 64-bit is supported
- macOS x64-bit and ARM (Apple Silicon M1) is supported
- Linux x86-bit and x64-bit is supported

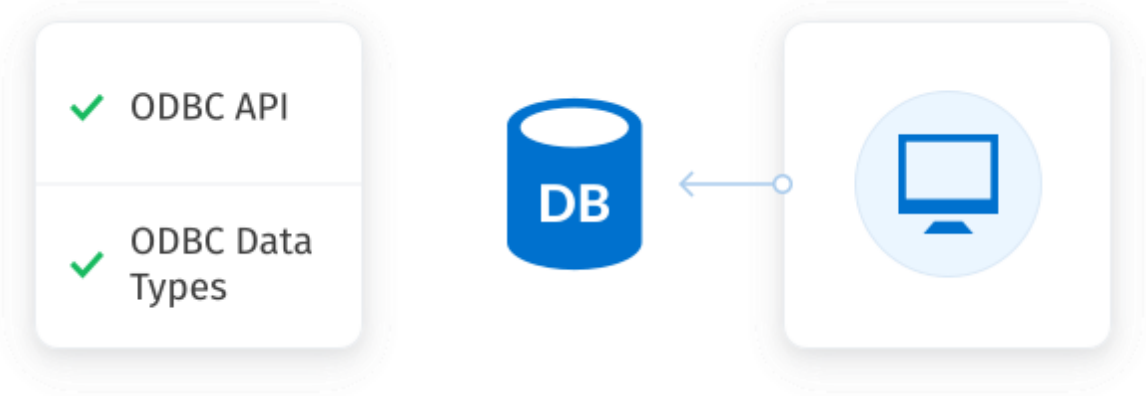
2 General Information

1. Overview
2. Features
3. Compatibility
4. Requirements
5. Licensing
6. Getting Support

2.1 Overview

Overview

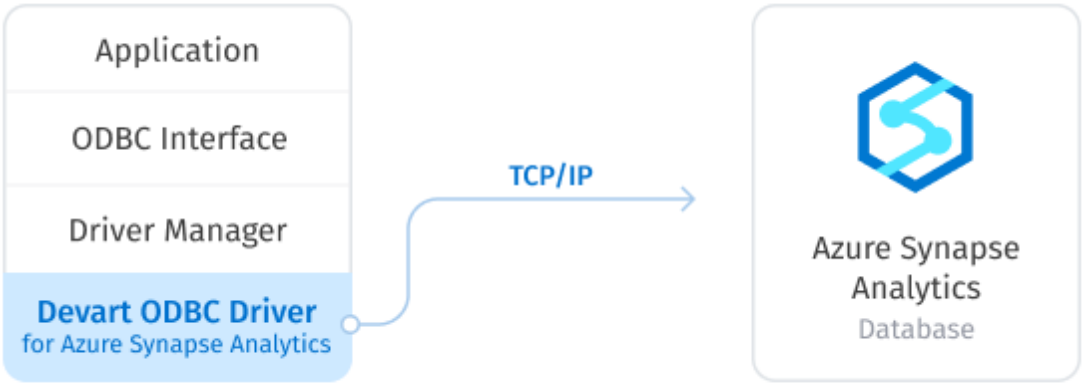
Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics Server is a high-performance connectivity solution with enterprise-level features for accessing Azure Synapse Analytics (formerly Azure Azure Synapse Analytics Data Warehouse) databases from ODBC-compliant reporting, analytics, BI, and ETL tools on both 32-bit and 64-bit Windows, macOS, and Linux. Our ODBC driver fully supports standard ODBC API functions and data types and enables easy and secure access to live Azure Synapse Analytics Server data from anywhere.



Direct connection

Our data connector enables various ODBC-aware applications to establish a direct connection to Azure Synapse Analytics via TCP/IP to eliminate the need for Azure Synapse Analytics Client. Direct connection increases the speed of data transmission between an

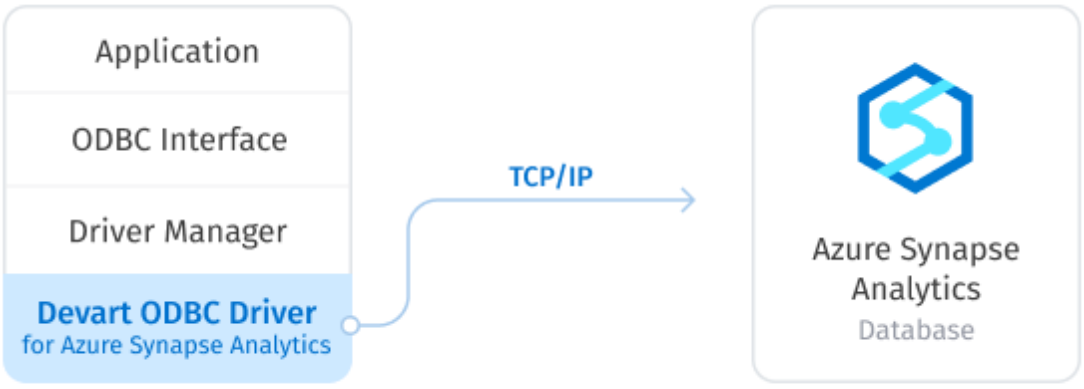
external application and Azure Synapse Analytics for real-time analytics. It also streamlines the deployment process, since there is no need to distribute any additional client software with the driver.



Compatibility

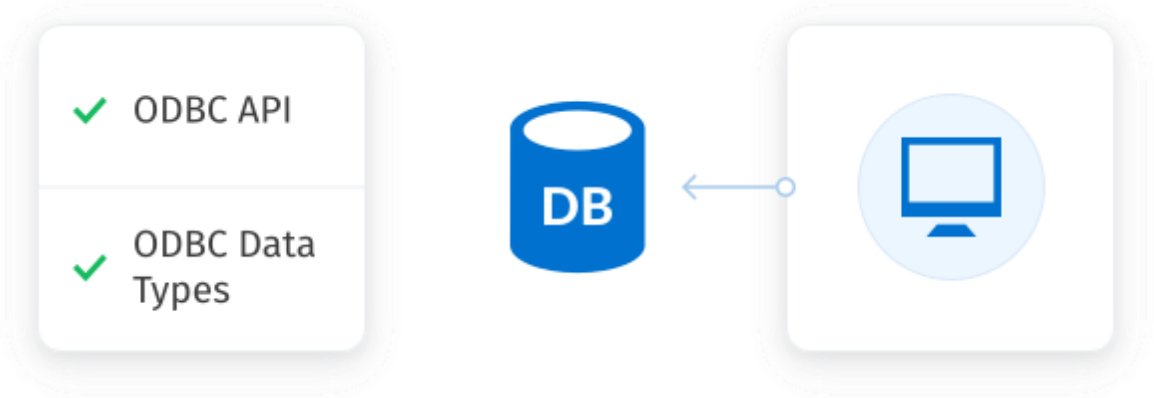
ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics fully supports all data types and allows executing various Azure Synapse Analytics statements to read and modify data in Azure Synapse Analytics.

2.2 Features



Direct Connection

Database applications based on our solution get an opportunity to establish connection to Azure Synapse Analytics directly via TCP/IP. That improves performance of your applications, their quality, reliability and especially the deployment process, since there is no need to supply additional client software together with your application.

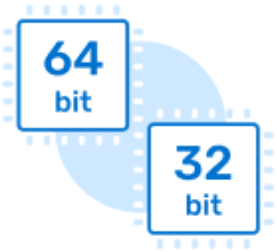


ODBC Conformance

Our ODBC driver provides full support for common ODBC interface:

- ODBC Data Types support
- ODBC API Functions support

In addition, we provide support for Advanced Connection String parameters. Thus allowing any desktop and web applications to connect to Azure Synapse Analytics from various environments and platforms, that support ODBC.



Development Platforms Variety

ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics doesn't limit your choice of the development

platform and environment. The driver installations are available for various operational systems and platforms. The current version supports Windows, macOS, Linux, both 32-bit and 64-bit. So you can develop both 32-bit and 64-bit cross-platform applications.

Database Compatibility

ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics supports Azure Synapse Analytics cloud databases.

High Performance

All our products are designed to help you write high-performance, lightweight data access layers, therefore they use advanced data access algorithms and techniques of optimization.

Support

Visit our Support page to get instant help from knowledgeable and experienced professionals, a quick resolution of your problems, and nightly builds with hotfixes.

2.3 Compatibility

Supported Platforms

- Windows x86 and x64 (including Windows Terminal Server)
- macOS x64 and ARM (Apple Silicon M1)
- Linux x86 and x64

Compatibility with Third-Party Tools

Application Development Tools

Adobe ColdFusion	✓
Embarcadero Delphi & C++Builder UniDAC, FireDAC, dbGo (ADO), BDE and dbExpress	✓
FileMaker	✓
Lazarus	✓
Microsoft Visual FoxPro	✓
Microsoft Visual Studio Server Explorer and ADO.NET ODBC Provider	✓
Omnis Studio	✓
PHP	✓
PowerBASIC	✓
Python	✓

Database Management

Aqua Data Studio	✓
dbForge Studio	✓
dBeaver	✓
EMS SQL Management Studio	✓
Informatica Cloud	✓
RazorSQL	✓
SQL Server Data Tools	✓
SQL Server Management Studio	✓
SQL Server Reporting Services	✓

BI & Analytics Software

Alteryx	✓
DBxtra	✓
Dundas BI	✓
IBM SPSS Statistics	✓
MicroStrategy	✓
Power BI	✓
Qlik Sense	✓
QlikView	✓
RStudio	✓
SAP Crystal Reports	✓
SAS JMP	✓
Tableau	✓

TARGIT	✓
TIBCO Spotfire	✓

Office Software Suites

LibreOffice	✓
Microsoft Access	✓
Microsoft Excel	✓
OpenOffice	✓
StarOffice	✓

2.4 Requirements

The following requirement must be met for ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics:

- Only one version of ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics is installed on your system.

No additional client software is required on your system.

2.5 Licensing

ODBC Driver License Agreement

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2.6 Getting Support

This document lists several ways you can find help with using ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics describes the Priority Support program.

Support Options

There are a number of resources for finding help on installing and using ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics:

- You can find out more about ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics installation or licensing by consulting Installation and License articles of this manual respectively.
- You can get community assistance and technical support on the Community Forum.

- You can get advanced technical assistance by ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics developers through the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics Priority Support program.

Subscriptions

The ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics Subscription program is an annual maintenance and support service for ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics users.

Users with a valid ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics Subscription get the following benefits:

- Product support through the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics Priority Support program
- Access to new versions of ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics when they are released
- Access to all ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics updates and bug fixes
- Notifications about new product versions

Priority Support

ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics Priority Support is an advanced product support service for getting expedited individual assistance with ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics-related questions from the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics developers themselves. Priority Support is carried out over email and has a two business day response policy. Priority Support is available for users with an active ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics Subscription.

To get help through the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics Priority Support program, please send an email to support@devart.com describing the problem you are having. Make sure to include the following information in your message:

Your ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics Registration number.

- Full ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics edition name and version number. You can find the version number in DLL version information.
- Versions of the Azure Synapse Analytics server and client you are using.
- A detailed problem description.

- If possible, ODBC Administrator Log, scripts for creating and filling in database objects, and the application using ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

If you have any questions regarding licensing or subscriptions, please see the FAQ or contact sales@devart.com.

3 Using ODBC Driver

1. Installation
2. Connecting to Azure Synapse Analytics
3. Connection String Parameters
4. Sandboxed Apps on macOS
5. Using with iODBC
6. Enabling ODBC Tracing
7. Supported Data Types
8. Supported ODBC API Functions

3.1 Installation

ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics currently supports the following platforms: Windows, macOS, and Linux, both 32-bit and 64-bit.

See how to install Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics:

- Windows
- Windows Silent
- macOS
- Linux DEB
- Linux RPM

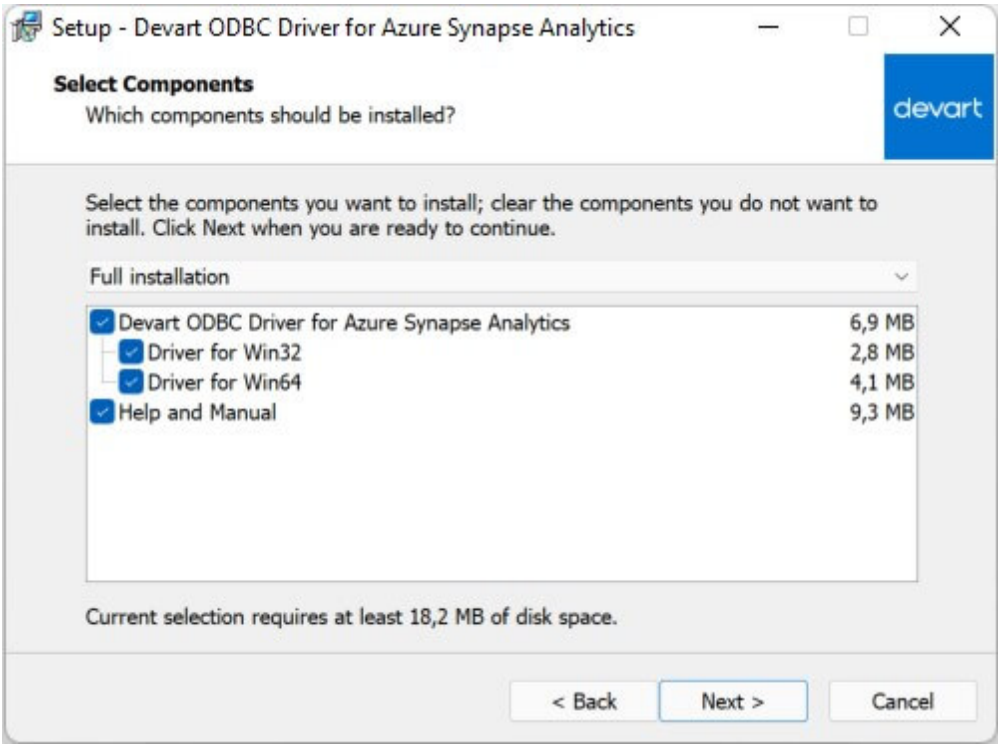
3.1.1 Windows

Installation

1. Download and run the installer.

2. Follow the instructions in the wizard.

3. If you already have the specified installation folder on the PC or another driver version is installed, you will get a warning. Click **Yes** to overwrite the old files with the current installation, but it is recommended to completely uninstall the previous driver version first, and then install the new one.
4. On the **Select Components** page, you can choose whether to install the **64-bit** version of the driver. Clear the checkbox if you do not need a 64-bit installation. There is also a checkbox on this page that allows you to choose whether to install Help and Manual.



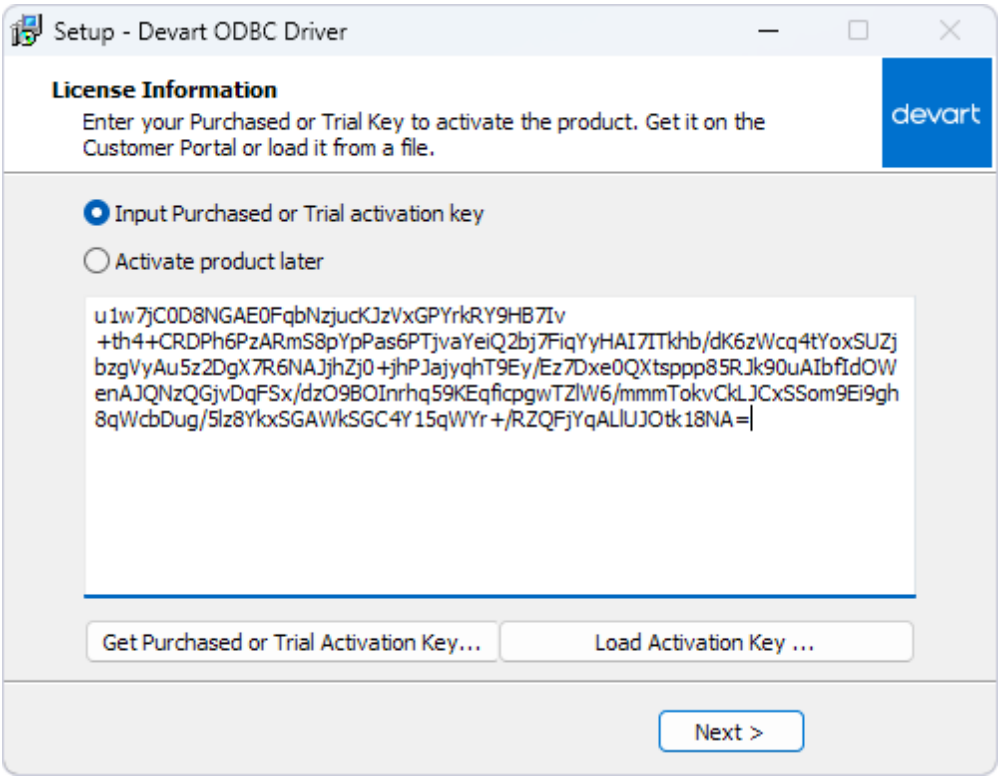
5. On the **License Information** page, select when you want to activate the driver:

- **Immediately after installation:** Select **Input Purchased or Trial activation key** and enter your key in the provided box, or click **Load Activation Key** and select the file containing your key.
- **Any other time:** Select **Activate product later**.

You need to activate the driver even for the trial version.

You can find your activation key in the registration email or your Customer Portal account.

To open the Customer Portal, click **Get Purchased or Trial Activation Key**.



6. Click **Next** to complete the installation.

7. Click **Finish** to exit Setup.

8. After the installation is completed, you need to configure the driver.

See also:

- Installation on macOS
- Install Linux DEB package
- Install Linux RPM package

3.1.2 Windows Silent

Silent Installation with OEM license on Windows

1. Run the Command Prompt as an administrator.

2. Use the following command-lines to perform the driver silent/very silent installation:

```
DevartODBCSQLSynapse.exe /SILENT /ActivationKey=y1c7nmgdu234laszxcvONGurjfhx
DevartODBCSQLSynapse.exe /VERYSILENT /ActivationKey=ekhdh765mh09ukr237gfHRtr
```

Note: The installation is performed by entering a license key.

```
DevartODBCSQLSynapse.exe /SILENT /ActivationFile=d:\lic.key
DevartODBCSQLSynapse.exe /VERYSILENT /ActivationFile=d:\lic.key
```

Note: The installation is performed by specifying the path to a license key file with any name.

When /SILENT is used, the installation progress is displayed, but no user interaction is required during installation.

When /VERYSILENT is used, the installation wizard dialog is hidden and the installation process is performed without user interference.

3.1.3 macOS

Prerequisites

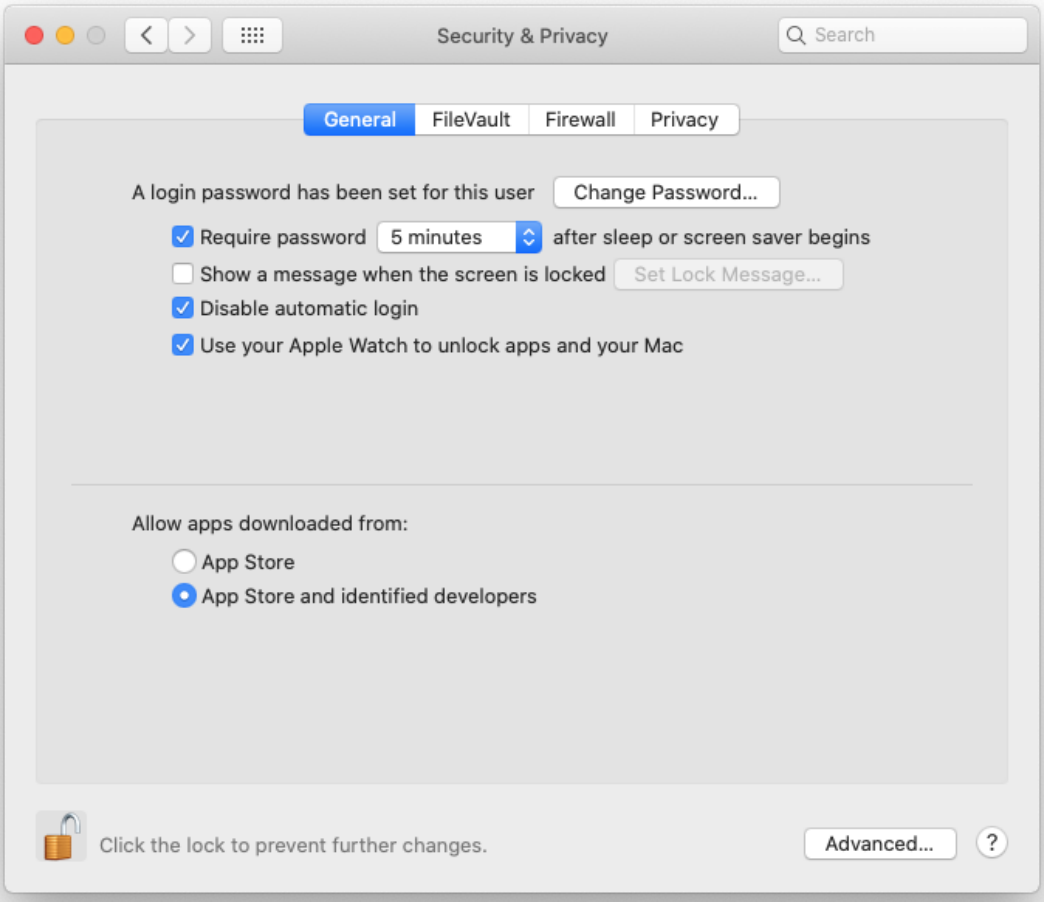
ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics works under the control of an ODBC driver manager. ODBC driver manager is not distributed along with our driver and must be installed separately.

ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics is compatible with iODBC driver manager.

In case when using other ODBC driver managers, ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics will be installed, but it will require manual modification of the configuration files of these managers.

Installing ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics

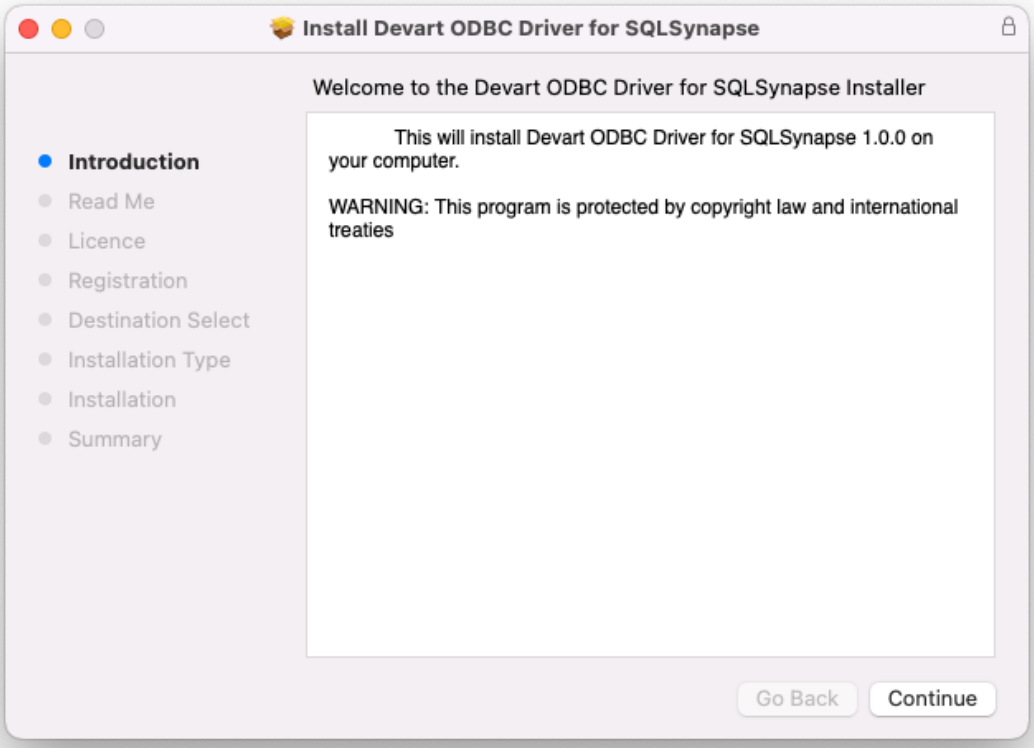
1. Go to Security & Privacy settings in the System Preferences.
2. Enable the *App Store and identified developers* option in the **Allows apps downloaded from** section.



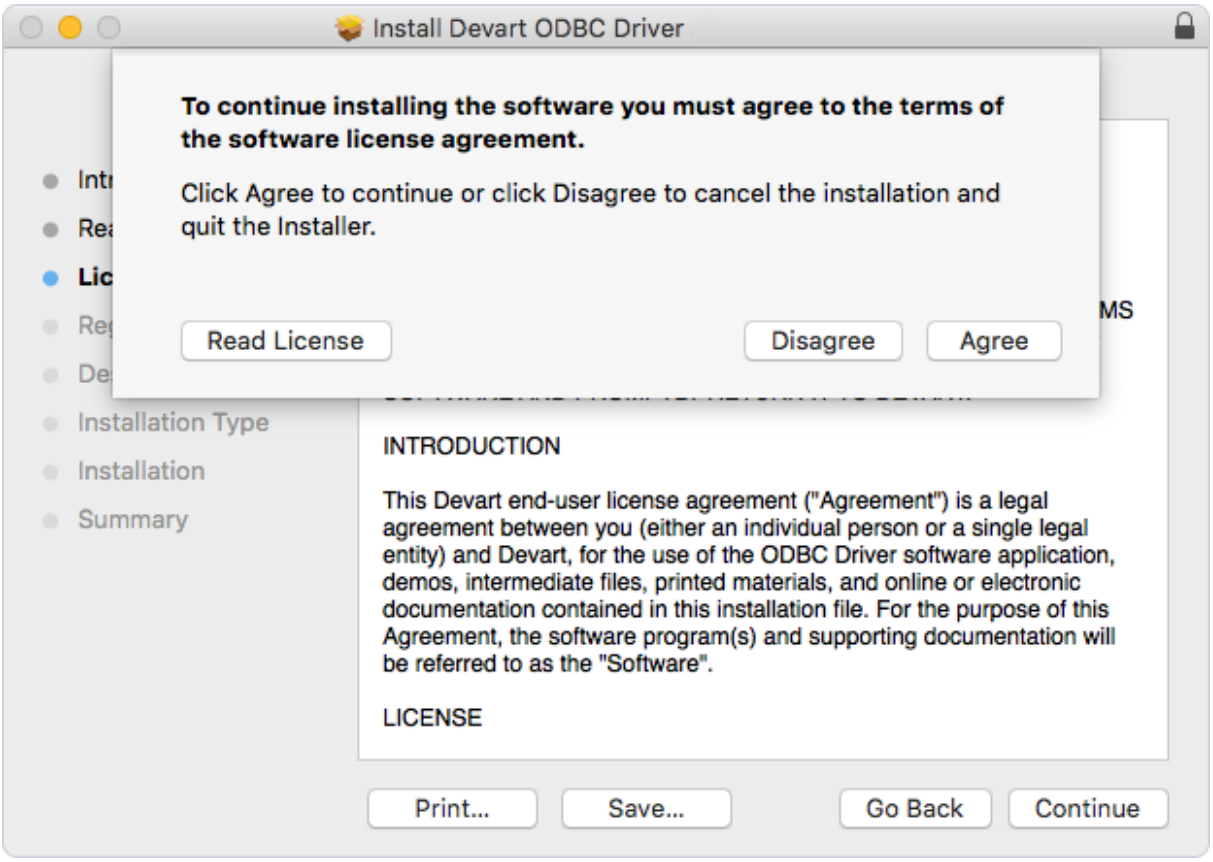
If the options in **Allow apps downloaded from** section are grayed out, click the lock icon and enter your administrator password to proceed with the installation.

3. Download the PKG file from the Devart website.

4. Run the downloaded file, click **Allow** to proceed with the installation.



5. After reading the license agreement, click **Agree**.

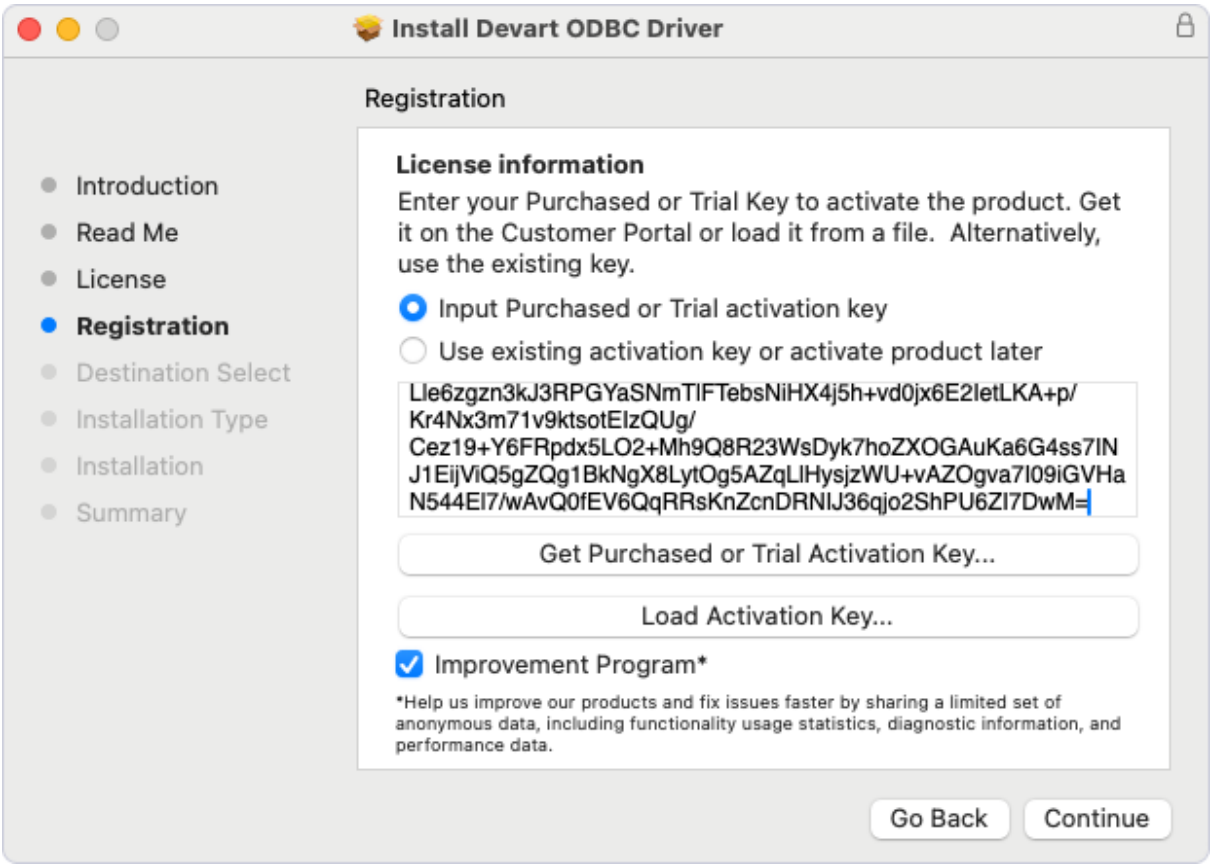


6. On the **Registration** page, specify your activation key using one of the following methods:

- Enter an activation key:

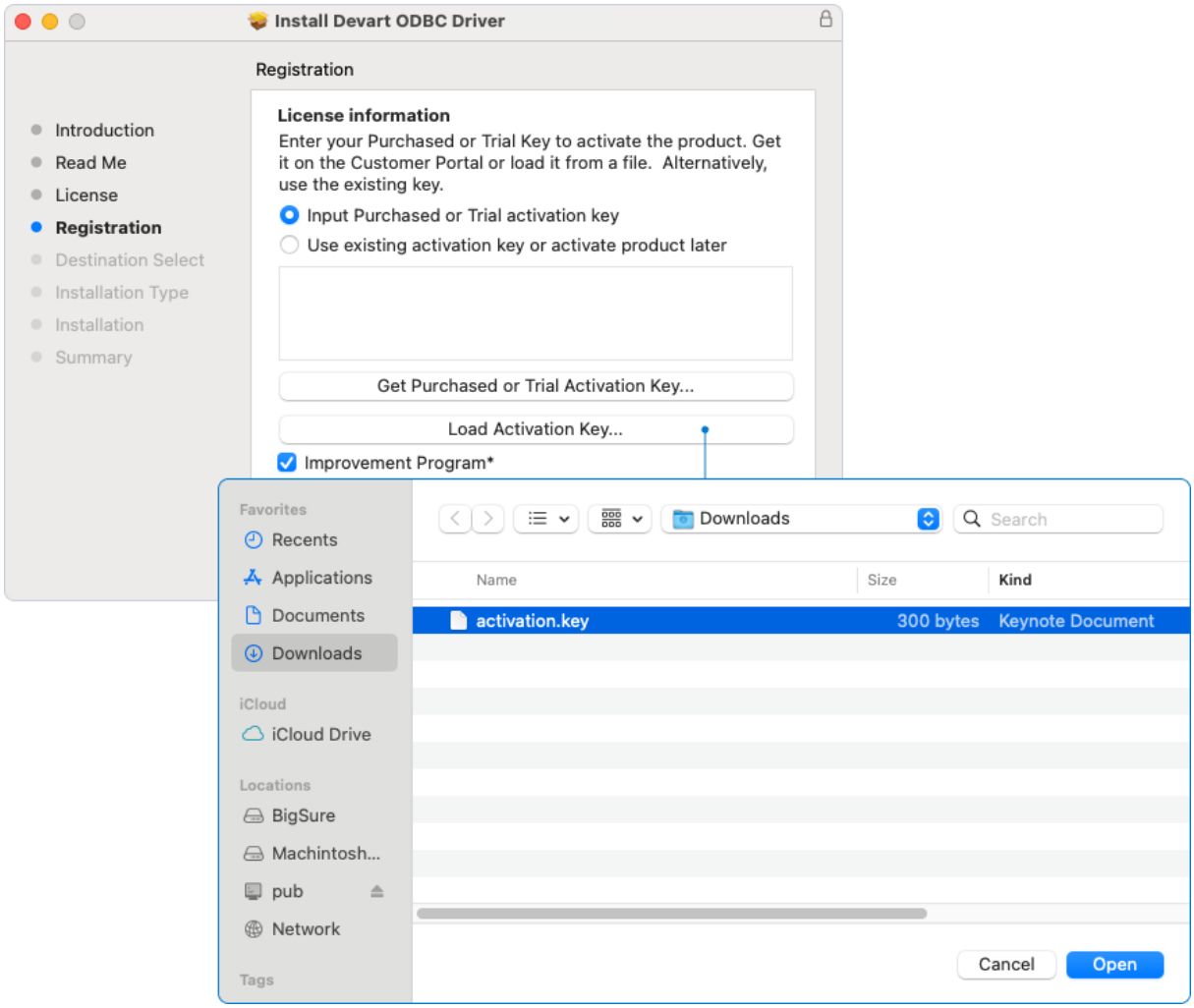
  1. Select **Input Purchased or Trial activation key**.

  2. Enter your activation key.



- Load an activation key file:

  1. Click **Load Activation Key**.
  2. Navigate to the location of the activation file.
  3. Click **Open**.

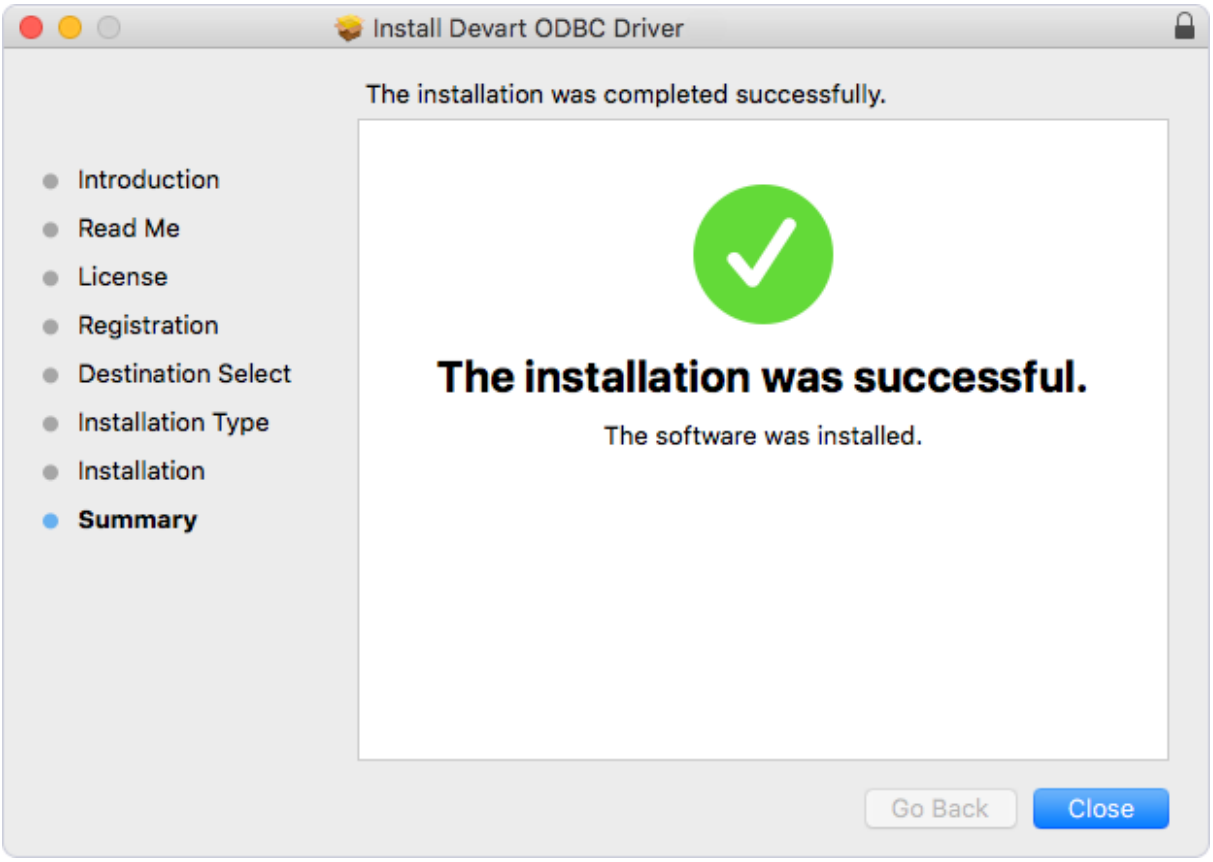


You need to activate the driver even for the trial version.

You can find your activation key in the registration email or your Customer Portal account. To open the Customer Portal, click **Get Purchased or Trial Activation Key**.

If you're reinstalling the driver or don't want to activate the driver right now, select **Use existing activation key or activate product later**.

7. To complete the installation click **Continue**, then click **Install**.



To activate the driver, perform the steps described in the Product Activation article.

See also:

- Installation on Windows
- Install Linux DEB package
- Install Linux RPM package

3.1.4 Linux DEB

Prerequisites

ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics works under the control of an ODBC driver manager. ODBC driver manager is not distributed along with our driver and must be installed separately.

ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics is compatible with unixODBC driver manager. Depending on your Linux distribution, you can install the unixODBC driver manager using one of the following commands:

- For Ubuntu 23 and later versions:

```
sudo apt-get install libodbcinst2 libodbc2 odbcinst unixodbc
```

- For other distributions, including Ubuntu 22 and earlier versions:

```
sudo apt-get install odbcinst1debian2 libodbc1 odbcinst unixodbc
```

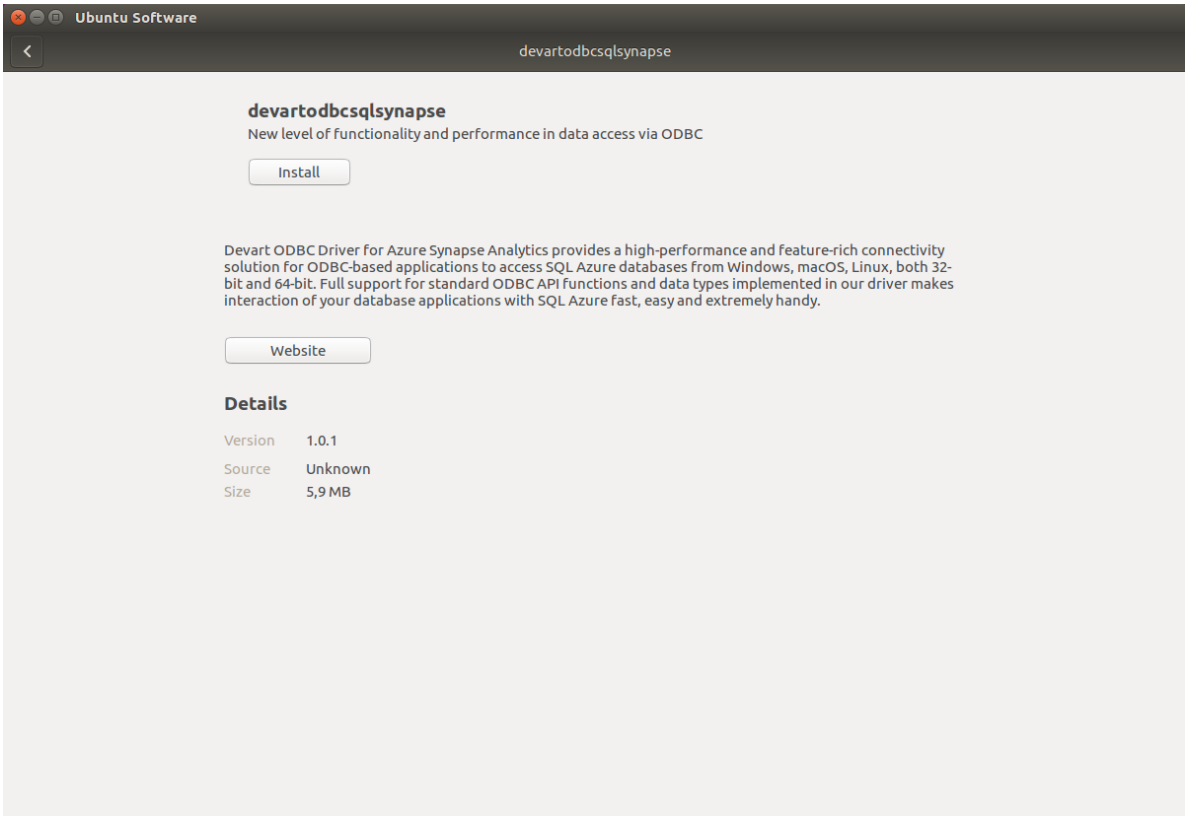
If you are using other ODBC driver managers, ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics will be installed, but it will require manual modification of the configuration files of these managers.

Installation

Let's consider how to install Devart ODBC Driver on Linux from a DEB package, for example, on Ubuntu. There are two ways to install the driver: manually using the GUI or via the command line.

GUI installation

1. Download the DEB package of the required bitness from the Devart website.
2. Navigate to the folder with the downloaded package ("Downloads" by default) and double-click it.
3. In the opened dialog, click **Install**.



If the installation is successfully completed, the **Install** button changes to **Remove**.

To activate the driver, perform the steps described in the Product Activation article.

You need to activate the driver even for the trial version.

Command-line installation

1. Download the DEB package from the Devart website.

By default, the required package will be downloaded into the ~/Downloads folder (or the selected one).

2. Run the 'Terminal' program.

3. Navigate to the folder with the downloaded package (if you downloaded the package to a folder other than ~/Downloads, specify the path to that folder as the cd command parameter):

```
cd ~/Downloads/
```

```
test@ubuntu:~$ cd ~/Downloads/
test@ubuntu:~/Downloads$
```

4. To install the devartodbcsqlsynapse_i386.deb on a 32-bit system, use the following command:

```
sudo dpkg -i devartodbcsqlsynapse_i386.deb
```

```
test@test-VirtualBox:~$ cd /home/test/Desktop/
test@test-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ sudo dpkg -i devartodbcsqlsynapse_1.0.1_i386\(23
.08.2022\).deb
```

5. To install the devartodbcsqlsynapse_amd64.deb on a 64-bit system, use the following command:

```
sudo dpkg -i devartodbcsqlsynapse_amd64.deb
```

```
boris@BorisUbuntu22:~$ cd /home/boris/Desktop/
boris@BorisUbuntu22:~/Desktop$ sudo dpkg -i devartodbcsqlsynapse_1.0.1_amd64\(23
.08.2022\).deb
```

The driver is installed successfully.

```
test@test-VirtualBox:~$ cd /home/test/Desktop/
test@test-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ sudo dpkg -i devartodbcsqlsynapse_1.0.1_i386\(23
.08.2022\).deb
[sudo] password for test:
Selecting previously unselected package devartodbcsqlsynapse.
(Reading database ... 260831 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack devartodbcsqlsynapse_1.0.1_i386(23.08.2022).deb ...
Unpacking devartodbcsqlsynapse (1.0.1) ...
Setting up devartodbcsqlsynapse (1.0.1) ...
test@test-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
```

To activate the driver, perform the steps described in the Product Activation article.

You need to activate the driver even for the trial version.

See also:

- Install Linux RPM package
- Installation on Windows
- Installation on macOS

3.1.5 Linux RPM

Prerequisites

ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics works under the control of an ODBC driver manager. ODBC driver manager is not distributed along with our driver and must be installed separately.

ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics is compatible with unixODBC driver manager.

If you are using other ODBC driver managers, ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics will be installed, but it will require manual modification of the configuration files of these managers.

Installation

Let's consider how to install Devart ODBC Driver on Linux from an RPM package, for example, on CentOS. To install the driver, download the .rpm package and install it via the command line. See the detailed description of these steps below.

1. Download the RPM package from the Devart website.

   By default, the required package will be downloaded to the ~/Downloads folder (or the selected one).

2. Run the 'Konsole' program.

3. Navigate to the folder with the downloaded RPM package (if you downloaded the package to a folder other than ~/Downloads, you need to specify the path to that folder as the cd command parameter):

```
cd ~/Downloads/
```

```
[test@centos7x64 ~]$ cd ~/Downloads/
[test@centos7x64 Downloads]$
```

4. To install the devart-odbc-sqlsynapse.i386.rpm on a 32-bit system, use the following command:

```
sudo rpm -ivh devart-odbc-sqlsynapse.i386.rpm
```

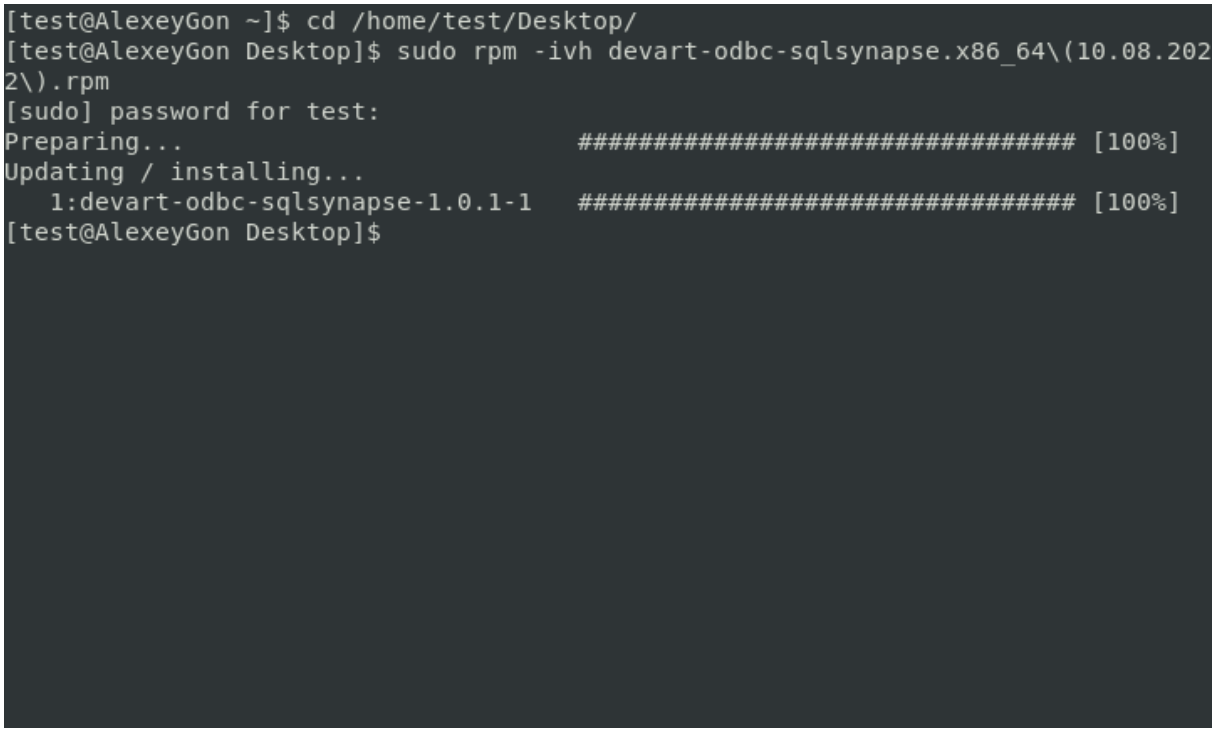
```
[test@AlexeyGon ~]$ cd /home/test/Desktop/
[test@AlexeyGon Desktop]$ sudo rpm -ivh devart-odbc-sqlsynapse.x86_64\(10.08.202
2\).rpm
```

To install the devart-odbc-sqlsynapse.x86_64.rpm on a 64-bit system, use the following command:

```
sudo rpm -ivh devart-odbc-sqlsynapse.x86_64.rpm
```

```
[test@AlexeyGon ~]$ cd /home/test/Desktop/
[test@AlexeyGon Desktop]$ sudo rpm -ivh devart-odbc-sqlsynapse.x86_64\(10.08.202
2\).rpm
```

The driver is installed successfully.



To activate the driver, perform the steps described in the Product Activation article.

You need to activate the driver even for the trial version.

See also:

- Install Linux DEB package
- Installation on Windows
- Installation on macOS

3.2 Remote Installation

One of the key advantages of Group Policy is the ability to deploy software remotely using MSI files. This section explains how to use Group Policy to remotely install the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics on client computers.

The information is organized into the following sections:

- Creating the MST File Using Orca

- Remote Deployment and Activation
- Upgrading Driver Version and License Key

3.2.1 Package Transformation

Creating the MST File Using Orca

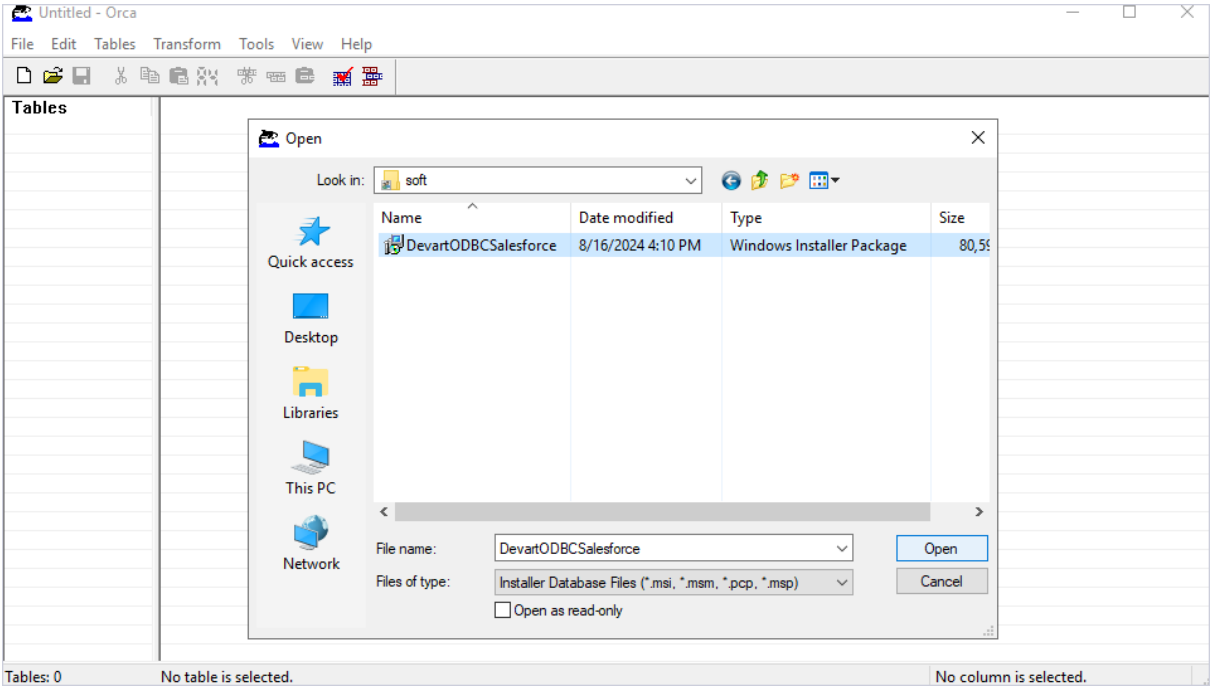
To customize the installation of the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics, you first need to edit the Windows Installer Package (MSI) by creating an MST file. This will allow for customized installation of an original Windows Installer (MSI) Package.

An MST file, or Windows Installer Setup Transform file, contains program configuration settings. In our case, the MST file for the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics will include the correct license information. This MST file is used together with the original MSI package in the Group Policy software distribution system.

There are many tools available for customizing MSI file settings, so you can choose the one that best suits your needs. In this example, we'll be using **Orca**, which is available as part of the Windows SDK Components for Windows Installer Developers. For more information about Orca, visit the official Microsoft website.

To start the process of MST file generation using the Orca editor, follow the steps below:

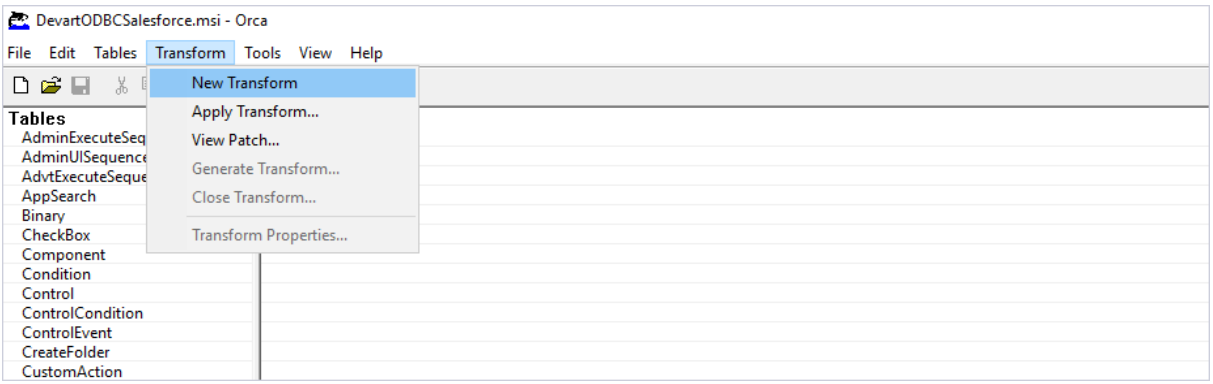
1. Launch the Orca application, then open the required MSI file by selecting **Open** in the **File** menu or click the **Open** icon on the toolbar below.



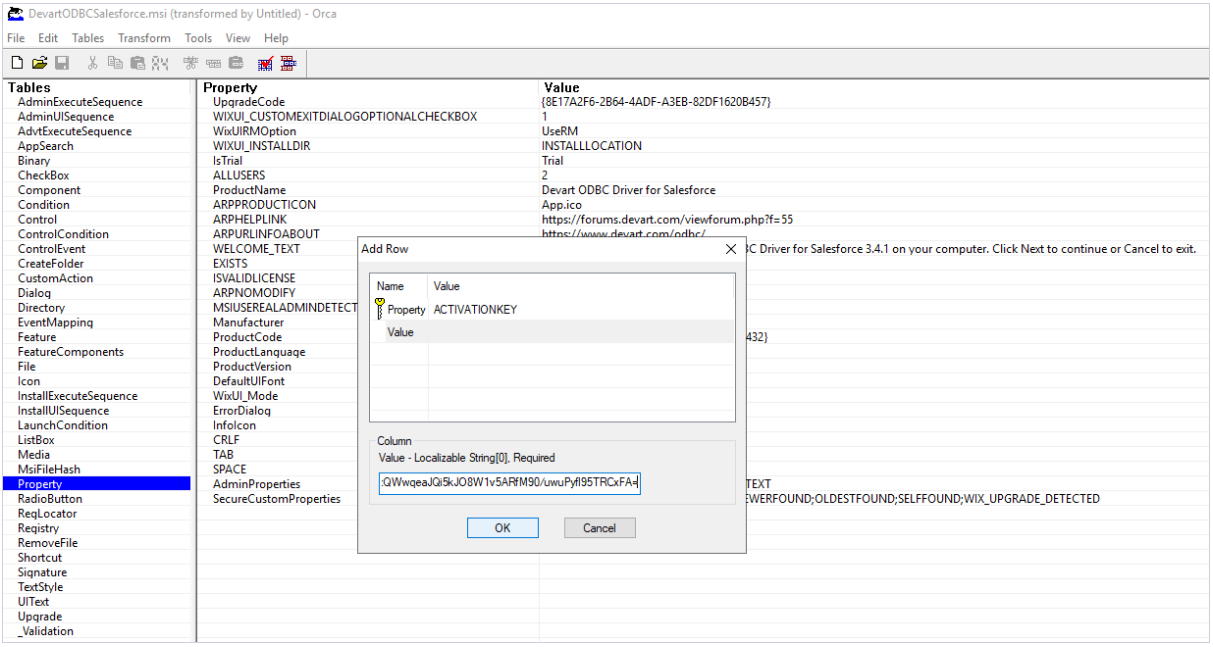
The MSI file for the ODBC Driver for Salesforce is taken as an example to illustrate the Group Policy installation process. Use the same steps described in this section when installing the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

2. As a result, the **Tables** menu on the left side of the main application window will display the properties of the selected MSI file.

3. Next, navigate **Transform** -> **New Transform**.



4. To proceed, select **Property** from the **Tables** menu, then double-click any empty row on the right side of the application window.

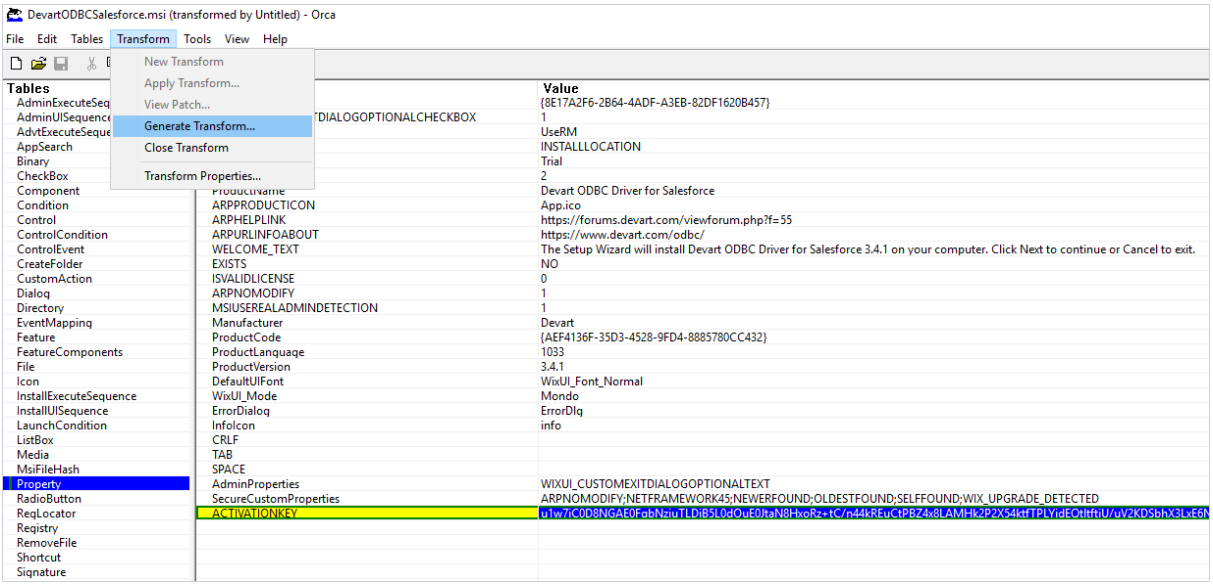


In the **Add Row** dialog that opens, make the following settings and press **OK** to apply the changes:

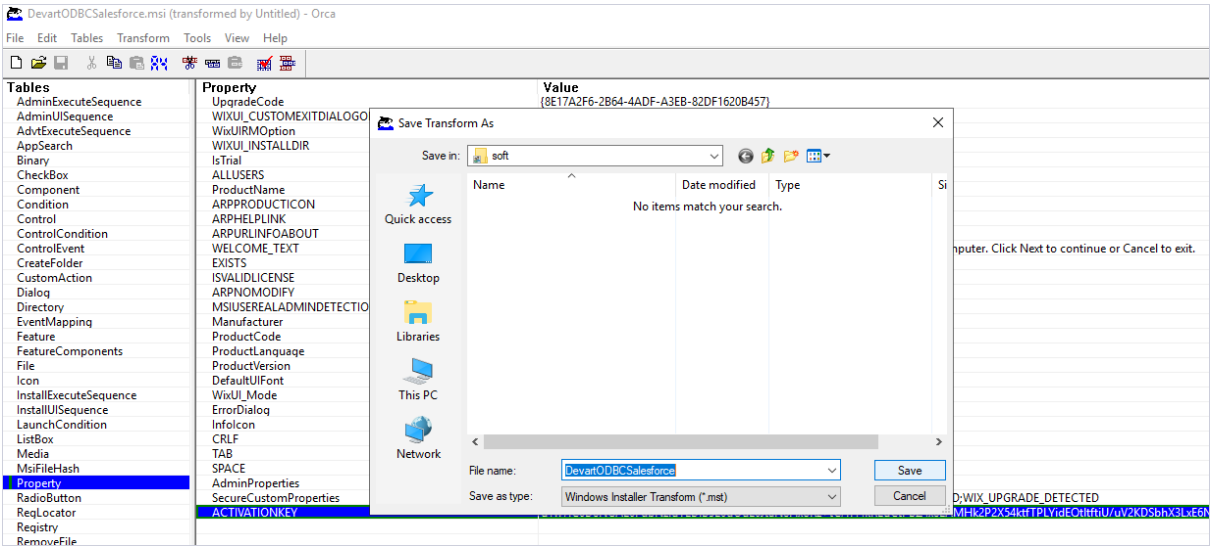
- **Property** - enter **ACTIVATIONKEY** with capital letters only.
- **Value** - enter the valid OEM license key for the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

As shown in the following screen, a new property, **ACTIVATIONKEY**, has been added, with the license key displayed in the value column next to it.

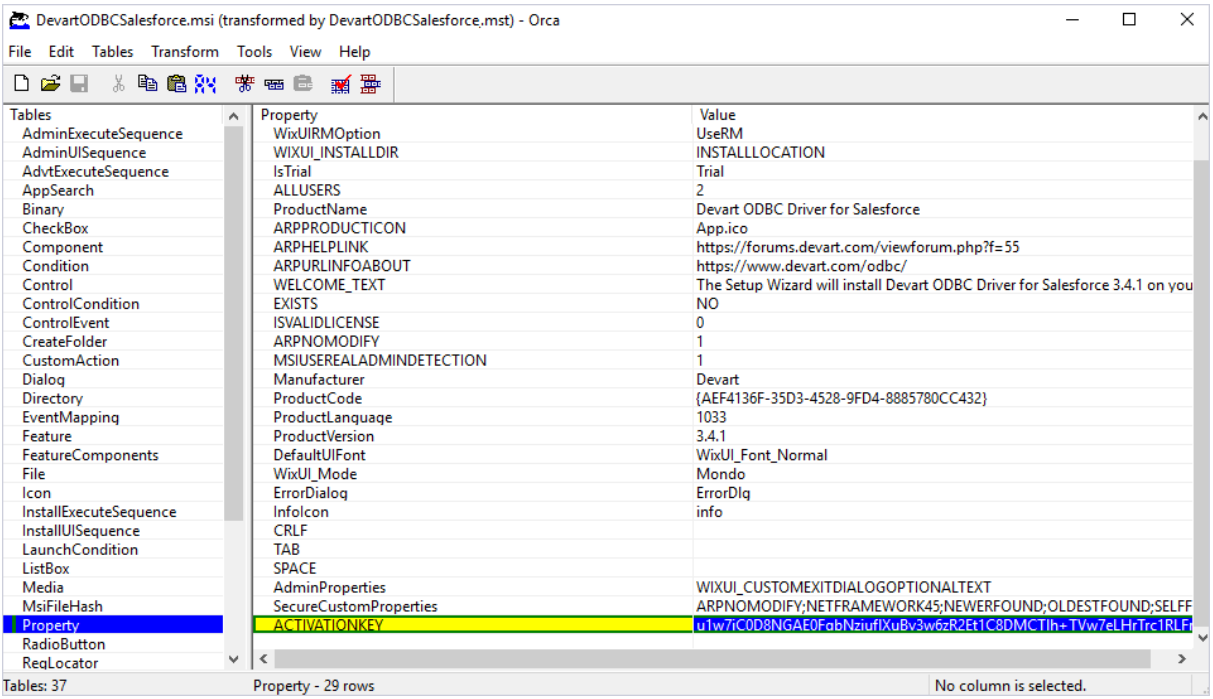
5. Once the configuration changes have been made, select **Transform** -> **Generate Transform**.



6. In the **Save Transform As** dialog that appears, enter a suitable name for the new MST file and click **Save** to apply your settings.



7. If successful, the encryption message *DevartODBCSalesforce.msi (transformed by DevartODBCSalesforce.mst) - Orca* will be displayed at the top of the Orca application window.



In case of a positive outcome, the newly created MST file will be located in the folder you specified, alongside the MSI file.

3.2.2 Deployment and Activation

Installing and Activating Software Remotely

Group Policy automated-program installation is specifically designed for deploying Windows Installer packages (MSI files). Therefore, when deploying the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics using Group Policy, be sure to use the corresponding MSI file for the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

Prerequisites: Locating the MSI Installation File

Prior to making configuration settings in the Group Policy, you'll need to create a distribution folder:

1. Create a shared network folder on the publishing server.
2. Set the appropriate sharing permissions on this folder to allow read access to the driver installation package for all domain users.

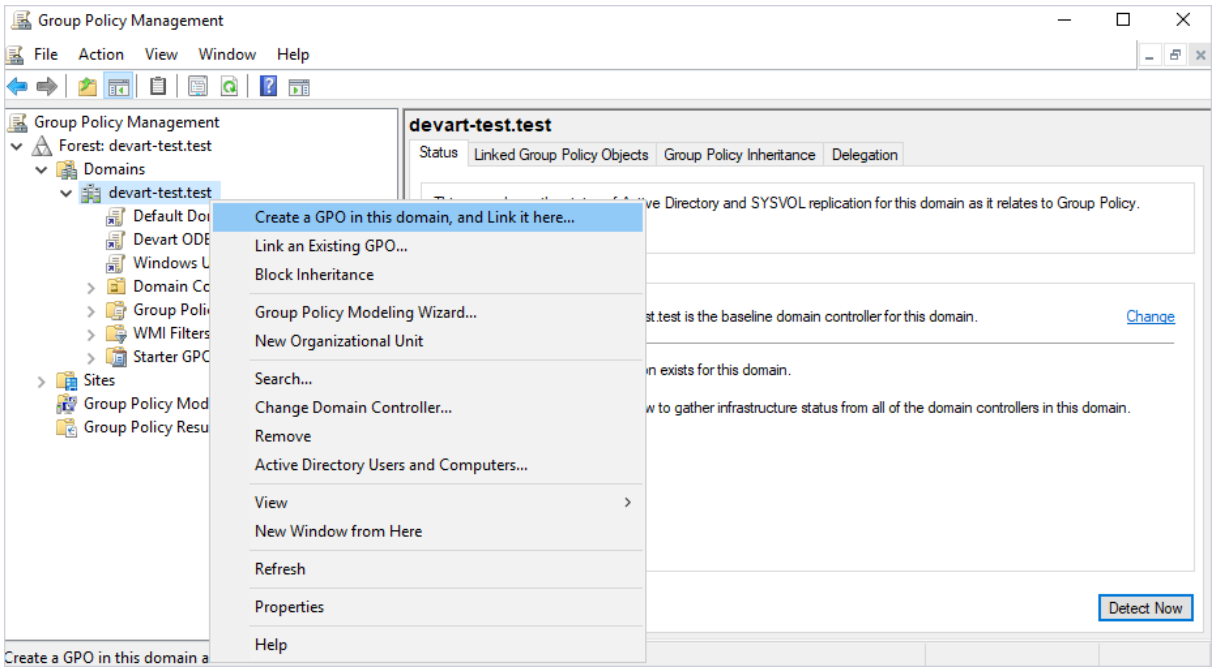
3. Download the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics MSI file, and place it in the network folder.

> The MSI file for the ODBC Driver for Salesforce is taken as an example to illustrate the Group Policy installation process. Use the same steps described in this section when installing the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

Further in this section, you'll find more detailed information on how to deploy and activate the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics on remote client computers using Group Policy.

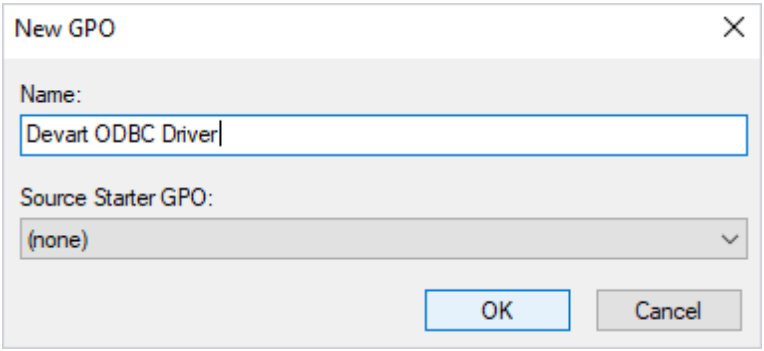
Server-Side Actions

1. Open the **Group Policy Management** desktop application.
2. In the **Group Policy Management** window, navigate to the desired forest node, then expand the appropriate option under the **Domains** node. For this example, we'll select **devart-test.test**. Right-click the Domains node, and from the context menu, select **Create a GPO in this domain, and Link it here**.



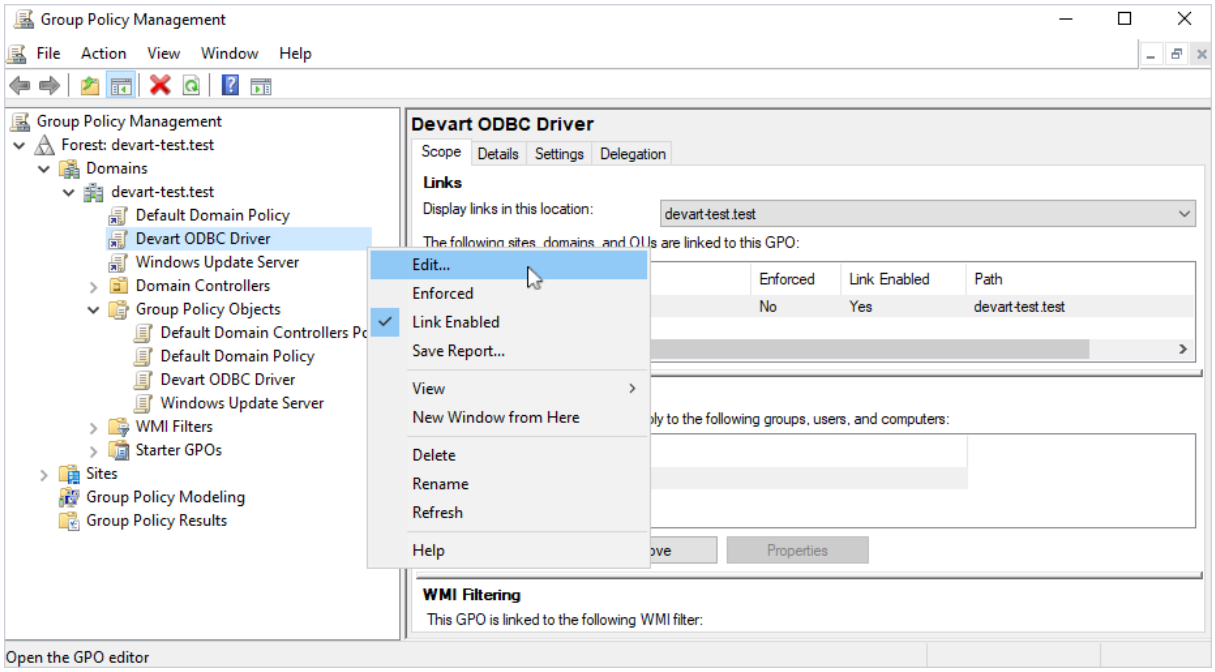
3. You can now create a New Group Policy Object. In the **New GPO** dialog enter a name for the new object and click **OK**. The new GPO will then appear within the **Group Policy Management** container.

For example, let's create a GPO named after the ODBC driver name.

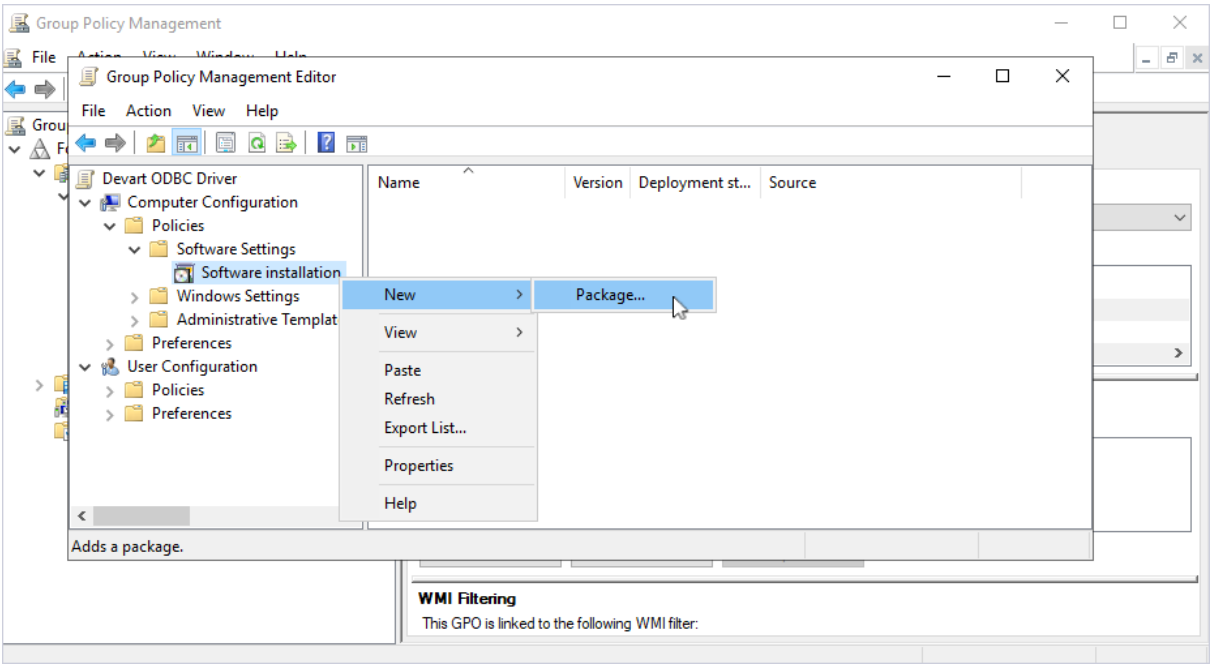


Keep in mind that each ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics Windows installation package corresponds to one Group Policy Object (GPO), which is important for managing future software upgrades. To install multiple drivers using Group Policy, you need to create a separate GPO for each driver you want to deploy.

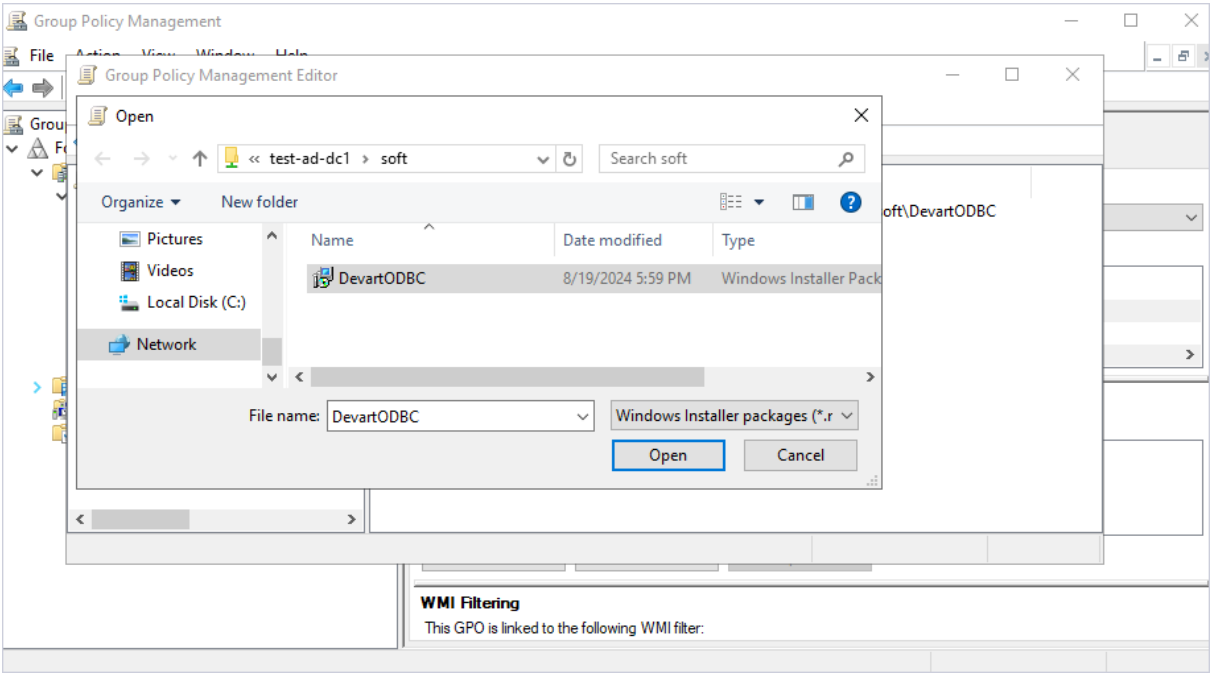
4. Right-click the new object and select **Edit** from the context menu.



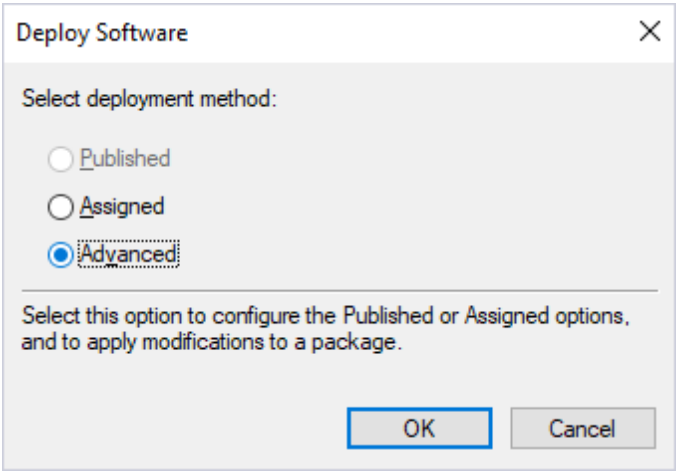
5. In the left pane of the **Group Policy Management Editor**, navigate to **Computer Configuration --> Policies --> Software Settings --> Software installation**. Your current deployment package will appear in the right pane. Right-click **Software installation**, then select **New --> Package**.



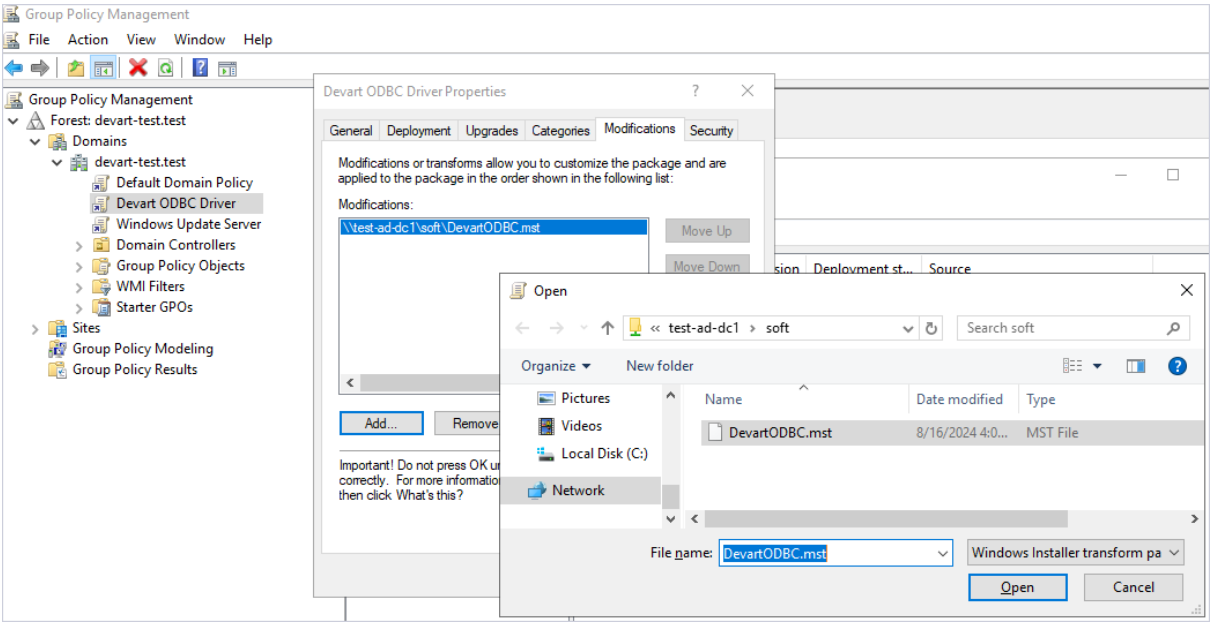
6. In the **Group Policy Management Editor** dialog that opens, select the desired MSI installation file and click **Open**.



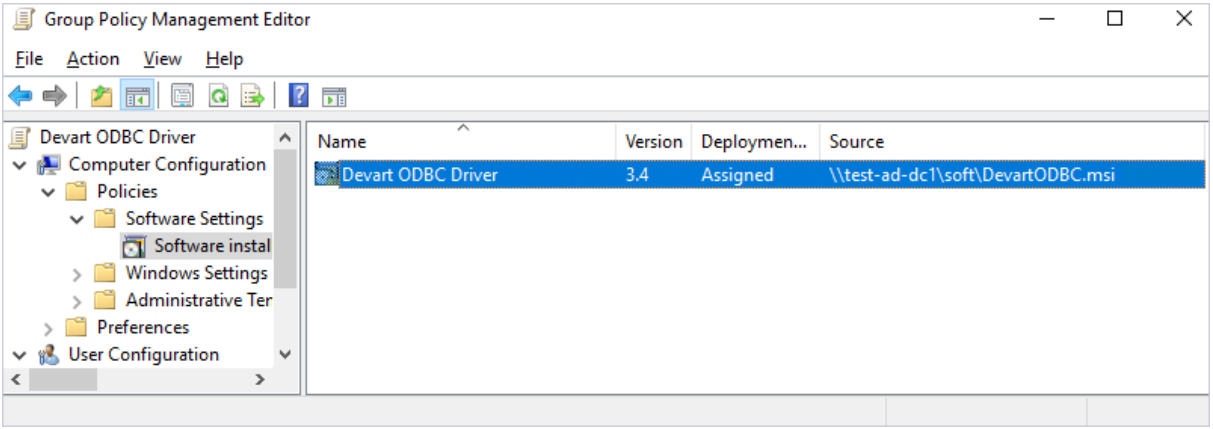
7. In the **Deploy Software** dialog, select **Advanced** to specify the software deployment method. The **Advanced** deployment method allows you to make necessary modifications to the MSI file, such as creating the MST file in Orca.



8. In the **Properties** dialog of the installation package that opens, go to the **Modifications** tab and select **Add**. Browse for the corresponding MST file, select it, and click **Open** to apply the settings.



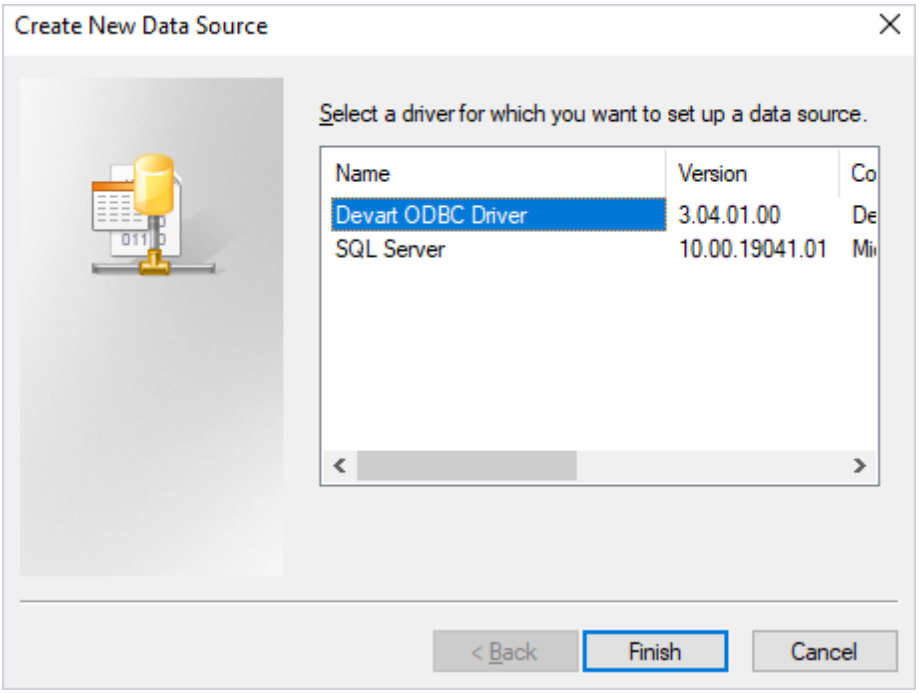
9. If configured correctly, the **Group Policy Management Editor** window should look as follows:



Client-Side Actions

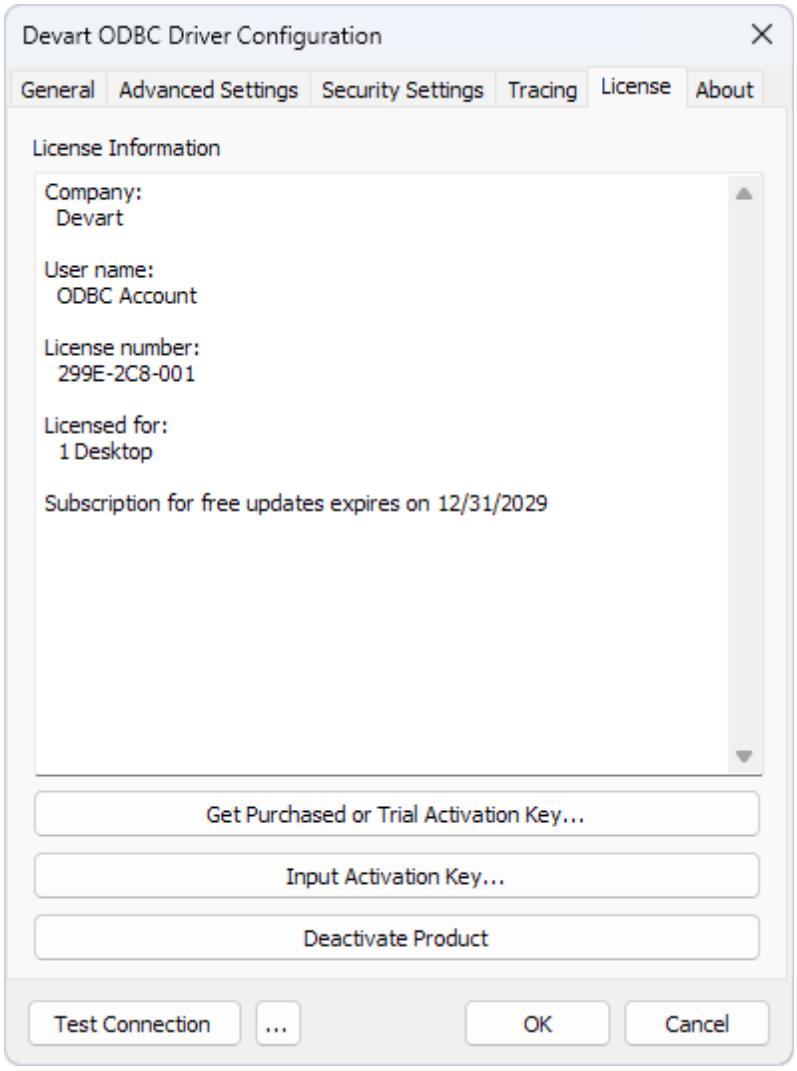
For the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics to be successfully installed on remote client machines, all domain users must restart their computers after logging in for the first time.

In case of successful deployment, the ODBC driver will be installed on the client's computer. To verify, open the ODBC Data Source Administrator on the client's machine and add the deployed ODBC driver.



All information on the deployed driver is accessible upon clicking the **About** tab.

Similarly, the valid license key will be automatically activated after the successful installation of the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.



See Also

- Creating the MST File Using Orca
- Activating on Windows - ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics
- License Information - ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics

3.2.3 Software Upgrade

Automatic Software Update Using Group Policy

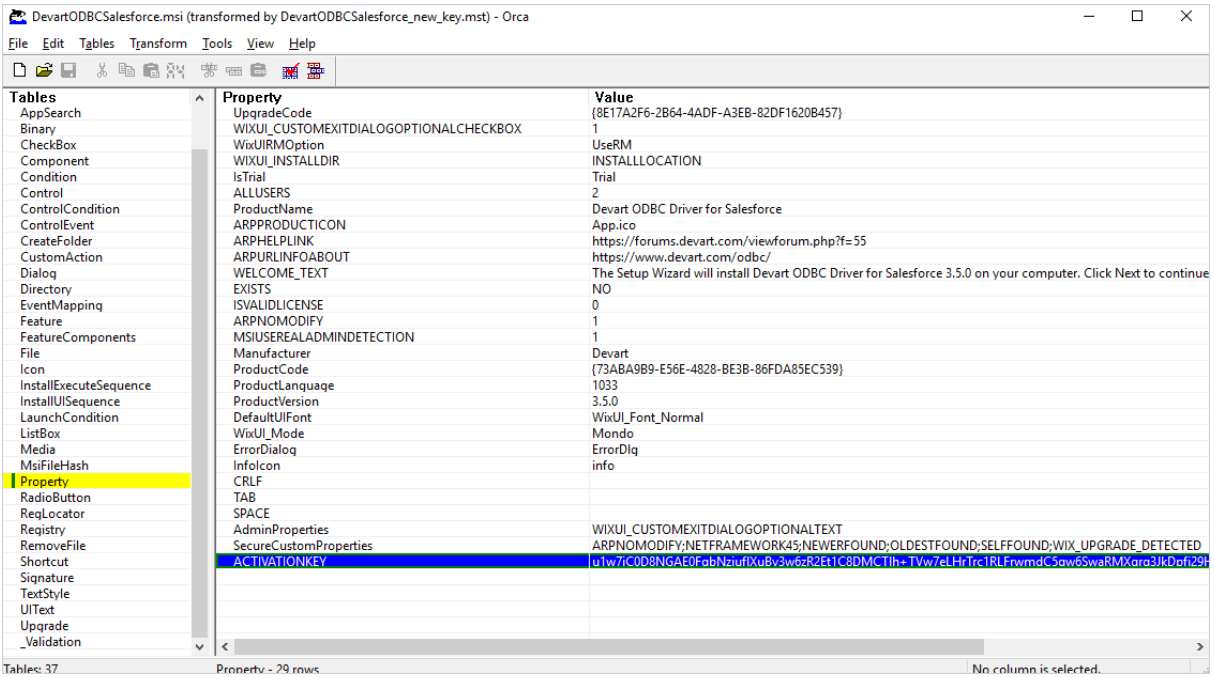
If the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics was initially deployed through Group Policy, it can be easily updated to a newer version. Follow the steps below to update both the ODBC

Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics and the license to newer versions on all remote computers in the domain.

1. Download the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics installation MSI file of a newer version and place it in the shared network folder.

2. Create a new MST file with a new license key using Orca.

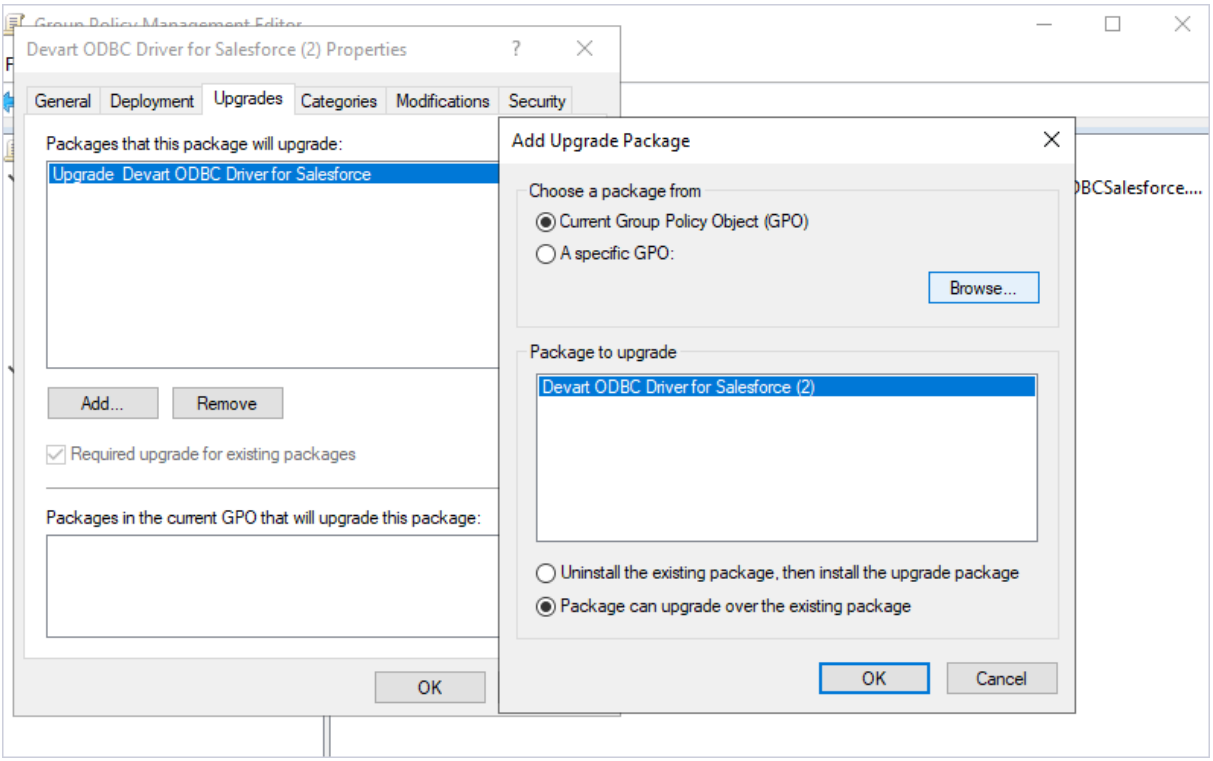
> If your license is still valid, there's no need to create a new MST file. Use the current MST file instead.



> The MSI file for the ODBC Driver for Salesforce is taken as an example to illustrate the Group Policy installation process. Use the same steps described in this section when installing the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

3. Follow the same workflow as outlined in Step 4 to Step 7 of the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics Remote Deployment and Activation section.

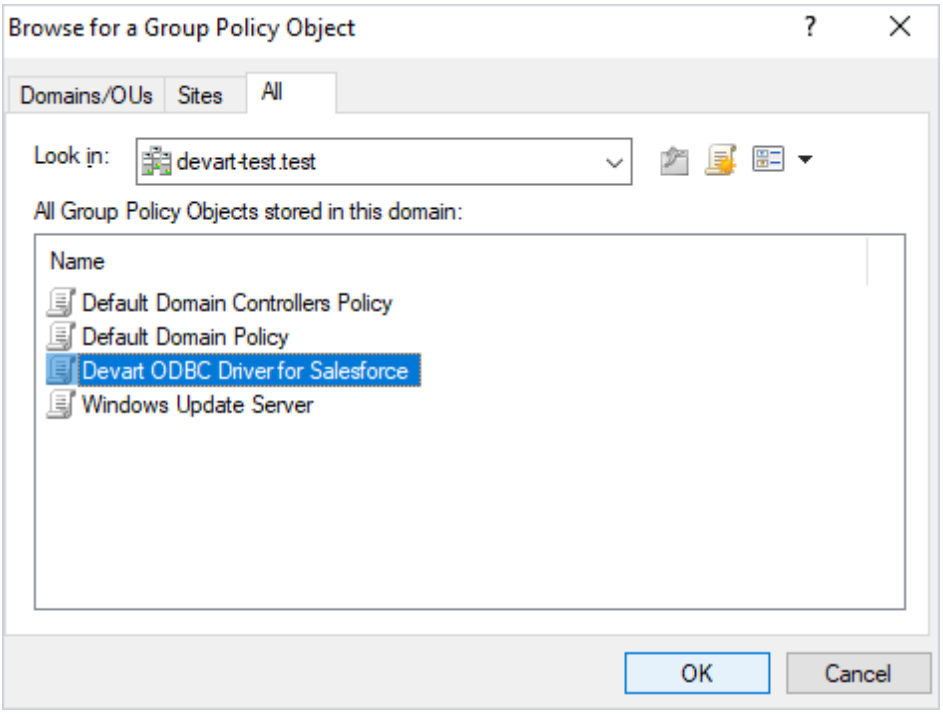
4. In the **Properties** dialog that appears after selecting the **Advanced** deployment method, go to the **Upgrades** tab and click **Add**.



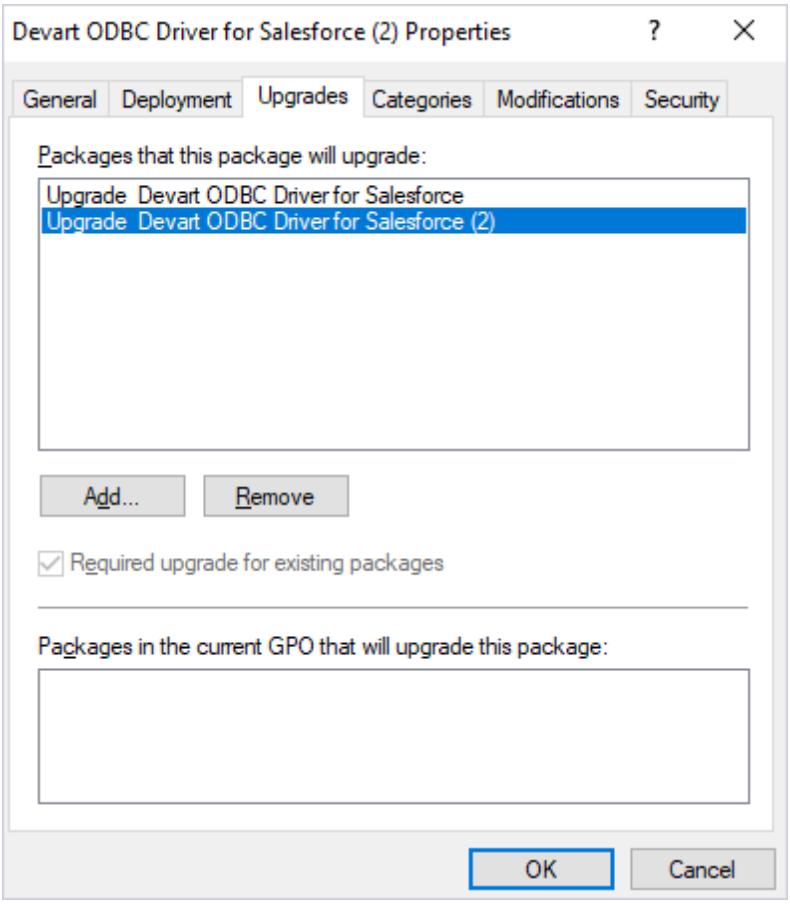
Make sure to select the following check boxes while adding the package:

- **Current Group Policy Object**
- **Package can upgrade over the existing package**

5. Browse for the corresponding GPO object and click **OK** to apply the settings.

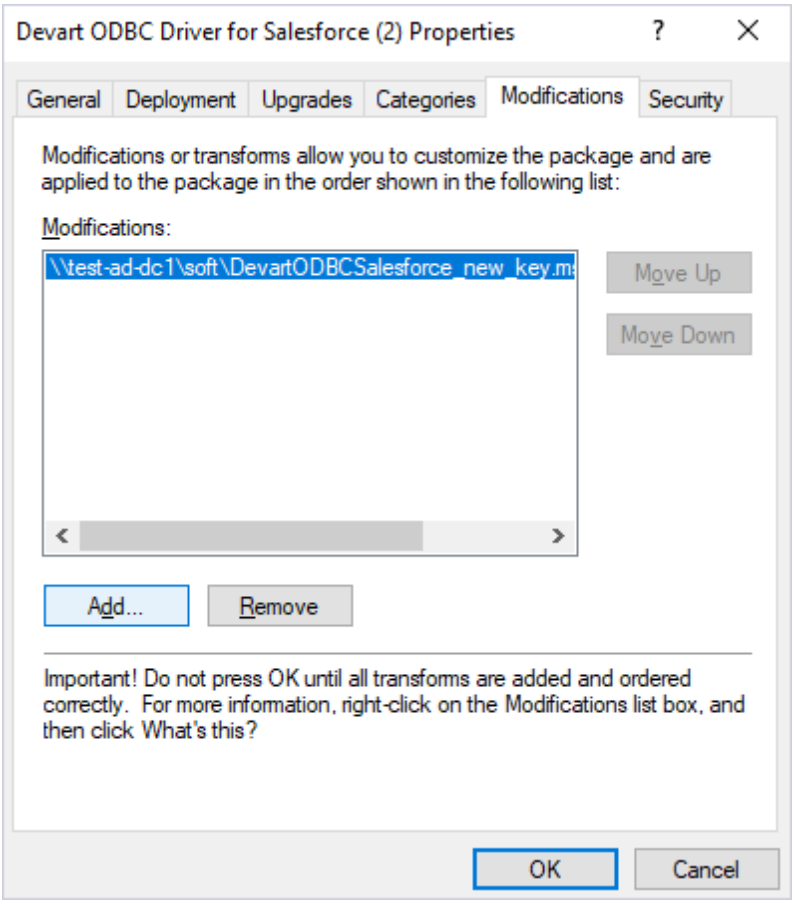


6. Now the **Upgrades** tab of the **Properties** dialog will list a new package with a newer version.

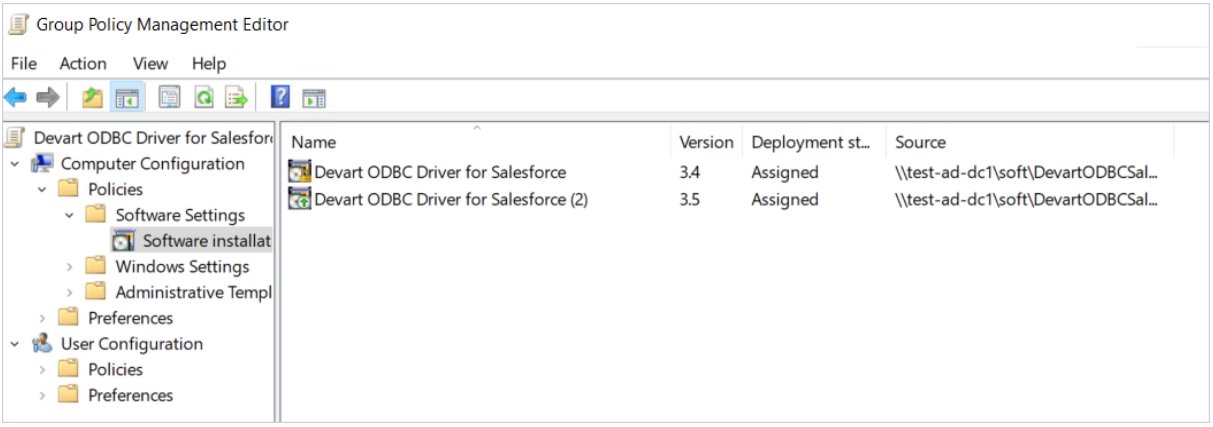


7. Go to the **Modifications** tab in the same properties dialog, click **Add** and browse to the MST file.

   We have already created a new MST file with a new license key in Step 2.



8. In case of a positive outcome both the old and new versions of the driver package will be displayed in the Group Policy Management Editor.



Once the GPO configuration on the server is complete, the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse

Analytics will automatically update to the latest version each time a client computer restarts.

Client-Side Actions

To update the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics to a newer version on remote client machines, all domain users must restart their computers after their first login.

If successful, both the driver and the license key will be automatically updated to the new version on remote computers. For detailed instructions on how to view the technical details of the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics after upgrading, refer to Client-Side Actions.

See Also

- Creating the MST File Using Orca
- Remote Deployment and Activation - ODBC Driver for Microsoft Access
- Activating on Windows - ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics
- License Information - ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics

3.3 Product Activation

See how to activate Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics:

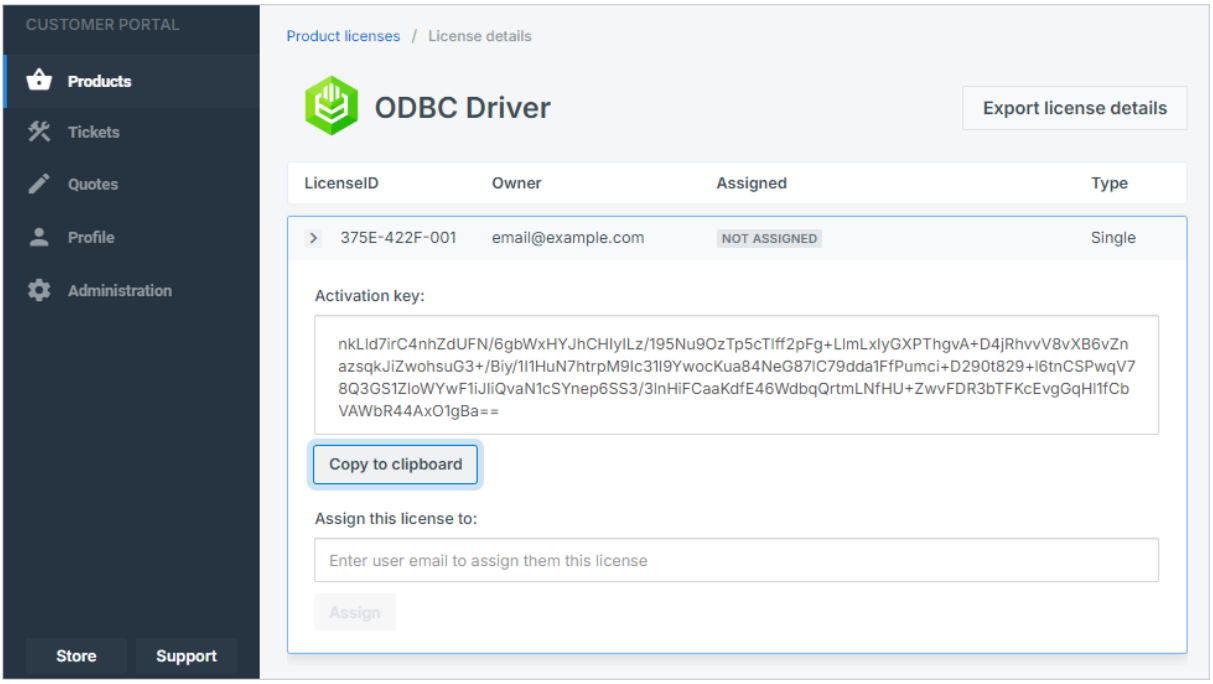
- Obtaining Activation Key
- Activation on Windows
- Activation on macOS
- Activation on Linux
- Where to see the license information

3.3.1 Obtaining Activation Key

Follow these steps to obtain your product activation key:

- **From the Customer Portal:**

  1. Open the Customer Portal and sign in.
  2. On the **Product licenses** page, select the driver.
  3. Click **Copy to clipboard** to copy the activation key.



- **From the registration email:**
  1. Locate the registration email you received from Devart after installing the driver. This email contains a Purchased or Trial activation key.
  2. Copy the activation key.

See also:

- Activation on Windows
- Activation on macOS
- Activation on Linux

3.3.2 Activation on Windows

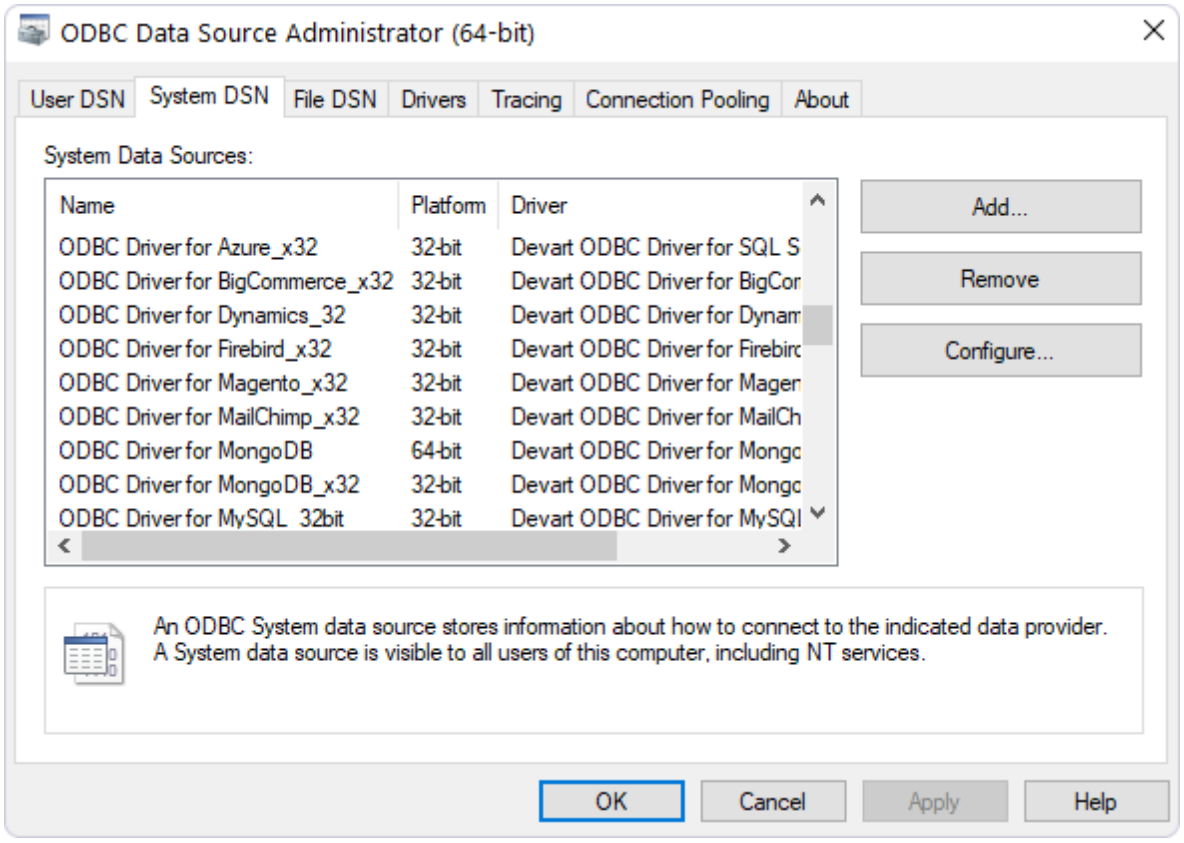
Driver Activation After Installation

To activate your installed driver, perform the following steps.

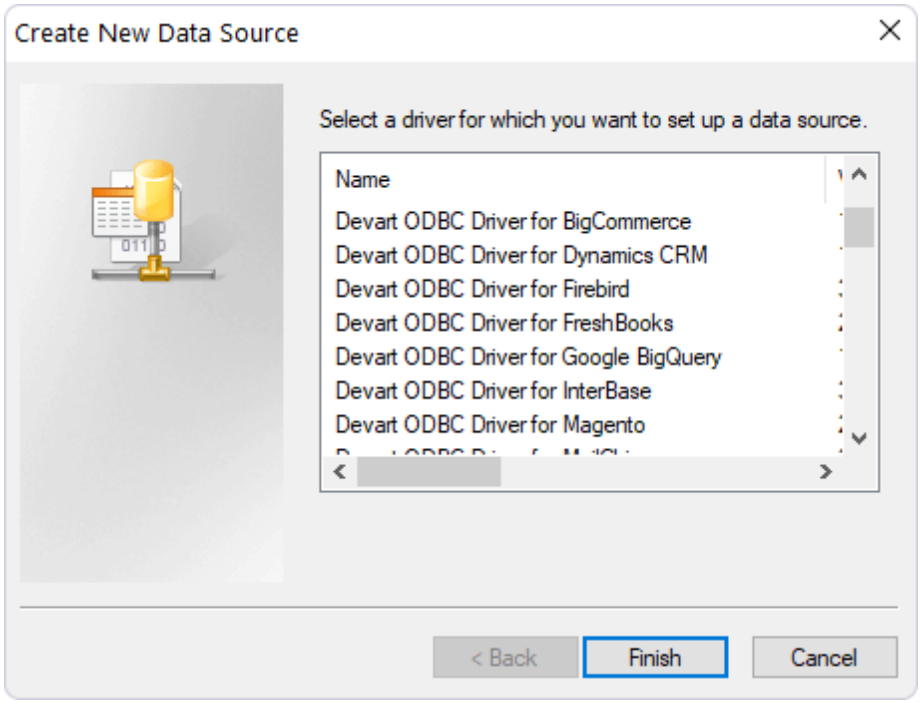
You need to activate the driver even for the trial version.

1. Open the ODBC Data Source Administrator.

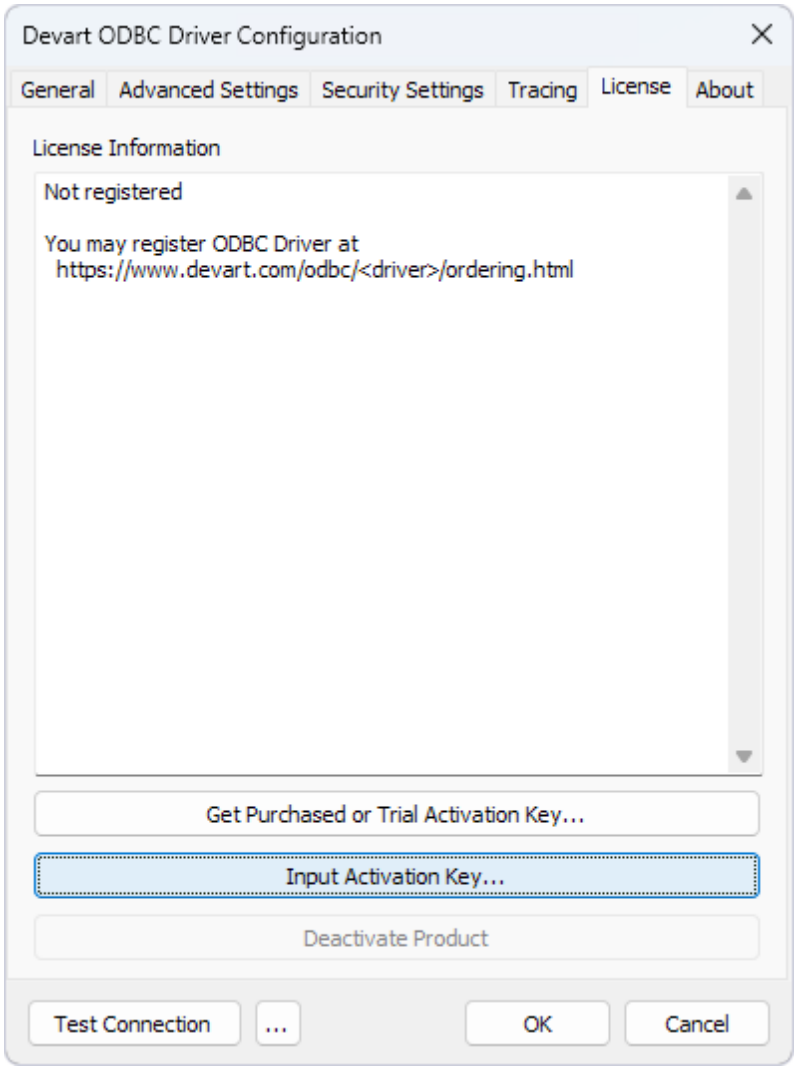
2. On the **System DSN** tab, click **Add**.



3. In the **Create New Data Source** dialog, select the installed driver, then click **Finish**.



4. In the configuration dialog, navigate to the **License** tab, and click **Input Activation Key**.

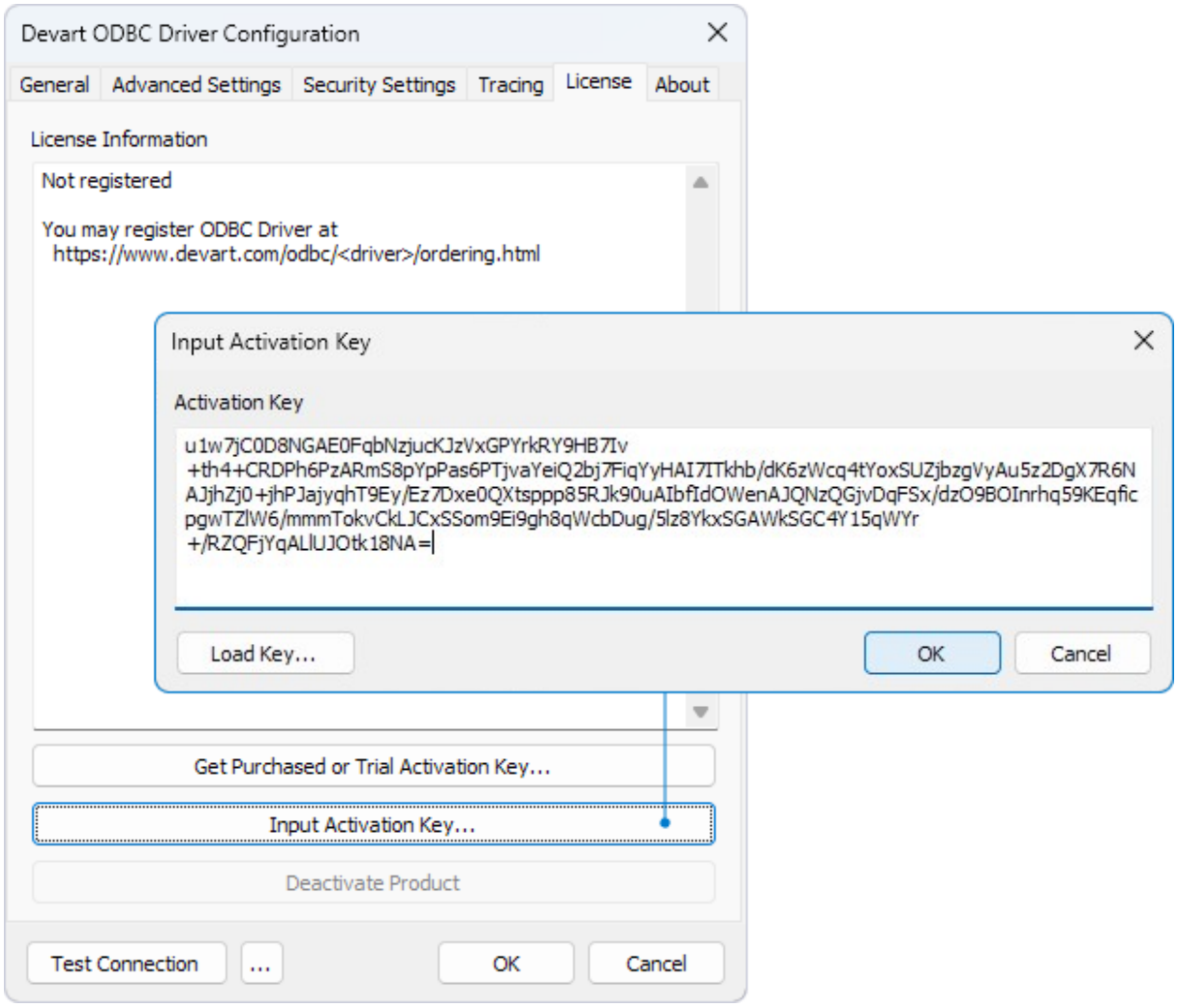


5. Here, you can activate the driver using one of the following methods:

   - **Enter an activation key:** Paste your activation key into the corresponding box.
   - **Load an activation file:** Click **Load Key** and select the file that contains the activation key.

   You can find your activation key in the registration email or your Customer Portal account.

   To open the Customer Portal, click **Get Purchased or Trial Activation Key**.



6. Click **OK**.

3.3.3 Activation on macOS

Driver Activation After Installation

If you didn't activate Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics during installation, you can activate it later using one of two methods:

- Online via a console application (for Perpetual and Subscription licenses).
- Offline with an activation file (only for Perpetual licenses).

You need to activate the driver even for the trial version.

Activate Online via a Console Application

To activate the driver over the internet using a console application, follow these steps (this method works for both Perpetual and Subscription licenses):

1. In the console, go to the folder where the driver was installed. The default installation path is `/Library/ODBC/Devart/SqlSynapse`.
2. Optional: To open the Customer Portal in your browser and locate your activation key, run the following command:

```
./sqlsynapseodbcactivator -g
```

Alternatively, you can find your activation key in the registration email.

3. Run the activation command with superuser privilege, providing either the driver activation key or the path of the file with the key:

- To activate using the activation key:

```
sudo ./sqlsynapseodbcactivator -a <activation_key>
```

Replace `<activation_key>` with the driver activation key.

- To activate using a file:

```
sudo ./sqlsynapseodbcactivator -a <file_path>
```

Replace `<file_path>` with the full path of the file containing the driver activation key.

When the process is complete, the driver is activated, and the License Summary is displayed in the console.

Activate Offline With an Activation File

To activate the driver offline (only for Perpetual licenses), follow these steps:

1. Go to the folder where the driver was installed. The default installation path is `/Library/ODBC/Devart/SqlSynapse`.
2. In that folder, create a file with the `activation.key` name.

3. Copy the activation key from the registration email or your Customer Portal account and paste it into the created file.
4. Save the file.

The driver gets activated.

See also:

- Activation on Windows
- Activation on Linux

3.3.4 Activation on Linux

Driver Activation After Installation

If you didn't activate Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics during installation, you can activate it later using one of two methods:

- Online via a console application (for Perpetual and Subscription licenses).
- Offline with an activation file (only for Perpetual licenses).

You need to activate the driver even for the trial version.

Activate Online via a Console Application

To activate the driver over the internet using a console application, follow these steps (this method works for both Perpetual and Subscription licenses):

1. In the console, go to the folder where the driver was installed. The default installation path is:
   - For the DEB package: `/usr/share/devart/odbcsqlsynapse`
   - For the RPM package: `/usr/local/devart/odbcsqlsynapse`
2. Optional: To open the Customer Portal in your browser and locate your activation key, run the following command:

```
./sqlsynapseodbcactivator -g
```

Alternatively, you can find your activation key in the registration email.

3. Run the activation command with superuser privilege, providing either the driver activation key or the path of the file with the key:

   - To activate using the activation key:

   ```
   sudo ./sqlsynapseodbcactivator -a <activation_key>
   ```

   Replace `<activation_key>` with the driver activation key.

   - To activate using a file:

   ```
   sudo ./sqlsynapseodbcactivator -a <file_path>
   ```

   Replace `<file_path>` with the full path of the file containing the driver activation key.

When the process is complete, the driver is activated, and the License Summary is displayed in the console.

Activate Offline With an Activation File

To activate the driver offline (only for Perpetual licenses), follow these steps:

1. Go to the folder where the driver was installed. The default installation path is:
   - For the DEB package: `/usr/share/devart/odbcsqlsynapse`
   - For the RPM package: `/usr/local/devart/odbcsqlsynapse`
2. In that folder, create a file with the `activation.key` name.
3. Copy the activation key from the registration email or your Customer Portal account and paste it into the created file.
4. Save the file.

The driver gets activated.

See also:

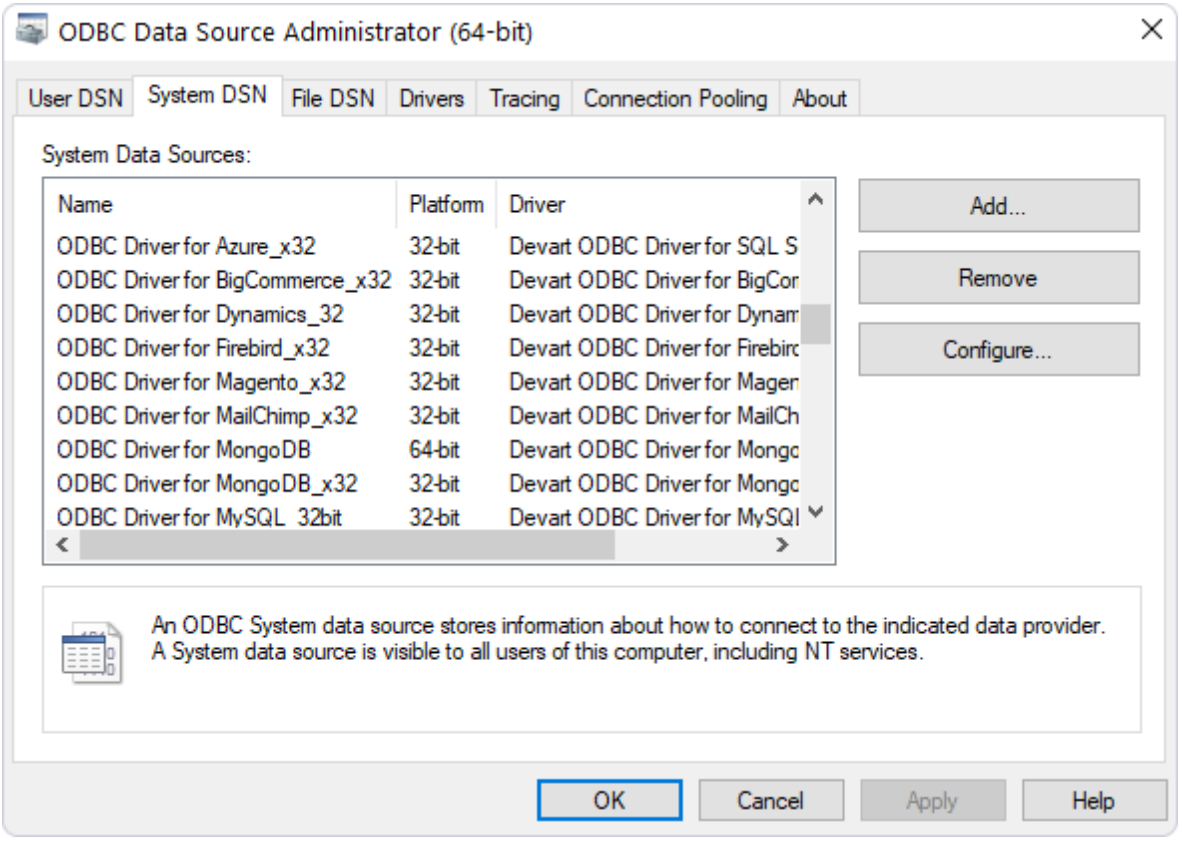
- Activation on Windows

- Activation on macOS

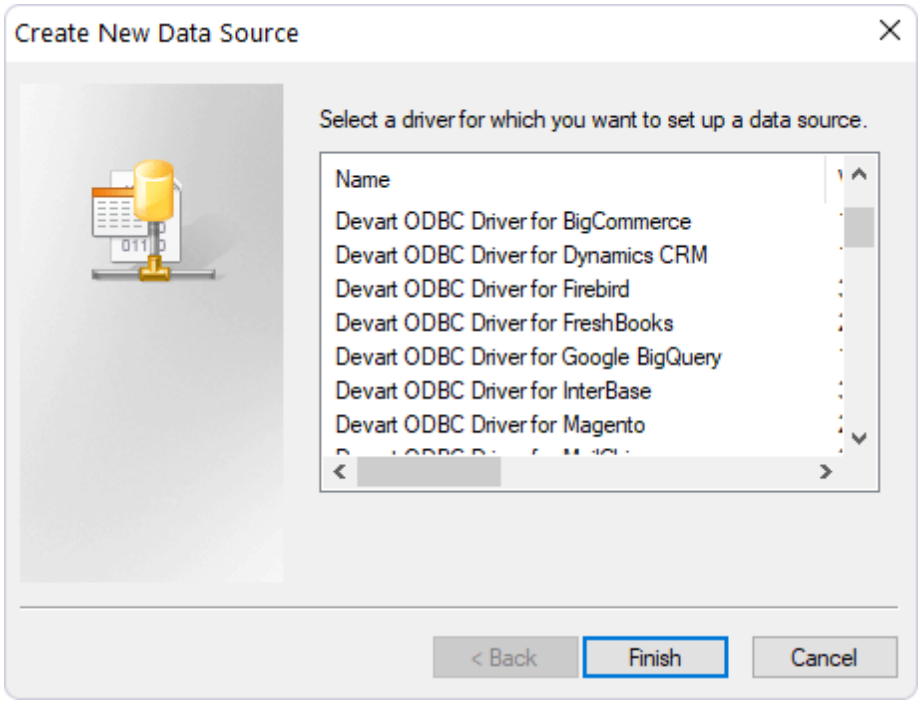
3.3.5 Where to See the License Information?

To see the license information of your installed driver, do the following:

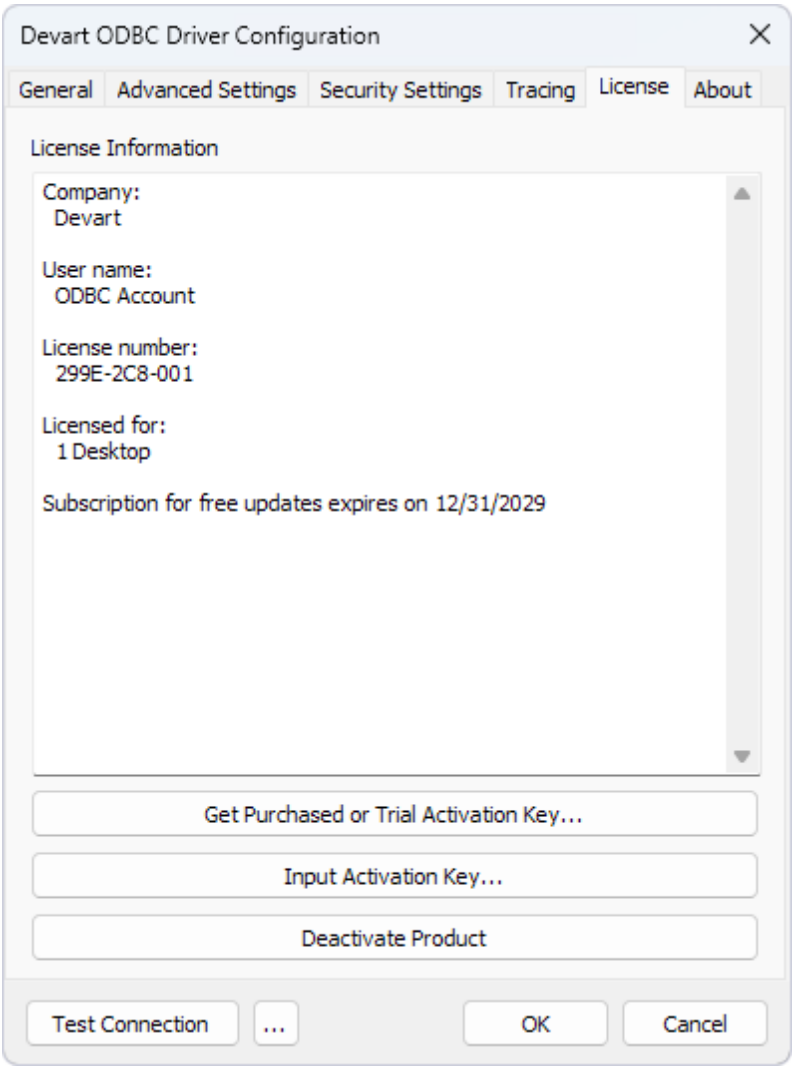
1. Open the ODBC Data Source Administrator.
2. On the **System DSN** tab, click **Add**.



3. Select the driver, then click **Finish**.



4. In the configuration dialogue, navigate to the **License** tab to view the license details.



3.4 Connecting to Azure Synapse Analytics

See how to connect to the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics:

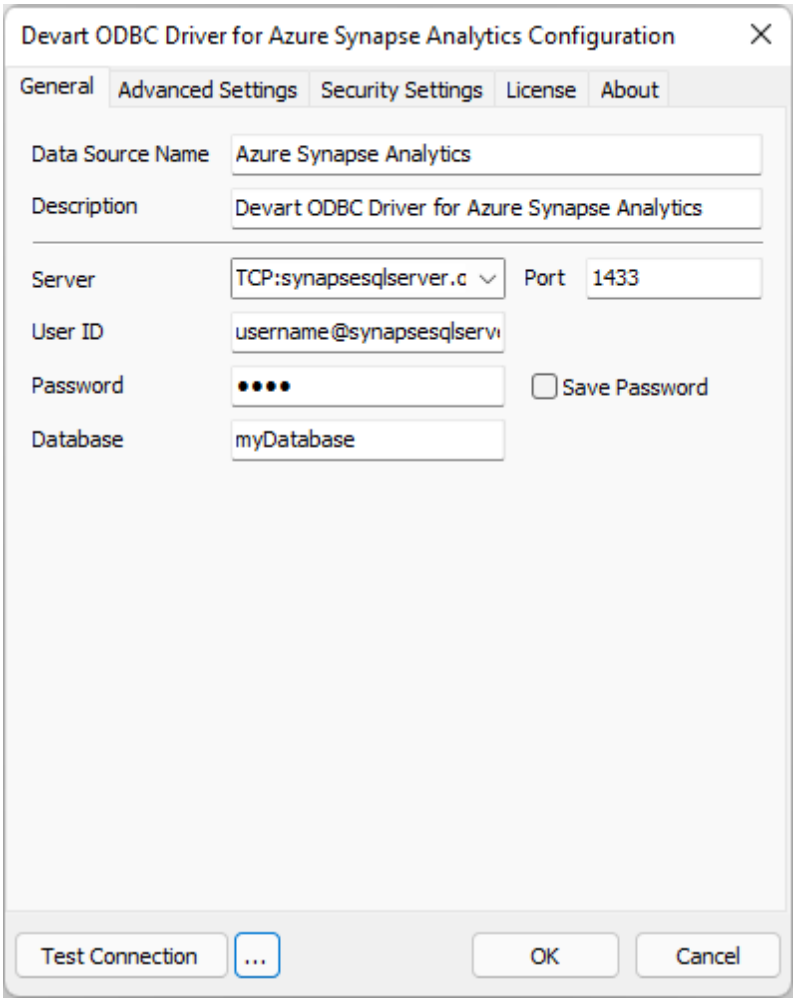
- Windows DSN Configuration
- macOS DSN Configuration
- Linux DSN Configuration

3.4.1 Windows

Windows DSN Configuration

After installing the driver, create a DSN for Azure Synapse Analytics in the ODBC Data Source Administrator.

1. Open the ODBC Data Source Administrator.
   - Type `ODBC Data Sources` in the Windows search box and choose the application that matches the bitness of the third-party application (32-bit or 64-bit). You can also open **ODBC Data Sources** from **Control Panel** > **Administrative Tools**. Note that before Windows 8, the icon was named **Data Sources (ODBC)**.
   - Alternatively, you can run `C:\Windows\SysWOW64\odbcad32.exe` to create a 32-bit DSN or `C:\Windows\System32\odbcad32.exe` to create a 64-bit DSN.
2. Select the **User DSN** or **System DSN** tab. Most applications work with both types, yet some applications require a specific type of DSN.
3. Click **Add**. The **Create New Data Source** dialog will appear.
4. Select **Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics** and click **Finish**. The driver setup dialog will open.
5. Enter the connection information in the appropriate fields.



6. You can test the connectivity by clicking **Test Connection**.

7. Click **OK** to save the DSN.

See Also

Connection Options

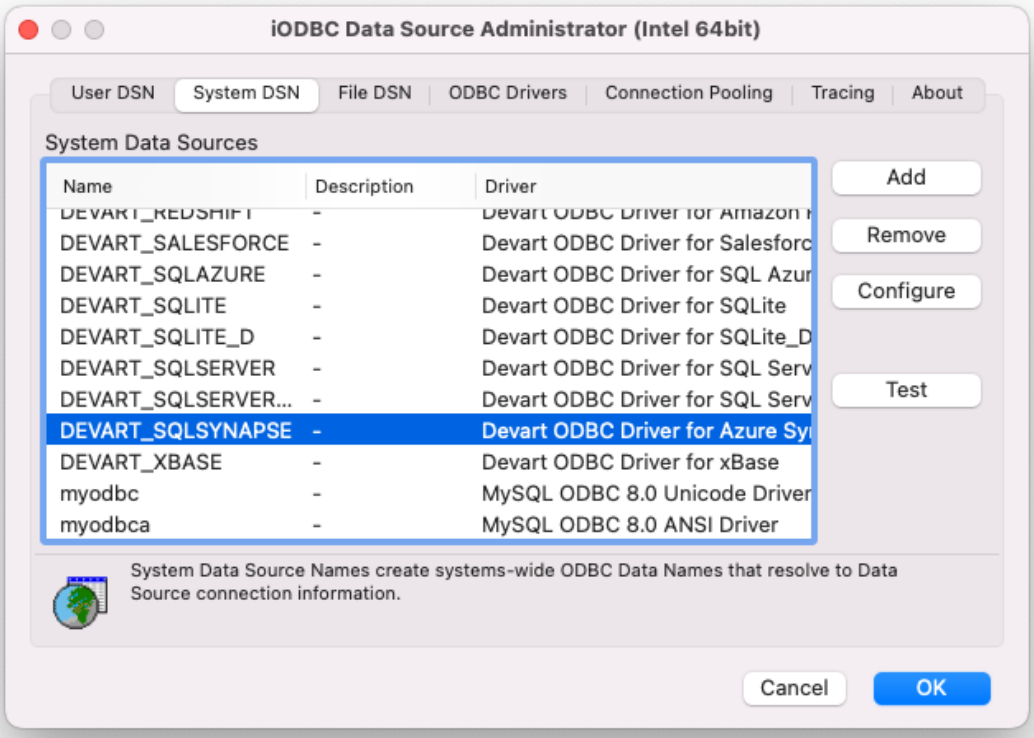
3.4.2 Mac

macOS DSN Configuration

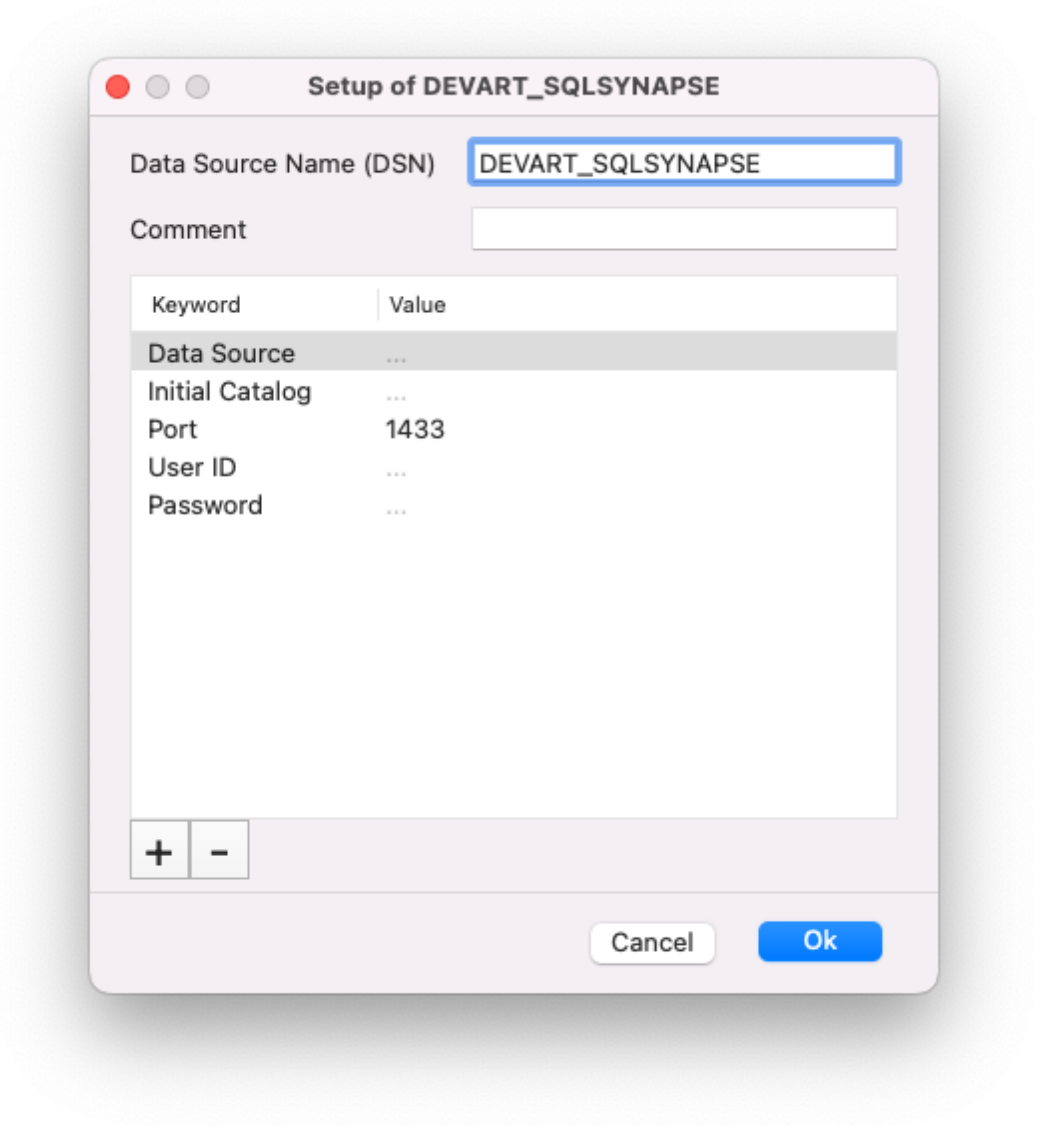
After the driver is installed, DSN with the name DEVART_AZURESYNAPSEANALYTICS is created. You can use it to test a connection with AZURESYNAPSEANALYTICS server. For

this, perform the following steps:

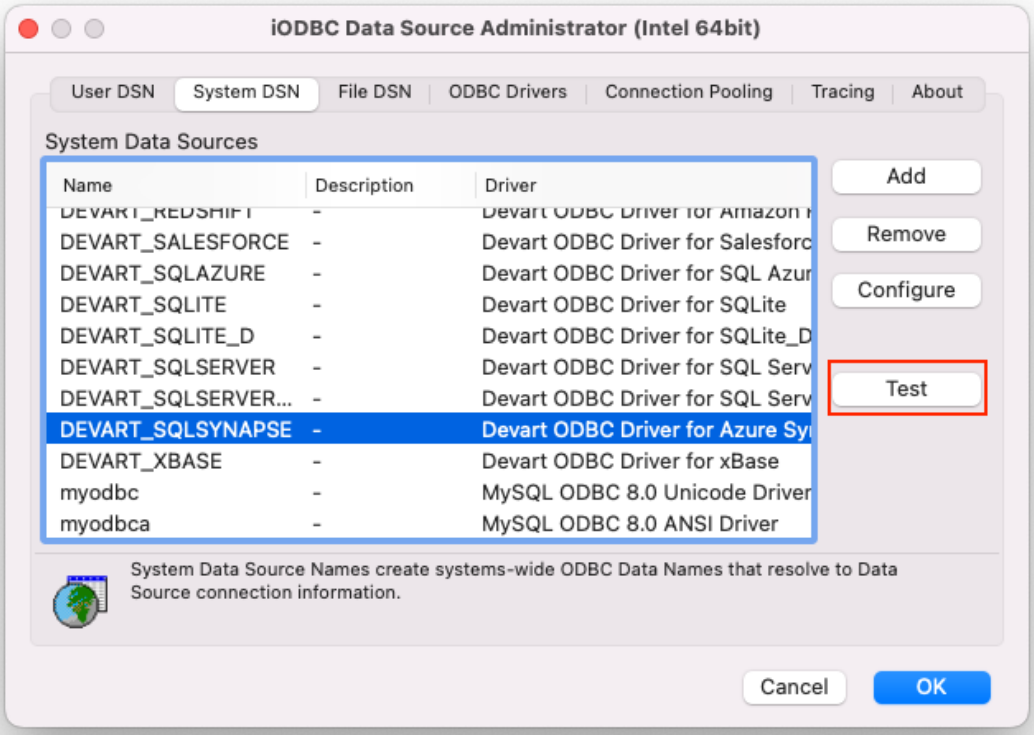
1. Run the iODBC utility of the required bitness. Find the DEVART_AZURESYNAPSEANALYTICS section and click the Configure button:



2. In the appeared dialog, specify the required connection settings and click OK.



3. Now click the Test button to establish a test connection to your data source.



See Also

Connection Options

3.4.3 Linux

Linux DSN Configuration

After the linux (DEB or RPM) driver is installed, a DSN with the name DEVART_AZURESYNAPSEANALYTICS is created. You can use it to test the connection with the AZURESYNAPSEANALYTICS server. For this, perform the following steps:

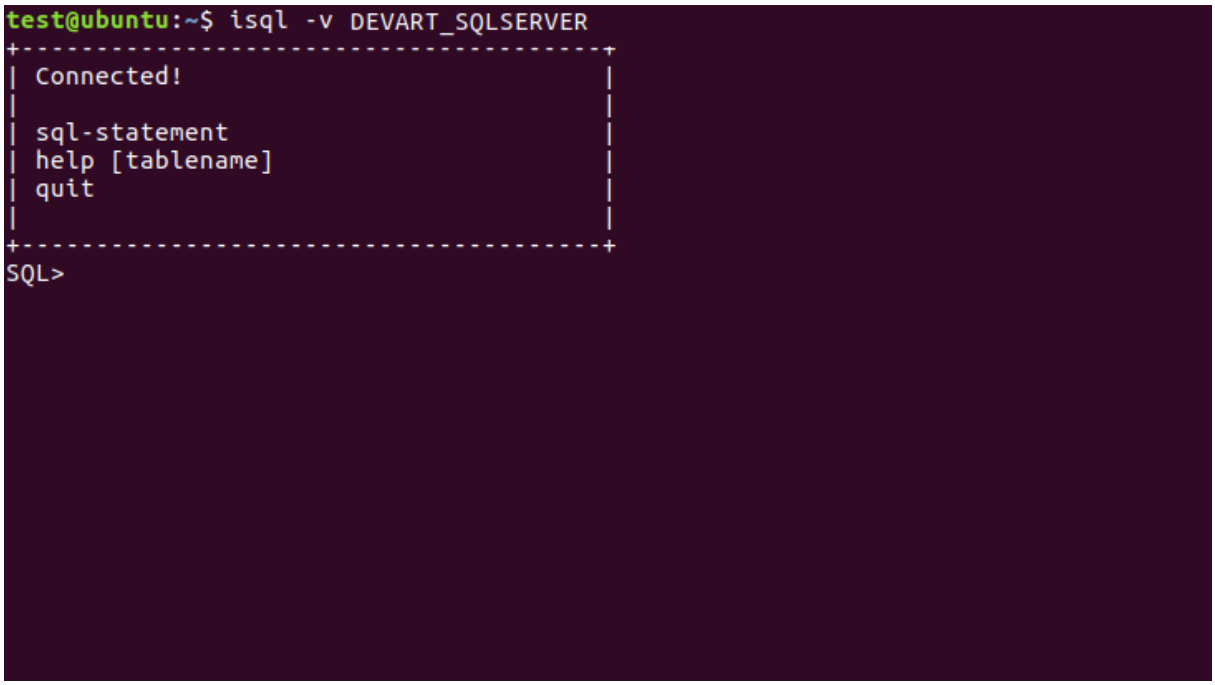
1. Open the odbc.ini file located in the /etc folder. Find the DEVART_AZURESYNAPSEANALYTICS section and specify the required connection settings:

```
User ID=<your Azure Synapse Analytics user name>
```

```
Password=<your Azure Synapse Analytics password>
Server=<your Azure Synapse Analytics server address>
Port=<your Azure Synapse Analytics port>
Database=<your Azure Synapse Analytics database name>
```

2. Run the UnixODBC Test Command utility and test a connection using the following command:

```
isql -v DEVART_AZURESYNAPSEANALYTICS
```



See Also

Connection Options

3.5 Connection String Parameters

Azure Synapse Analytics ODBC Connection String Parameters

The following table lists the connection string parameters for Azure Synapse Analytics.

Parameter	Description

Database	Used to set the name of the database
Password	Used to supply a password for login.
Port	Used to specify the port number for the connection. 1433 by default.
Server	Serves to supply the server name for login.
User ID	Used to supply a user name for login.
Advanced Settings	
Allow NULL strings	To retrieve metadata, not all parameters according to MSDN can accept a null value. If NULL, the driver should return an error. But some 3rd-party tools pass NULL to the parameters. These options should be enabled for compatibility with such tools.
Empty strings as NULL	
ApplicationIntent	Used to specify the application workload type when connecting to a server.
ApplicationName	The name of a client application. The default value is the name of the executable file of your application.
Connection Timeout	The time (in seconds) to wait for a connection to open before terminating an attempt. The default value is 15.

`IP Version`	The Internet Protocol Version.
	`ivIPv4`
	The default value. Internet Protocol Version 4 (IPv4) is used.
	`ivIPv6`
	Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) is used.
	`ivIPBoth`

	Either Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) or Version 4 (IPv4) is used. Note: When the property is set to `ivIPBoth`, a connection attempt is made via `IPv6` if it is enabled in the operating system. If the connection attempt fails, a new connection attempt is made via `IPv4`.
Auto Translate	Determines how ANSI character strings are translated.
Encryption for Data	A way of translating data from unencrypted to encrypted text.
MultipleActiveResultSets	Enables support for the Multiple Active Result Sets (MARS) technology.
MultipleConnections	Enables or disables the creation of additional connections to support concurrent sessions, commands and rowset objects.
Trust Server Certificate	Specifies whether to verify the server certificate during an SSL handshake. When the value is *True*, the driver bypasses walking the certificate chain to verify the certificate. The default value is *False*.
ODBC Behavior	Used to set the behavior corresponding to the ODBC specification version that a third-party tool expects. The behavior of ODBC driver can be changed by setting a value for the SQL_ATTR_ODBC_VERSION attribute by calling the SQLSetEnvAttr function. But some third-party tools expect the driver to exhibit ODBC 2.x behavior, but forget to call

	SQLSetEnvAttr with the specified version or pass an incorrect value there. In this case, the required behavior can be explicitly specified in the Connection String by setting the ODBC Behavior parameter. The possible values are: • Default - default ODBC behavior determined by a third-party tool. • Ver 2.x - ODBC 2.x behavior is explicitly set. • Ver 3.x - ODBC 3.x behavior is explicitly set.
PacketSize	Network packet size in bytes.
RegionalNumberSettings	Enables the use of local regional settings when converting numbers to strings.
RegionalDateTimeSettings	Enables the use of local regional settings when converting dates and times to strings.
String Types	Sets the string value types returned by the driver as Default, Ansi or Unicode. • Default - the driver defines the string types. • Ansi - all string types will be returned as SQL_CHAR, SQL_VARCHAR and SQL_LONGVARCHAR. • Unicode - all string types will be returned as SQL_WCHAR, SQL_WVARCHAR and SQL_WLONGVARCHAR. The parameter value should be changed if

	any third-party tool supports only Ansi string types or Unicode ones.

Sample Azure Synapse Analytics ODBC Connection String

```
DRIVER={Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics};Data
Source=mydatasource;User ID=myuserid;Port=1433
```

See also:

- SSH Connection
- HTTP Tunneling

3.6 Secure Connections

This section describes how to establish secure connections to Azure Synapse Analytics with ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

- SSH Connection
- HTTP Tunneling

3.6.1 SSH Connection

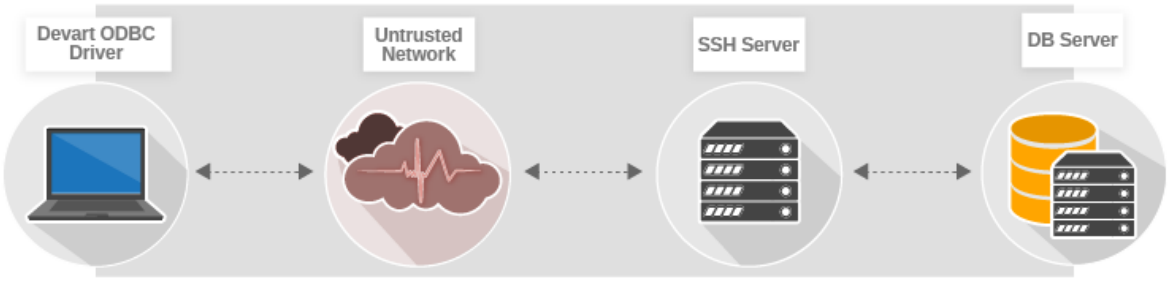
Connecting to Azure Synapse Analytics Using SSH

This section discusses how to connect to Azure Synapse Analytics through SSH. Secure Shell (SSH) is cryptographic network protocol for secure remote login, command execution and file transfer over untrusted networks. SSH uses client-server architecture, connecting an SSH client with an SSH server. The client and server authenticate each other and pass commands and output back and forth. To secure the transmitted data, SSH employs forms of symmetric encryption, assymetric encryption, and hashing.

In symmetric key cryptography, a single key is used by the sending and receiving parties to encrypt and decrypt messages. Assymetric encryption requires two associated keys, the private key and the public key. The public key encrypts messages that can only be decrypted by the private key. The public can key can be freely shared with anyone to autenticate another party, while the private key must be kept secret. The client public key must be stored in a location that is accessible by the SSH server to authenticate the server by the client;

conversely, the server public key must be placed on the client side to authenticate the client by the server. Assymetrical encryption is used during the initial key exchange process to produce the shared secret (session key) to encrypt messages for the duration of the session.

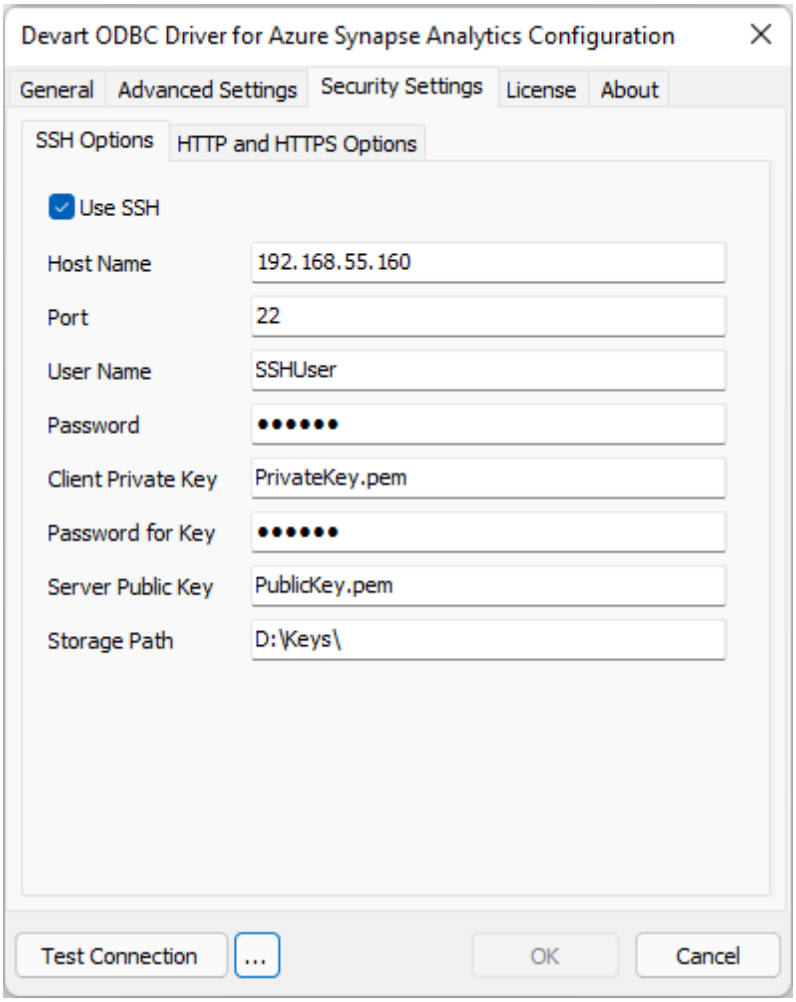
The SSH server listens on default port 22 (this port can be changed) for incoming TCP connections. The SSH client begins the initial TCP handshake with the server and verifies the server's identity. The client and server agree upon the encryption protocol and negotiate a session key. The server then authenticates the client and spawns the right environment. The ODBC driver for Azure Synapse Analytics implements the SSH client feature to connect to the SSH server on the remote machine at the specified port. The SSH server authenticates the client and enables the driver to establish a secure direct connection to Azure Synapse Analytics. Below is a simplified diagram representing the SSH tunneling.



Note: You don't have to install the SSH client since ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics implements the SSH client functionality.

SSH Connection Options

To establish an SSH connection to Azure Synapse Analytics, specify the connection parameters on the `SSH Options` tab under `Security Settings`.



SSH Connection Options:

Option	Description
`Use SSH`	Enables SSH connections.
`SSH Host name`	The host name or IP address of the SSH server.
`SSH Port`	The SSH port number (22 by default).
`SSH User Name`	The username for the account on the SSH server.
`SSH Password`	The password for the account on the SSH

	server.
`SSH Client Key`	The filename of the client private key for key-based authentication.
`SSH Client Key Password`	The passphrase for the client private key.
`SSH Server Key`	The filename of the SSH server public key.
`SSH Storage Path`	The directory where the encryption keys are stored.

Sample Connection String:

3.6.2 HTTP Tunneling

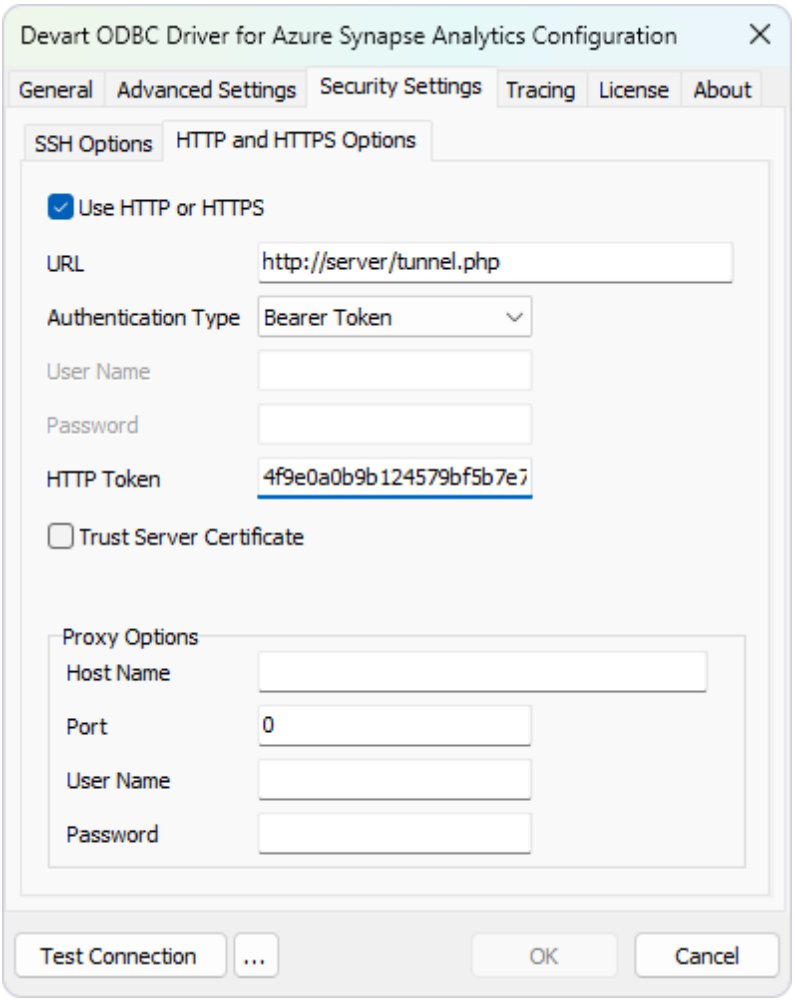
Connecting to Azure Synapse Analytics Using HTTP Tunneling

This section discusses how to connect the ODBC driver to Azure Synapse Analytics through an HTTP tunnel. If you need to connect to Azure Synapse Analytics in conditions of restricted connectivity, e.g. when a database server is hidden behind a firewall, or you need to transmit private network data through a public network, you can set up an HTTP tunnel to create a direct network link between two locations. The tunnel is created by an intermediary called a proxy server.

When Azure Synapse Analytics server is hidden behind a firewall, the client is not able to connect to the server directly on a specified port. If the firewall allows HTTP connections, you can use the ODBC driver with a properly configured web server to connect to the database server. The driver supports HTTP tunneling based on the PHP script.

A possible scenario of using HTTP tunneling: the client needs to access the database of a website from a remote machine, but access to the designated port of the database server is forbidden — only connections on the HTTP port 80 are allowed. To establish a connection in this situation, you must deploy the `tunnel.php` script, which is distributed with the driver, on the web server. It enables access to the database server through an HTTP tunnel. The script must be accessible through HTTP. You can verify the script accessibility using any web browser. The script file is located in the "C:\Program Files (x86)\Devart\ODBC\Azure Synapse Analytics\http\tunnel.php" folder. The web server must support PHP 5 or later.

To set up an HTTP tunnel, specify the connection parameters on the `HTTP and HTTPS Options` tab under `Security Settings`.



HTTP Tunneling Options

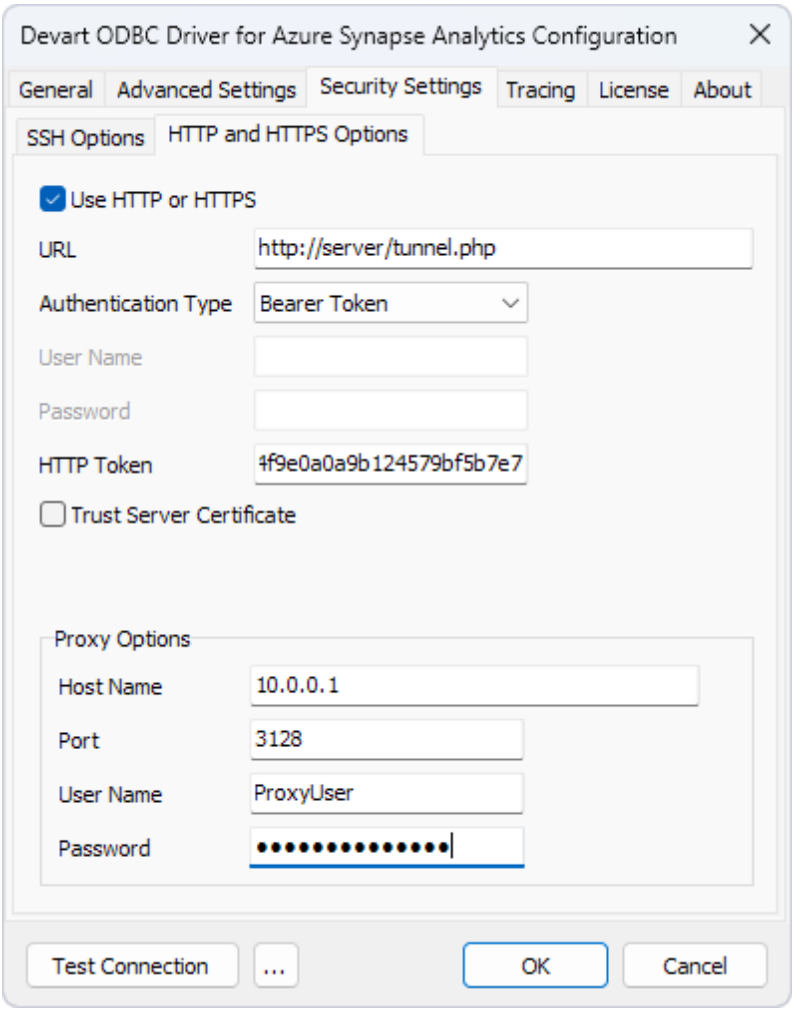
Option	Description
`Use Http`	Enables HTTP tunneling.
`Http Url`	The URL of the PHP script for HTTP tunneling.
`Http User Name`	The username for the password-protected directory that contains the HTTP tunneling script.
`Http Password`	The password for the password-protected directory that contains the HTTP tunneling script.

`Http Trust Server Certificate`	Specifies whether to verify the server certificate during an SSL handshake. When `True`, the driver bypasses walking the certificate chain to verify the certificate. The default value is `False`.
`Http Token`	Stores a token for HTTP authorization. The `Token` property holds the Bearer token used to access the protected directory that contains the HTTP tunneling script.
`Http Authentication Type`	Specifies the HTTP authorization type. The `AuthenticationType` property specifies the HTTP authorization type used to access the secure directory that contains the HTTP tunneling script..

Sample Connection String Using HTTP Tunneling

Connecting Through HTTP Tunnel and Proxy Server

The HTTP tunneling server may be not be directly accessible from the client machine. In this case, you need to additionally provide connection information for the proxy server.



Proxy Options

Option	Description
Proxy Host Name	The proxy hostname or IP address.
Proxy Port	The proxy port.
Proxy User Name	The proxy username.
Proxy Password	The proxy password.

Sample Connection String Using HTTP Tunneling and Proxy Server

Additional Information

There is one more way to tunnel network traffic. The Secure Shell forwarding, or SSH, can be

used for data forwarding. However, SSH is designed to encrypt traffic rather than traverse firewalls. The Connecting via SSH document describes how to set up an SSH connection in the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

Note that traffic tunneling or encryption increases the CPU and bandwidth usage. It is recommended that you use direct connection whenever possible.

3.7 Sandboxed Apps on macOS

Sandboxed Apps on macOS

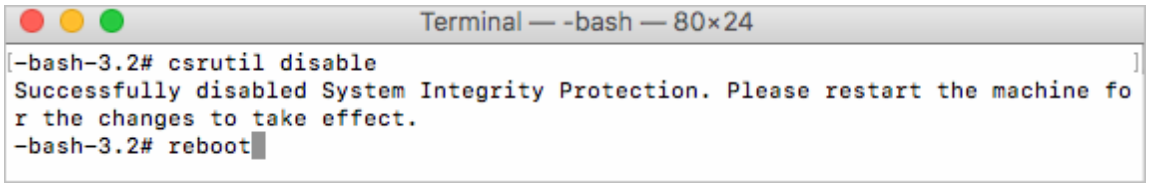
Sandboxed applications don't have permission to access iODBC Driver Manager on macOS. This is caused by the System Integrity Protection (SIP) technology on macOS which protects your files and folders from potentially malicious software by locking the application. When accessing a data source from an application like Excel through the ODBC driver for Azure Synapse Analytics, you may get an error message saying that the driver is unable to create a file.

Note: All third-party applications distributed through the Mac App Store are sandboxed.

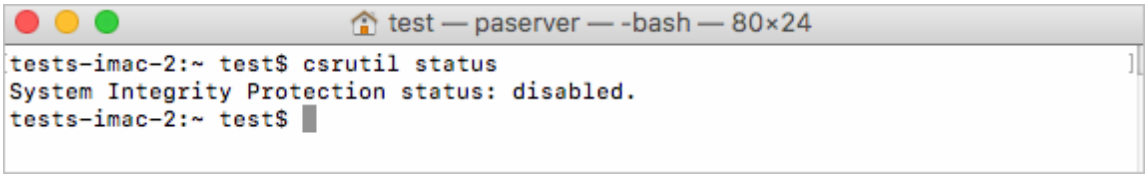
Disabling System Integration Protection (SIP) on macOS

To resolve the issue, you should turn off SIP on your computer:

1. Restart your computer in **Recovery mode** (hold down **Command + R** until you see the Apple logo).
2. Select **Utilities** > **Terminal**.
3. In the Terminal window, enter `csrutil disable`.



4. Restart your computer.
5. Enter `csrutil status` to check the status of SIP.



Enable SIP after you finish working with an ODBC data source. To turn on SIP, enter `csrutil enable` and restart your computer.

3.8 Using the Driver with iODBC

Using the Driver with iODBC

Among known issues with iODBC driver manager is incorrect handling of the following ODBC data types:

- SQL_WCHAR
- SQL_WVARCHAR
- SQL_WLONGVARCHAR

For this reason, we recommend using the following data types instead:

- SQL_CHAR
- SQL_VARCHAR
- SQL_LONGVARCHAR

If you have to work with the SQL_WCHAR, SQL_WVARCHAR, and SQL_WLONGVARCHAR data types, we recommend that you use the unixODBC driver manager rather than iODBC.

3.9 Enabling ODBC Tracing

Creating an ODBC Trace Log on Windows

When you start or stop tracing in the 64-bit ODBC Administrator, the tracing is also enabled or disabled in the 32-bit ODBC Administrator, and vice versa.

If the ODBC client application you need to trace runs under Local System account or any

other user login than your own, select `Machine-Wide tracing for all user identities`. For example, this option may be necessary for SSMS.

To generate a trace file using ODBC Source Administrator on Windows, follow the steps below.

1. Type `ODBC Data Sources` in the Windows 10 search box (in earlier versions of Windows, open `Control Panel` > `Administrative Tools`) and choose the application of the needed bitness.
2. Select the `Tracing` tab.
3. If necessary, change the default `Log File Path`. Make sure that the path is writable by the application, then click `Apply`.
4. Click `Start Tracing Now`.
5. Restart all application processes.
6. Click `Test Connection` in the DSN settings to make sure the driver is able to connect.
7. Reproduce the issue.
8. Click `Stop Tracing Now` on the `Tracing` tab.
9. Send us the obtained log file (for example, devart.log).

3.10 Usage Statistics

Usage Statistics

ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics can collect anonymous usage statistics. This data helps us improve product quality, resolve issues faster, and better understand how our products are used.

The collected data is anonymous and does not include personal information. The amount of transmitted data is minimal and is used only for diagnostic and product improvement purposes.

Collected Data

The driver collects the following data:

- Product name and version.

- Name of the process (application) using the driver.
- License information: license type, license number, and license status.
- Operating system name and version, number of processor cores.
- An anonymous user identifier.

> The user identifier is an internal ID generated only for statistical purposes. It is not the operating system user name and cannot be used to identify the actual user.

- An anonymous hardware identifier.

> The hardware identifier is an internal ID generated only for statistical purposes. It does not contain any data that can identify specific hardware.

- Database server name and version.
- Names of connection parameters used to connect to the database server.

> Only parameter names are collected. We do not collect parameter values such as database name, user name, or password.

- Connection result: success, or a numeric error code if the connection fails.

> Only the numeric error codes are collected. We do not collect full error messages, which might contain sensitive data (for example, database or user names).

Default Settings

Usage statistics is enabled by default when you install the driver.

To disable usage statistics, follow the instructions for your operating system:

- Enable or Disable Usage Statistics on Windows
- Enable or Disable Usage Statistics on macOS
- Enable or Disable Usage Statistics on Linux

3.10.1 Enable or Disable on Windows

Enable or Disable Usage Statistics on Windows

Usage statistics is enabled by default when you install the driver. You can disable it in one of the following ways:

- **During installation**: In the installation wizard or from the command line.
- **After installation**: By editing the Windows Registry.

Disable Usage Statistics in the Installation Wizard

To disable usage statistics in the installation wizard, clear the **Improvement Program** checkbox on the last page of the wizard. The checkbox is selected by default.

Disable Usage Statistics From the Command Line

When you install the driver from the command line, you can disable usage statistics by adding the `/NOUSAGESTATISTICS` parameter to the command.

Silent and Very Silent Mode

To disable statistics during silent or very silent installation with the EXE installer, run one of the following commands:

```
DevartODBCSQLSynapse.exe /NOUSAGESTATISTICS /SILENT
```

```
DevartODBCSQLSynapse.exe /NOUSAGESTATISTICS /VERYSILENT
```

Quiet Mode

To disable statistics during quiet installation with the MSI installer, run the following command as an administrator:

```
msiexec /i DevartODBCSQLSynapse.msi /q NOUSAGESTATISTICS=true
```

Change Usage Statistics Settings in the Windows Registry

To enable or disable usage statistics for an installed driver, edit the Windows Registry as follows:

1. Open the Registry Editor. To do this, press **Win+R**, type `regedit` in the **Run** dialog, and press **Enter**.
2. Depending on your driver version, navigate to one of the following keys:
   - 64-bit driver: `HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\ODBC\ODBCINST.INI\Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics`
   - 32-bit driver: `HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\WOW6432Node\ODBC\ODBCINST.INI\Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics`
3. Set the value of the `UsageStatistics` parameter to `False` to disable statistics, or `True` to enable statistics.

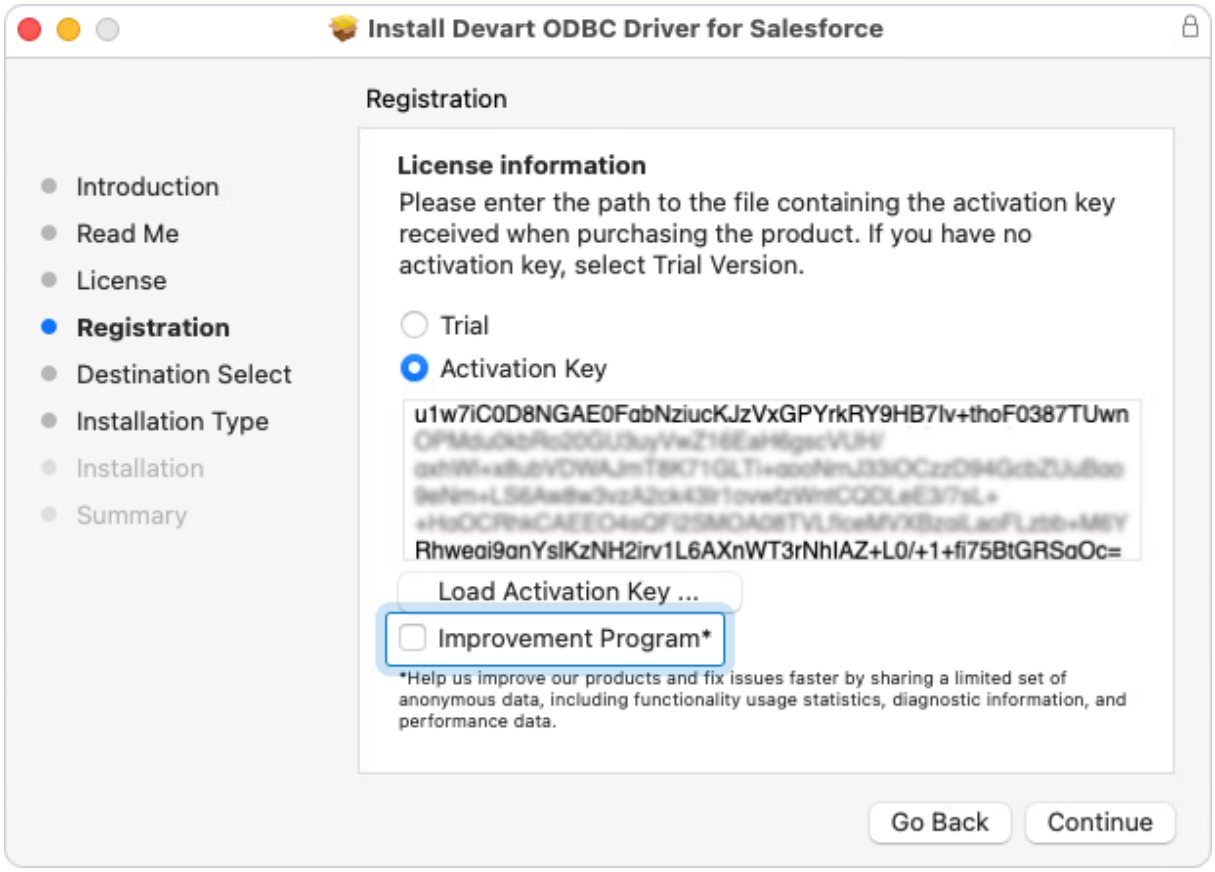
3.10.2 Enable or Disable on macOS

Enable or Disable Usage Statistics on macOS

Usage statistics is enabled by default when you install the driver. You can disable it in the installation wizard or later using a console application.

Disable Usage Statistics in the Installation Wizard

To disable usage statistics in the installation wizard, on the **Registration** page, clear the **Improvement Program** checkbox.



Enable or Disable Usage Statistics in a Console Application

To enable or disable usage statistics using a console application:

1. In the console, go to the folder where the driver was installed. The default installation path for the driver is `/Library/ODBC/Devart/SqlSynapse`.
2. Run the activation command with superuser privileges using the `-u` option. Set the value to `false` to disable usage statistics or `true` to enable it.
   - To disable usage statistics: `sudo ./sqlsynapseodbcactivator -u false`
   - To enable usage statistics: `sudo ./sqlsynapseodbcactivator -u true`

3.10.3 Enable or Disable on Linux

Enable or Disable Usage Statistics on Linux

Usage statistics is enabled by default when you install the driver. The graphical installer

doesn't provide an option to disable usage statistics. You can disable statistics during package installation or after installation using a console application.

Disable Usage Statistics During Package Installation

To disable usage statistics when installing a DEB or RPM package, set the `NOUSAGESTATISTICS` environment variable to `true`.

DEB Package

To disable usage statistics when installing a DEB package, run the following command:

```
sudo NOUSAGESTATISTICS=true dpkg -i devartodbcsqlsynapse.deb
```

RPM Package

To disable usage statistics when installing an RPM package, run the following command:

```
sudo NOUSAGESTATISTICS=true rpm -ivh devartodbcsqlsynapse.rpm
```

Enable or Disable Usage Statistics After Installation

To enable or disable usage statistics for an installed driver, use a console application.

1. In the console, go to the folder where the driver was installed. The default installation path is:
   - DEB package: `/usr/share/devart/odbcsqlsynapse`
   - RPM package: `/usr/local/devart/odbcsqlsynapse`
2. Run the activation command with superuser privileges using the `-u` option. Set the value to `false` to disable usage statistics or `true` to enable it.
   - To disable usage statistics:

```
sudo ./sqlsynapseodbcactivator -u false -i /etc
```

   - To enable usage statistics:

```
sudo ./sqlsynapseodbcactivator -u true -i /etc
```

3.11 Supported Data Types

Data Type Mapping

The Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics supports all Azure Synapse Analytics

data types.

The following table describes how the Azure Synapse Analytics data types are mapped to the ODBC data types.

Azure Synapse Analytics Data Types	ODBC Data Types
Datetime	SQL_TYPE_TIMESTAMP SQL_TIMESTAMP
Smalldatetime	SQL_TYPE_TIMESTAMP SQL_TIMESTAMP
Date	SQL_TYPE_DATE SQL_DATE
Time	SQL_SS_TIME2
Datetime2	SQL_TYPE_TIMESTAMP SQL_TIMESTAMP
DatetimeOFFSET	SQL_SS_TIMESTAMPOFFSET

3.12 Supported ODBC API Functions

Supported ODBC Functions

The SQLGetInfo function returns information about the driver and data source. To find out whether a specific function is supported in the driver, call SQLGetFunctions.

For more information about the ODBC interface, see the ODBC Programmer's Reference.

ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics supports all deprecated functions for backward compatibility.

The following table lists the currently supported ODBC functions.

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLAllocHandle	✓	ISO 92	Obtains an environment, connection, statement, or descriptor handle.
SQLConnect	✓	ISO 92	Connects to a

			specific driver by data source name, user ID, and password.
SQLDriverConnect	✓	ODBC	Connects to a specific driver by connection string or requests that the Driver Manager and driver display connection dialog boxes for the user.
SQLAllocEnv	✓	Deprecated	Obtains an environment handle allocated from driver.
SQLAllocConnect	✓	Deprecated	Obtains a connection handle

ODBC API Calls for Obtaining Information about a Driver and Data Source

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLDataSources	✓	ISO 92	Returns the list of available data sources, handled by the Driver Manager
SQLDrivers	✓	ODBC	Returns the list of installed drivers and their attributes, handles by Driver

			Manager
SQLGetInfo	✓	ISO 92	Returns information about a specific driver and data source.
SQLGetFunctions	✓	ISO 92	Returns the functions supported by the driver.
SQLGetTypeInfo	✓	ISO 92	Returns information about supported data types.

ODBC API Calls for Setting and Retrieving Driver Attributes

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLSetConnectAttr	✓	ISO 92	Sets a connection attribute.
SQLGetConnectAttr	✓	ISO 92	Returns the value of a connection attribute.
SQLSetConnectOption	✓	Deprecated	Sets a connection option
SQLGetConnectOption	✓	Deprecated	Returns the value of a connection option
SQLSetEnvAttr	✓	ISO 92	Sets an environment attribute.
SQLGetEnvAttr	✓	ISO 92	Returns the value of an environment attribute.

SQLSetStmtAttr	✓	ISO 92	Sets a statement attribute.
SQLGetStmtAttr	✓	ISO 92	Returns the value of a statement attribute.
SQLSetStmtOption	✓	Deprecated	Sets a statement option
SQLGetStmtOption	✓	Deprecated	Returns the value of a statement option

ODBC API Calls for Preparing SQL Requests

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLAllocStmt	✓	Deprecated	Allocates a statement handle
SQLPrepare	✓	ISO 92	Prepares an SQL statement for later execution.
SQLBindParameter	✓	ODBC	Assigns storage for a parameter in an SQL statement.
SQLGetCursorName	✓	ISO 92	Returns the cursor name associated with a statement handle.
SQLSetCursorName	✓	ISO 92	Specifies a cursor name.
SQLSetScrollOptions	✓	ODBC	Sets options that control cursor behavior.

ODBC API Calls for Submitting Requests

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLExecute	✓	ISO 92	Executes a prepared statement.
SQLExecDirect	✓	ISO 92	Executes a statement
SQLNativeSql	✓	ODBC	Returns the text of an SQL statement as translated by the driver.
SQLDescribeParam	✓	ODBC	Returns the description for a specific parameter in a statement.
SQLNumParams	✓	ISO 92	Returns the number of parameters in a statement.
SQLParamData	✓	ISO 92	Used in conjunction with SQLPutData to supply parameter data at execution time. (Useful for long data values.)
SQLPutData	✓	ISO 92	Sends part or all of a data value for a parameter. (Useful for long data values.)

ODBC API Calls for Retrieving Results and Information

about Results

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLRowCount	✓	ISO 92	Returns the number of rows affected by an insert, update, or delete request.
SQLNumResultCols	✓	ISO 92	Returns the number of columns in the result set.
SQLDescribeCol	✓	ISO 92	Describes a column in the result set.
SQLColAttribute	✓	ISO 92	Describes attributes of a column in the result set.
SQLColAttributes	✓	Deprecated	Describes attributes of a column in the result set.
SQLFetch	✓	ISO 92	Returns multiple result rows.
SQLFetchScroll	✓	ISO 92	Returns scrollable result rows.
SQLExtendedFetch	✓	Deprecated	Returns scrollable result rows.
SQLSetPos	✓	ODBC	Positions a cursor within a fetched block of data and enables an application to refresh

			data in the rowset or to update or delete data in the result set.
SQLBulkOperations	✓	ODBC	Performs bulk insertions and bulk bookmark operations, including update, delete, and fetch by bookmark.

ODBC API Calls for Retrieving Error or Diagnostic Information

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLError	✓	Deprecated	Returns additional error or status information
SQLGetDiagField	✓	ISO 92	Returns additional diagnostic information (a single field of the diagnostic data structure).
SQLGetDiagRec	✓	ISO 92	Returns additional diagnostic information (multiple fields of the diagnostic data structure).

ODBC API Calls for Obtaining Information About

Database Objects (Catalog Functions)

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLColumnPrivileges	✓	ODBC	Returns a list of columns and associated privileges for one or more tables.
SQLColumns	✓	X/Open	Returns the list of column names in specified tables.
SQLForeignKeys	✓	ODBC	Returns a list of column names that make up foreign keys, if they exist for a specified table.
SQLPrimaryKeys	✓	ODBC	Returns the list of column names that make up the primary key for a table.
SQLProcedureColumns	✓	ODBC	Returns the list of input and output parameters, as well as the columns that constitute the result set for the specified procedures.
SQLProcedures	✓	ODBC	Returns the list of procedure names stored in a specific

			data source.
SQLSpecialColumns	✓	X/Open	Returns information about the optimal set of columns that uniquely identifies a row in a specified table, or the columns that are automatically updated when any value in the row is updated by a transaction.
SQLStatistics	✓	ISO 92	Returns statistics about a single table and the list of indexes associated with the table.
SQLTablePrivileges	✓	ODBC	Returns a list of tables and the privileges associated with each table.
SQLTables	✓	X/Open	Returns the list of table names stored in a specific data source.

ODBC API Calls for Performing Transactions

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLTransact	✓	Deprecated	Commits or rolls back a transaction
SQLEndTran	✓	ISO 92	Commits or rolls back a transaction.

ODBC API Calls for Terminating a Statement

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLFreeStmt	✓	ISO 92	Ends statement processing, discards pending results, and, optionally, frees all resources associated with the statement handle.
SQLCloseCursor	✓	ISO 92	Closes a cursor that has been opened on a statement handle.
SQLCancel	✓	ISO 92	Cancels an SQL statement.

ODBC API Calls for Terminating a Connection

Function Name	Support	Standard	Purpose
SQLDisconnect	✓	ISO 92	Closes the connection.
SQLFreeHandle	✓	ISO 92	Releases an environment, connection, statement, or

			descriptor handle.
SQLFreeConnect	✓	Deprecated	Releases connection handle.
SQLFreeEnv	✓	Deprecated	Releases an environment handle.

4 Using in Third-Party Tools

This section discusses how to use ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics with ODBC-compliant tools.

- DBeaver
- Informatica PowerCenter
- Microsoft Access
- Microsoft Excel
- Microsoft Visual Studio
- OpenOffice and LibreOffice
- Oracle Database Link
- PHP
- Power BI
- Python
- QlikView
- SQL Server Management Studio
- SSIS
- Tableau

4.1 Using in DBeaver

This section describes how to connect DBeaver to Azure Synapse Analytics using Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

- Connect DBeaver Community to Azure Synapse Analytics through ODBC
- Connect DBeaver Enterprise to Azure Synapse Analytics through ODBC

4.1.1 Connect DBeaver Community to Azure Synapse Analytics through ODBC

DBeaver Community and DBeaver Enterprise let users connect to Azure Synapse Analytics via ODBC, enabling SQL-based querying, reporting, and data management.

If you need basic ODBC connectivity to Azure Synapse Analytics and are comfortable with manual configuration using a generic ODBC Connection, choose DBeaver Community—a free, open-source database management tool.

If you require a simplified connection setup with built-in ODBC support, enhanced security, and performance features, you may try DBeaver Enterprise. For more information on connecting to Azure Synapse Analytics data from DBeaver Enterprise, see Connect DBeaver Enterprise to Azure Synapse Analytics through ODBC.

Initial configuration

1. Download `jdbc-odbc-bridge-jre7.jar` and `x64/JdbcOdbc.dll` from Github.

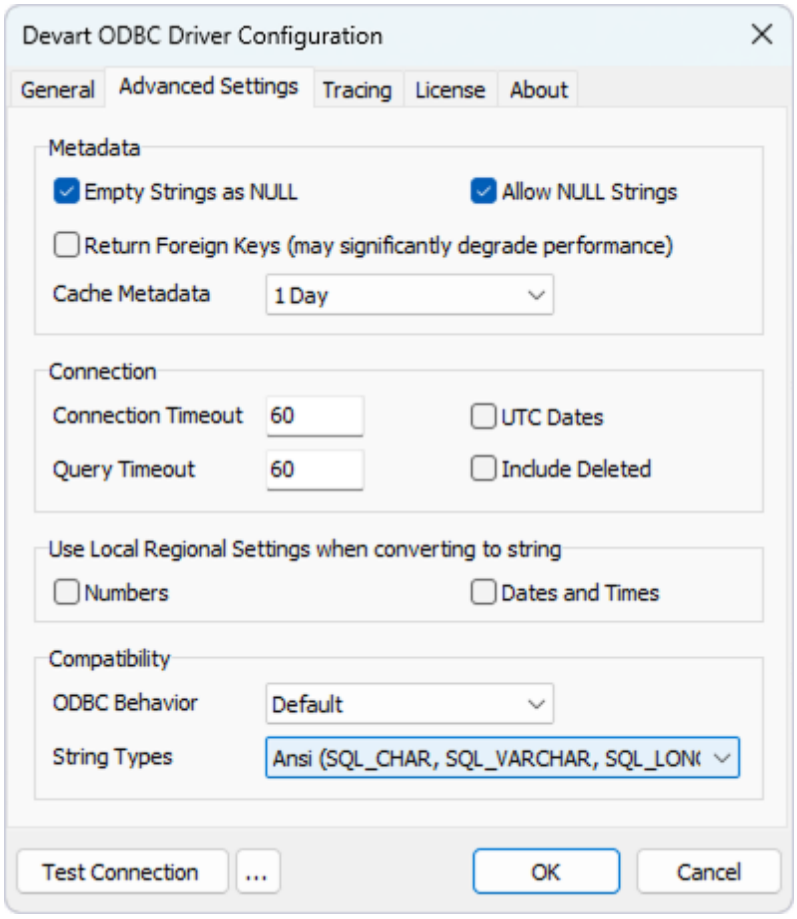
2. Download the **Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 Service Pack 1 Redistributable Package** from the Microsoft website.

The built-in legacy ODBC driver was removed in DBeaver Community Edition 23.1. If you're using an earlier version of DBeaver Community, skip steps 1 and 2.

3. Configure an ODBC data source. For more information, see Windows DSN Configuration.

4. On the **Advanced Settings** tab of the DSN configuration window, select **Ansi** from the **String Types**.

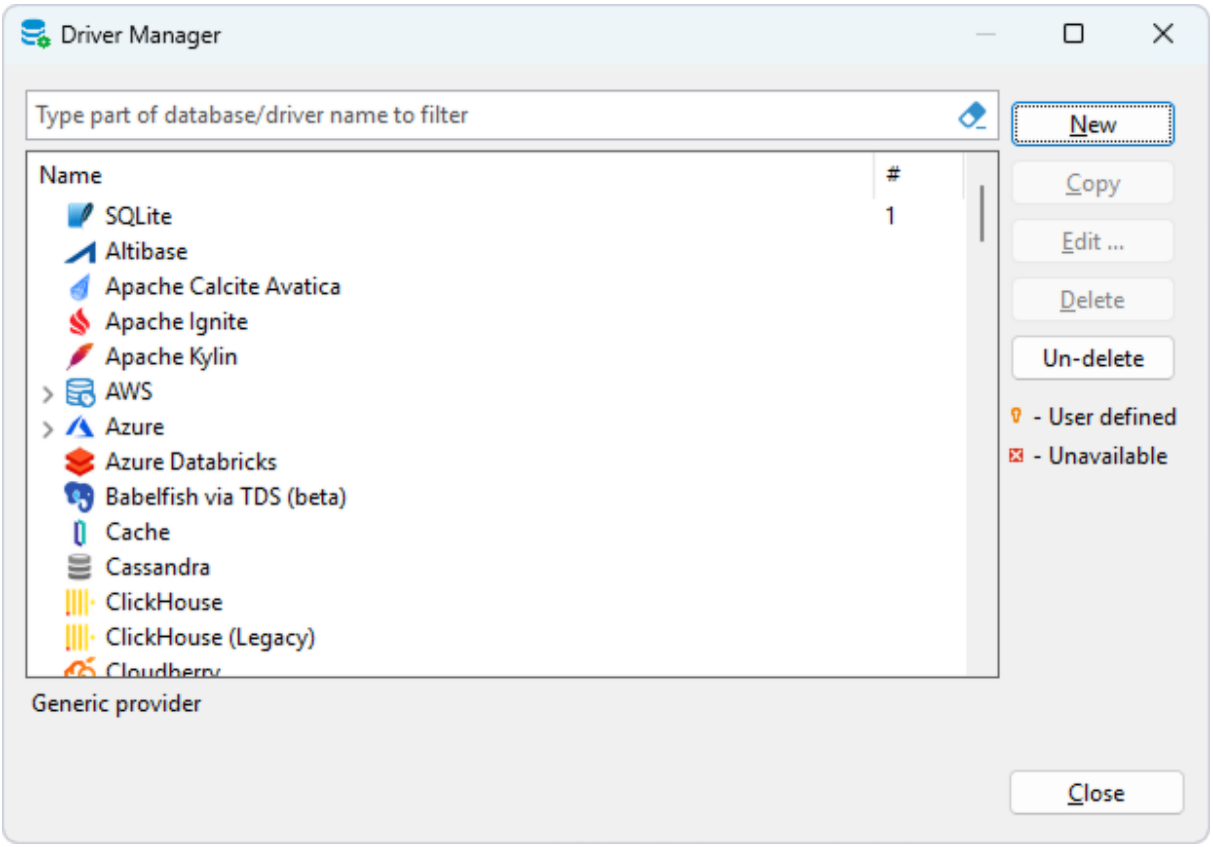
This option is required for the proper display of the SQL_WVARCAHAR data type in DBeaver. It also ensures that all string types will be returned as **SQL_CHAR**, **SQL_VARCHAR**, and **SQL_LONGVARCHAR**.



Connect to Azure Synapse Analytics

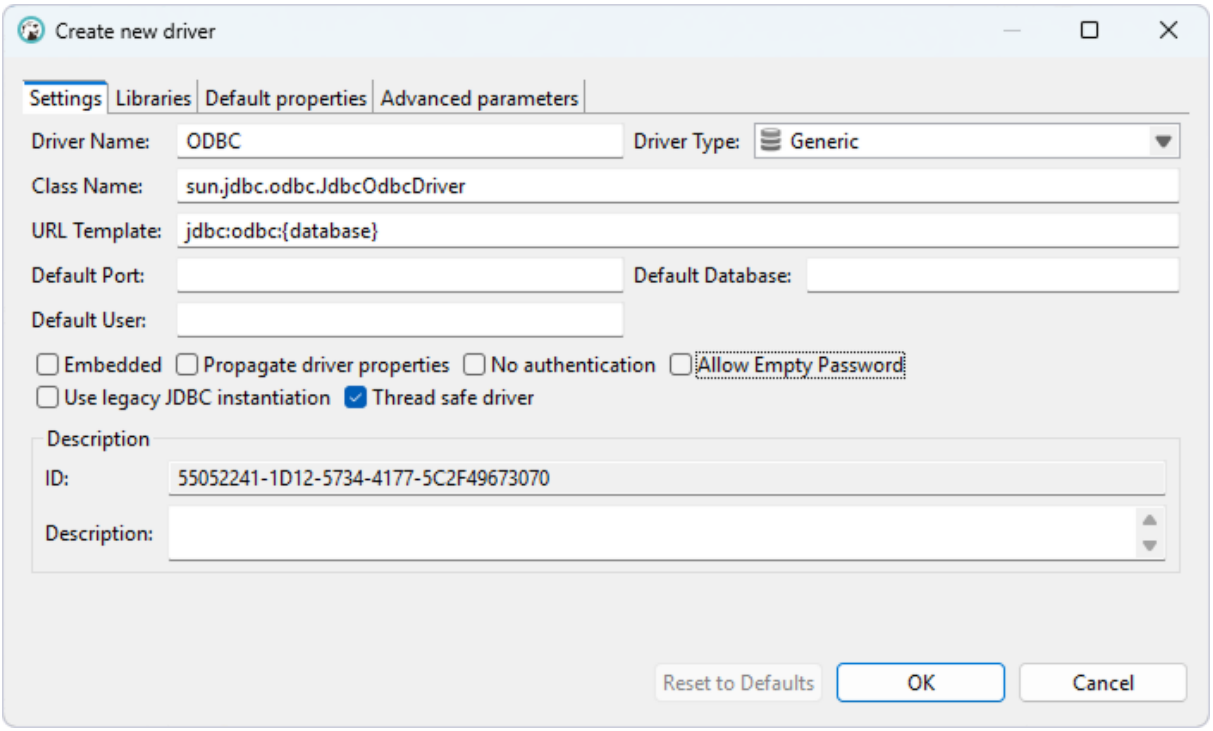
1. In DBeaver, select **Database** > **Driver Manager**.

2. Click **New**.



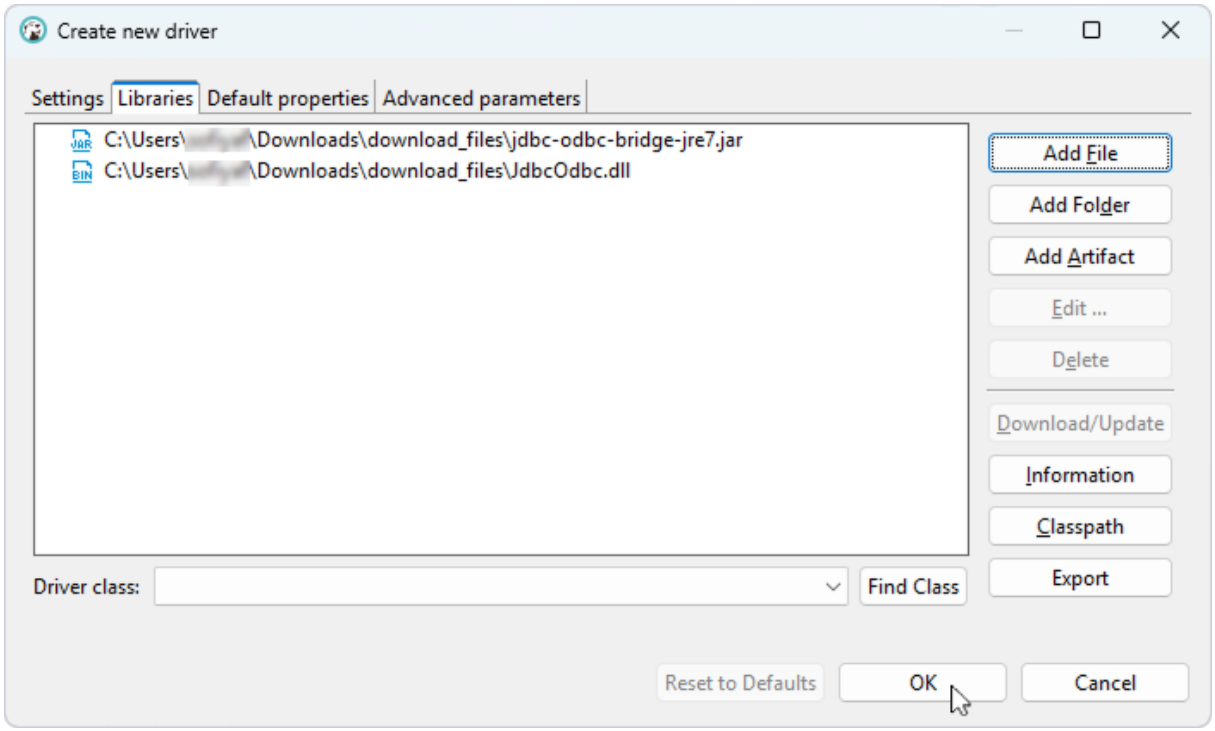
3. Configure the following properties for a new driver:

- In the **Driver Name** field, enter *ODBC*.
- In the **Class Name** field, enter *sun.jdbc.odbc.JdbcOdbcDriver*
- In the **URL Template** field, select *jdbc:odbc:{database}*.

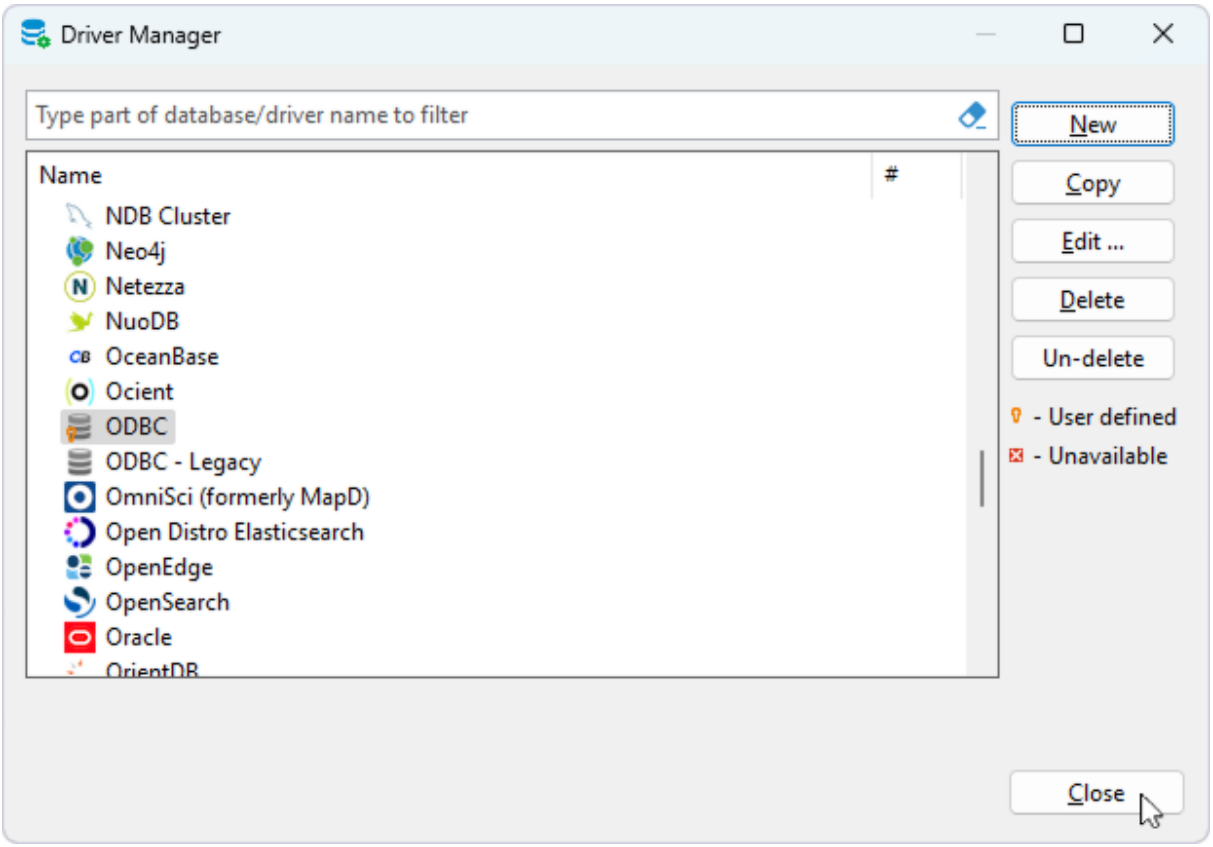


4. On the **Libraries** tab, click **Add File**.

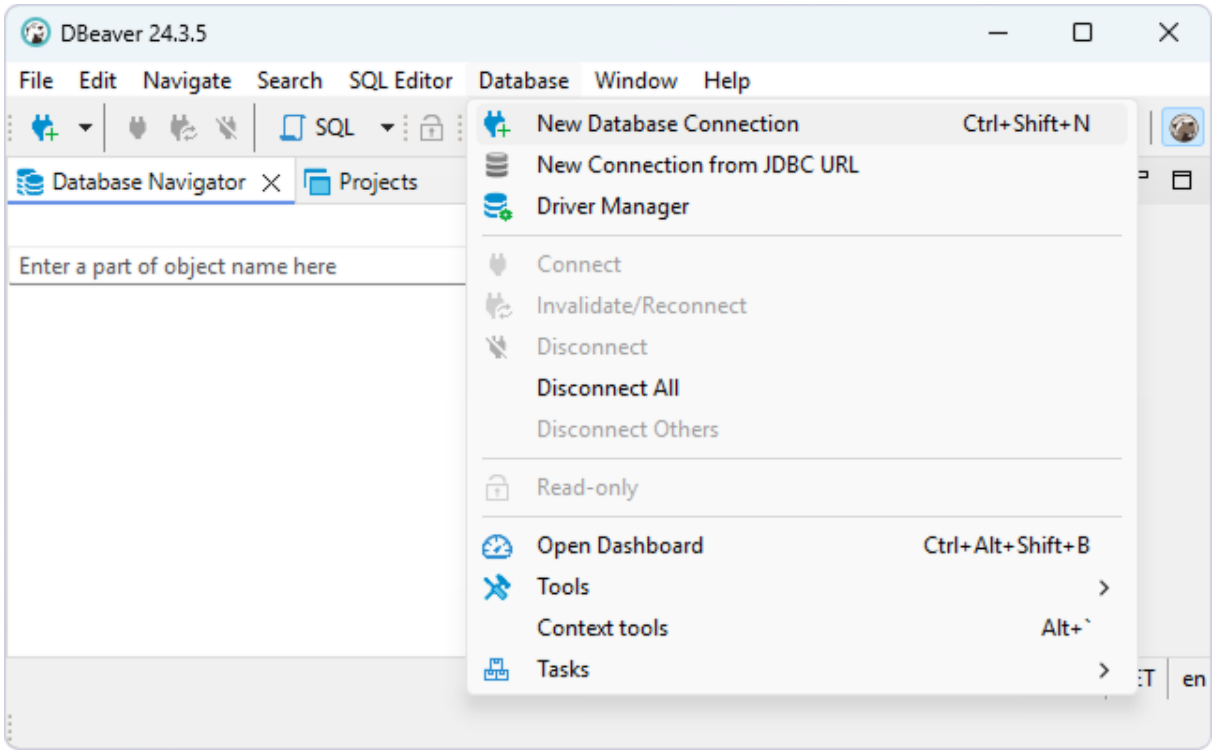
5. Select the `jdbc-odbc-bridge-jre7.jar`, then click **OK**. After that, select `JdbcOdbc.dll`, then click **OK**.



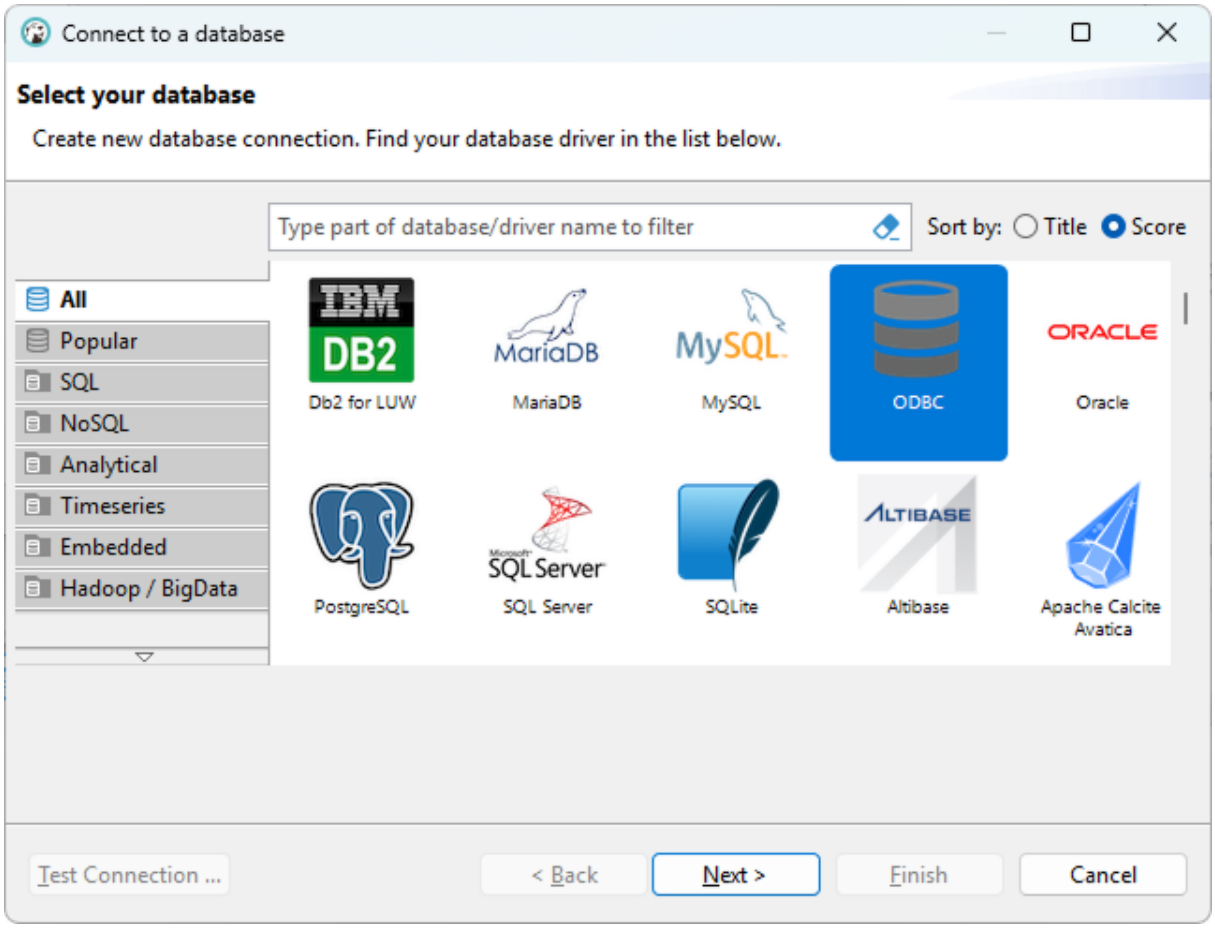
6. Once a new ODBC driver appears on the list, click **Close**.



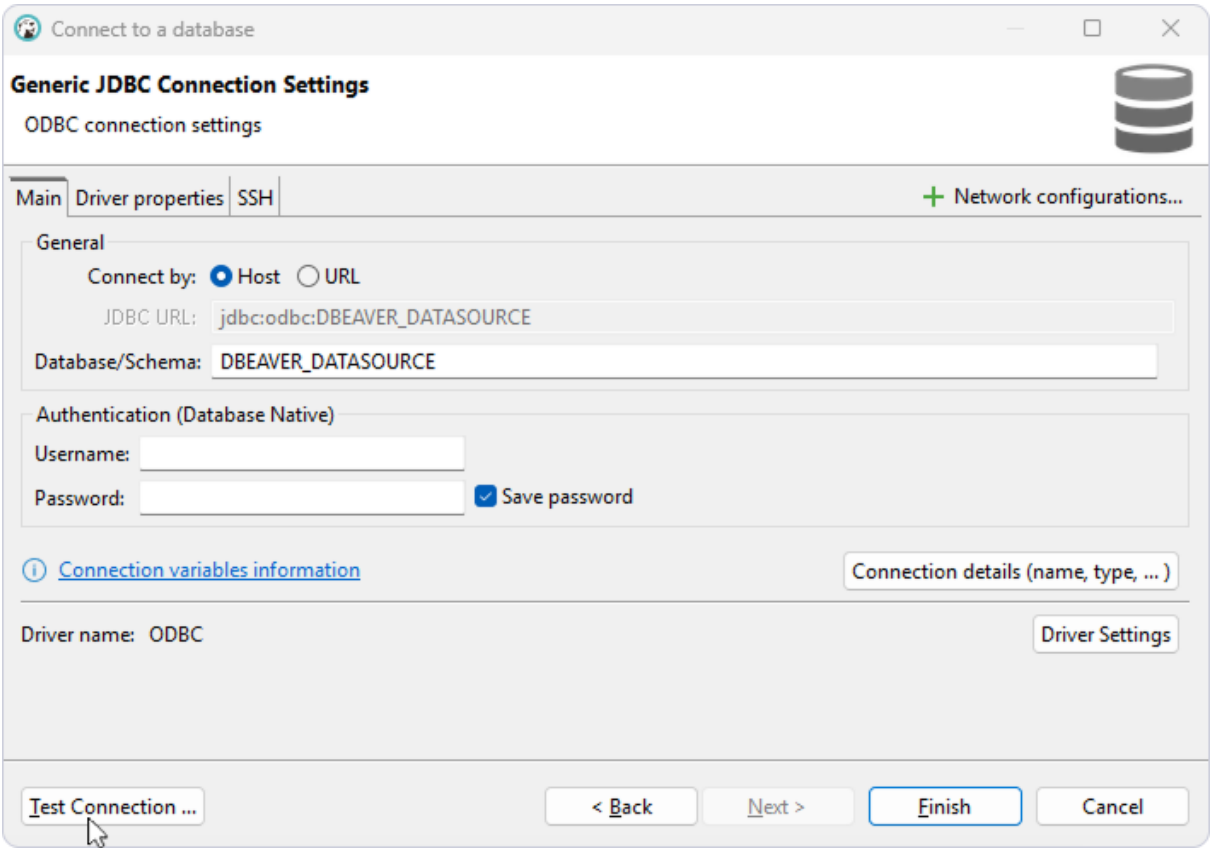
7. Select **Database** > **New Database Connection**.



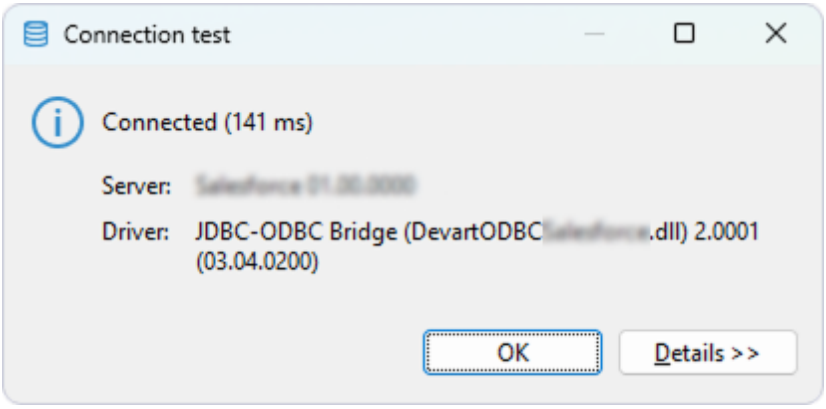
8. Select the **ODBC** driver, then click **Next**.



9. In the **Database/Schema** field, specify the name of your DSN.



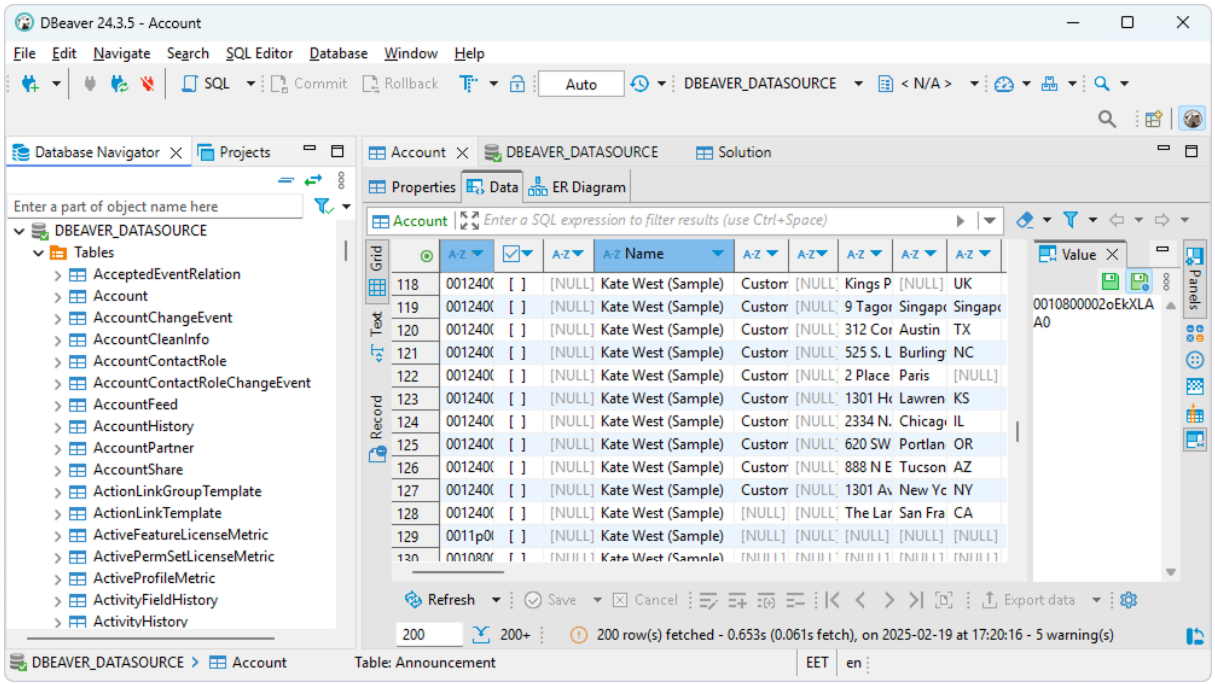
10. Optional: Select **Test Connection** to verify the connection settings.



11. Click **Finish**.

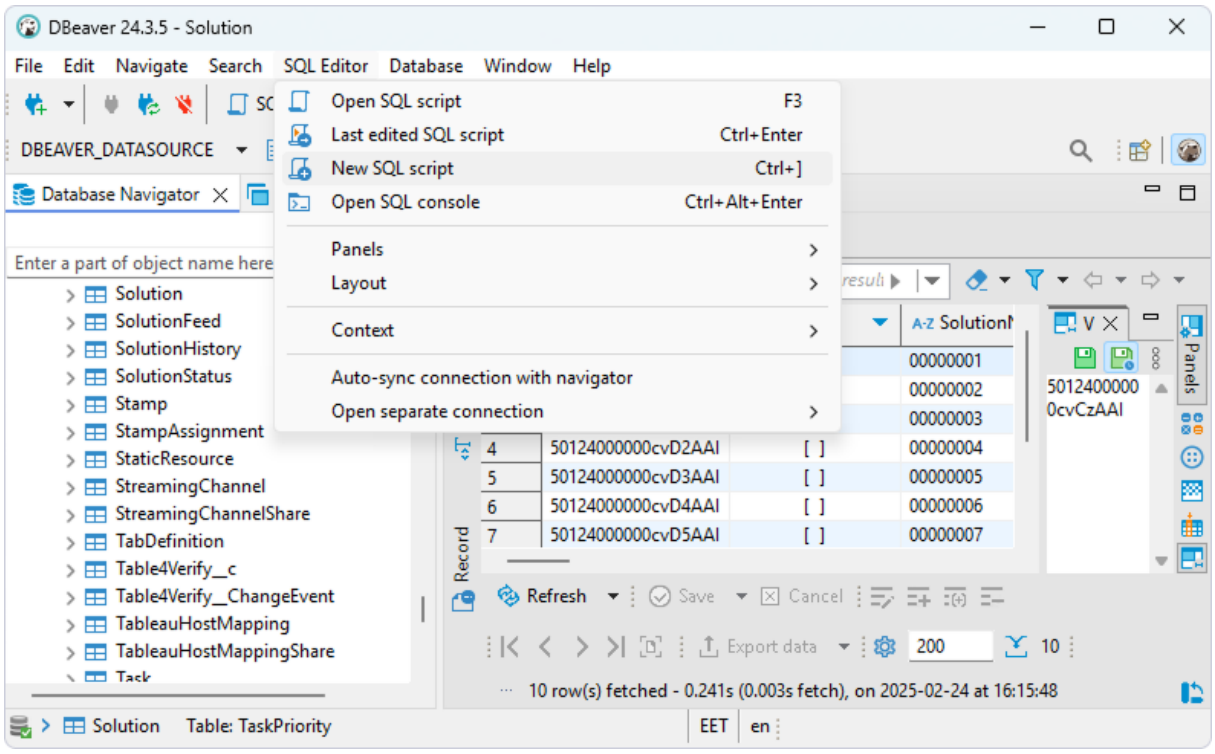
The database appears on the left pane.

12. To view the data stored in a table, expand the database structure and click the needed table.

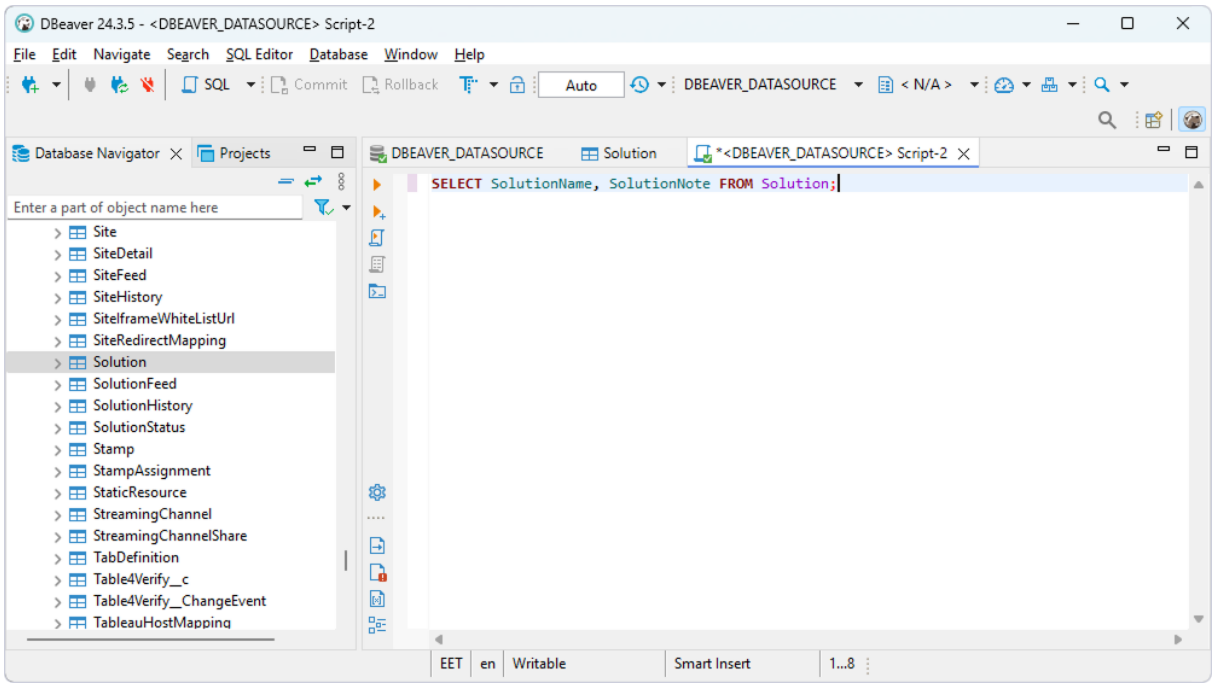


Query Azure Synapse Analytics data

1. Select **SQL Editor** > **New SQL script**.

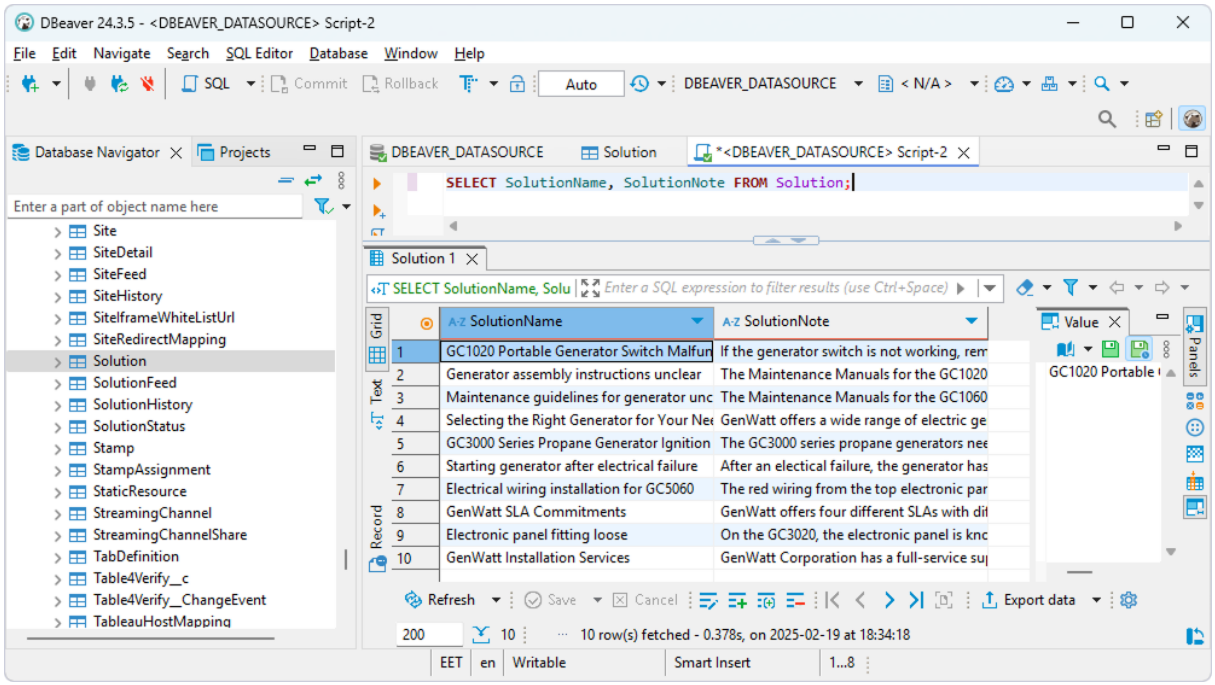


2. Enter your query.



3. Select **SQL Editor** > **Execute SQL query**.

The query results are displayed in the main window.



4.1.2 Connect DBeaver Enterprise to Azure Synapse Analytics through ODBC

DBeaver Enterprise and DBeaver Community let users connect to Azure Synapse Analytics via ODBC, enabling SQL-based querying, reporting, and data management.

If you require a simplified connection setup with built-in ODBC support, enhanced security, and performance features, you may try DBeaver Enterprise.

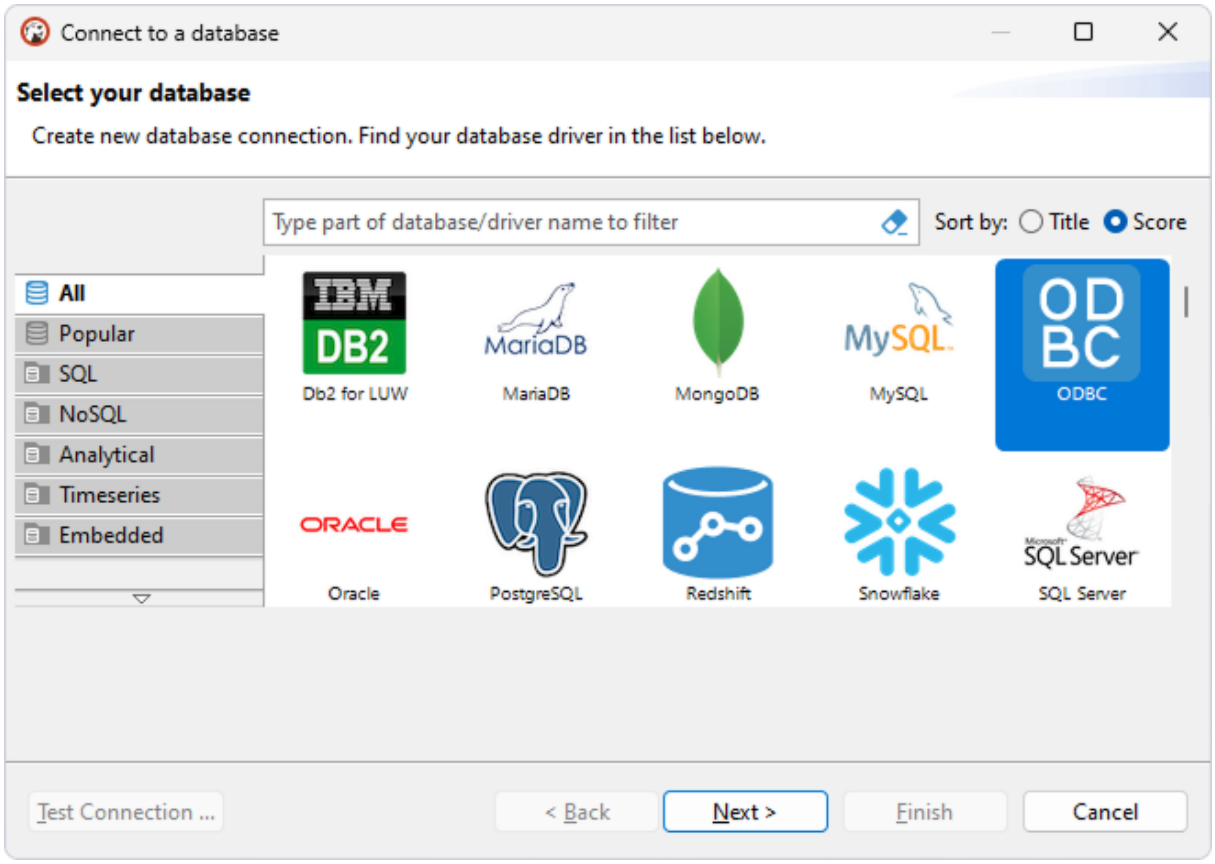
If you need basic ODBC connectivity to Azure Synapse Analytics and are comfortable with manual configuration using a generic ODBC connection, choose DBeaver Community—a free, open-source database management tool. For more information on connecting to Azure Synapse Analytics data from DBeaver Community, see Connect DBeaver Community to Azure Synapse Analytics through ODBC.

Connect to Azure Synapse Analytics

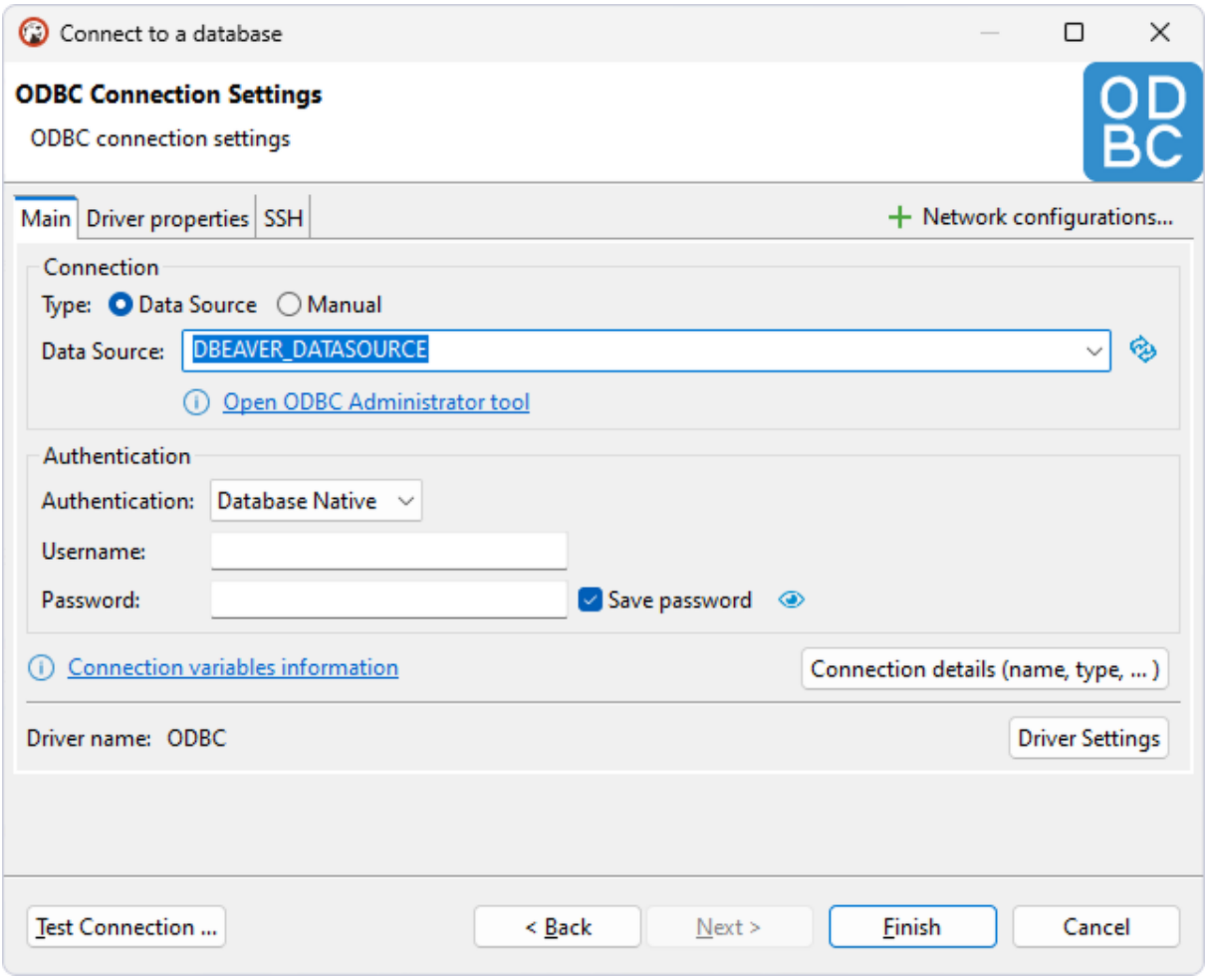
To connect to the Azure Synapse Analytics database from DBeaver Enterprise:

1. Select **Database** > **New Database Connection**.

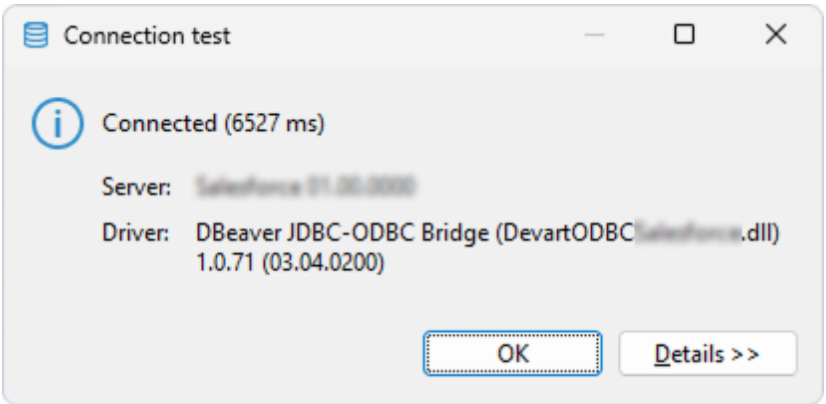
2. Select the **ODBC** driver and click **Next**.



3. In the **Database Source** field, specify the name of your DSN.



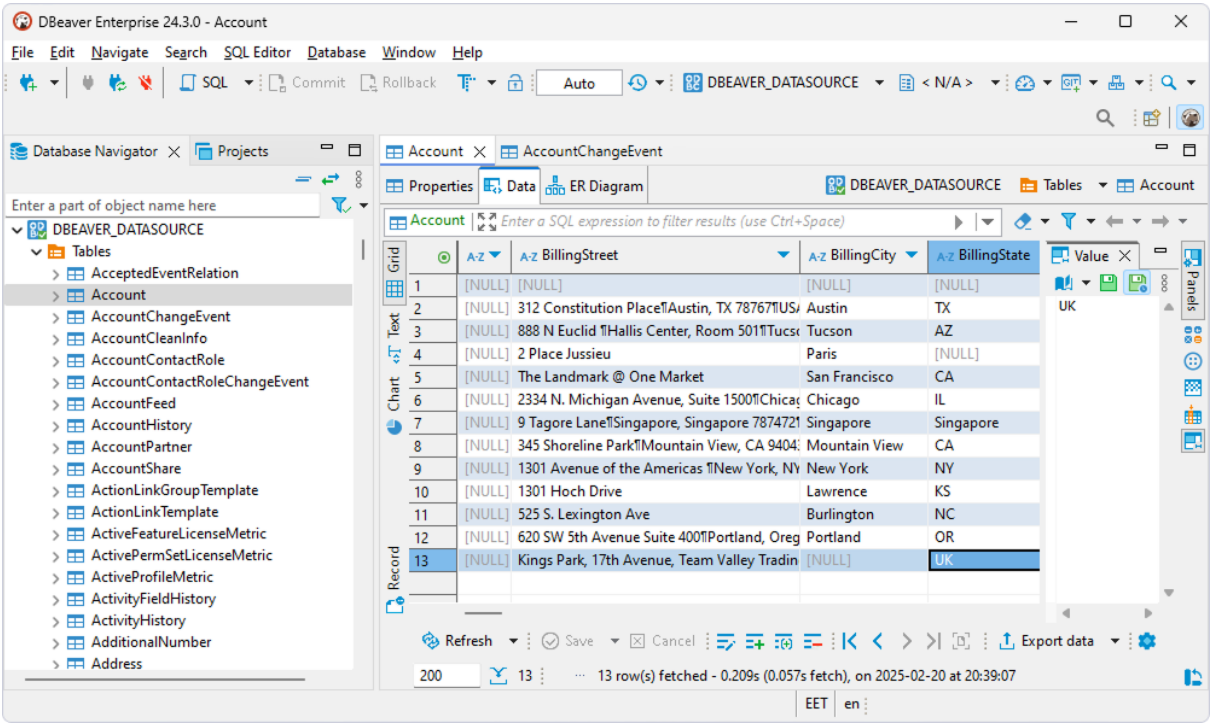
4. Optional: Select **Test Connection** to verify the connection settings.



5. Click **Finish**.

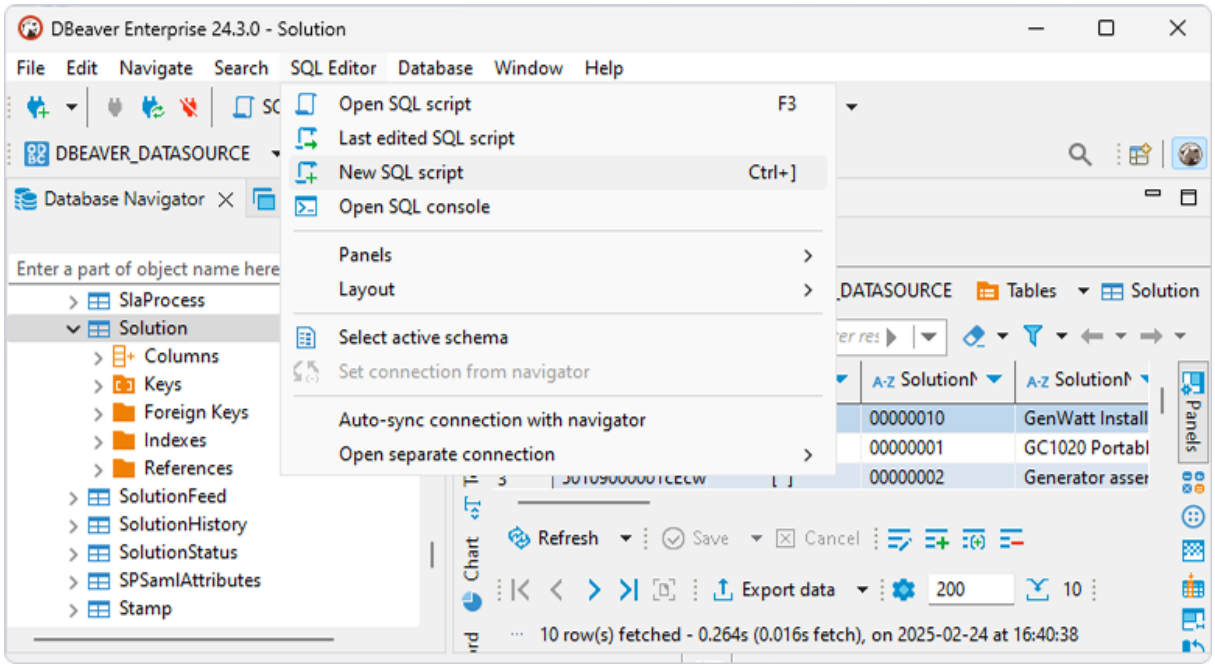
The database appears on the left pane.

6. To view the data stored in a table, expand the database structure and click the needed table.

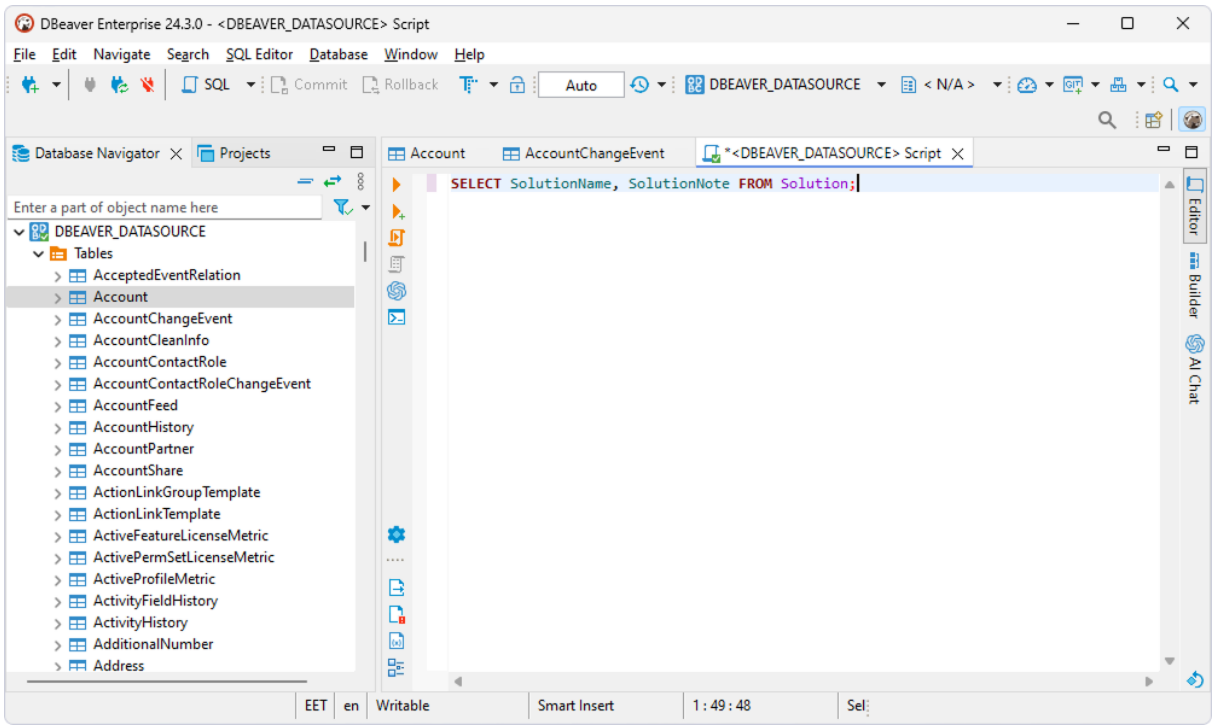


Query Azure Synapse Analytics data

1. Select **SQL Editor** > **New SQL script**.

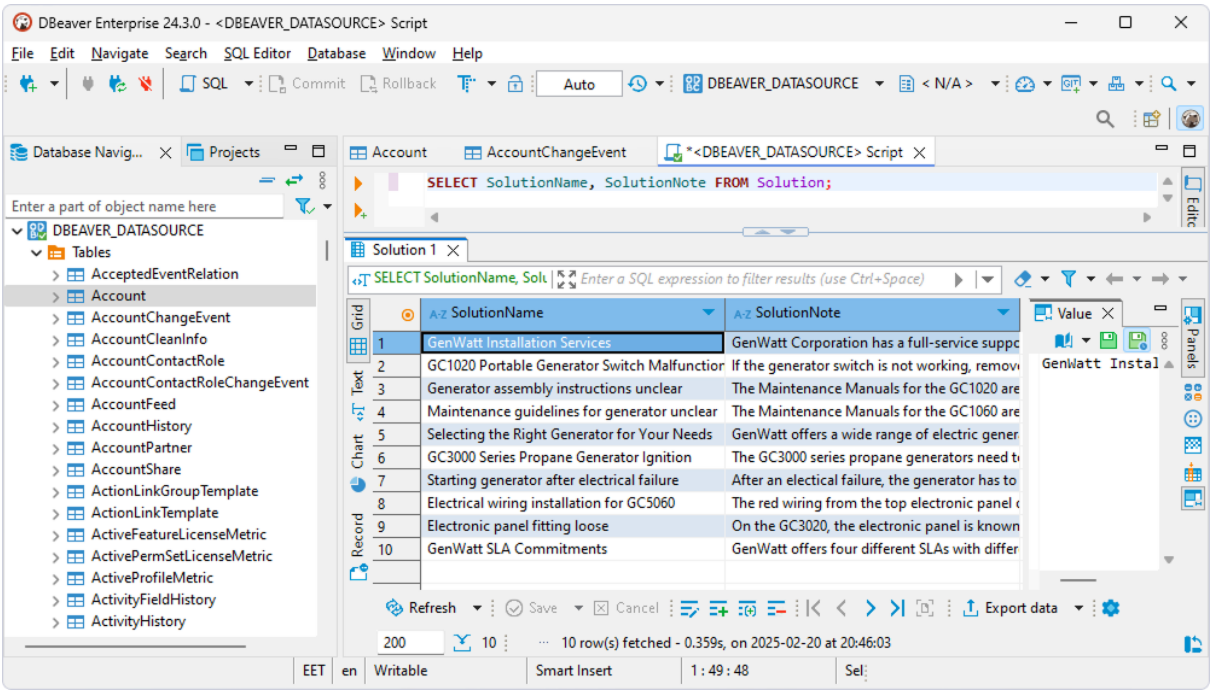


2. Enter your query.



3. Select **SQL Editor** > **Execute SQL query**.

The query results are displayed in the main window.

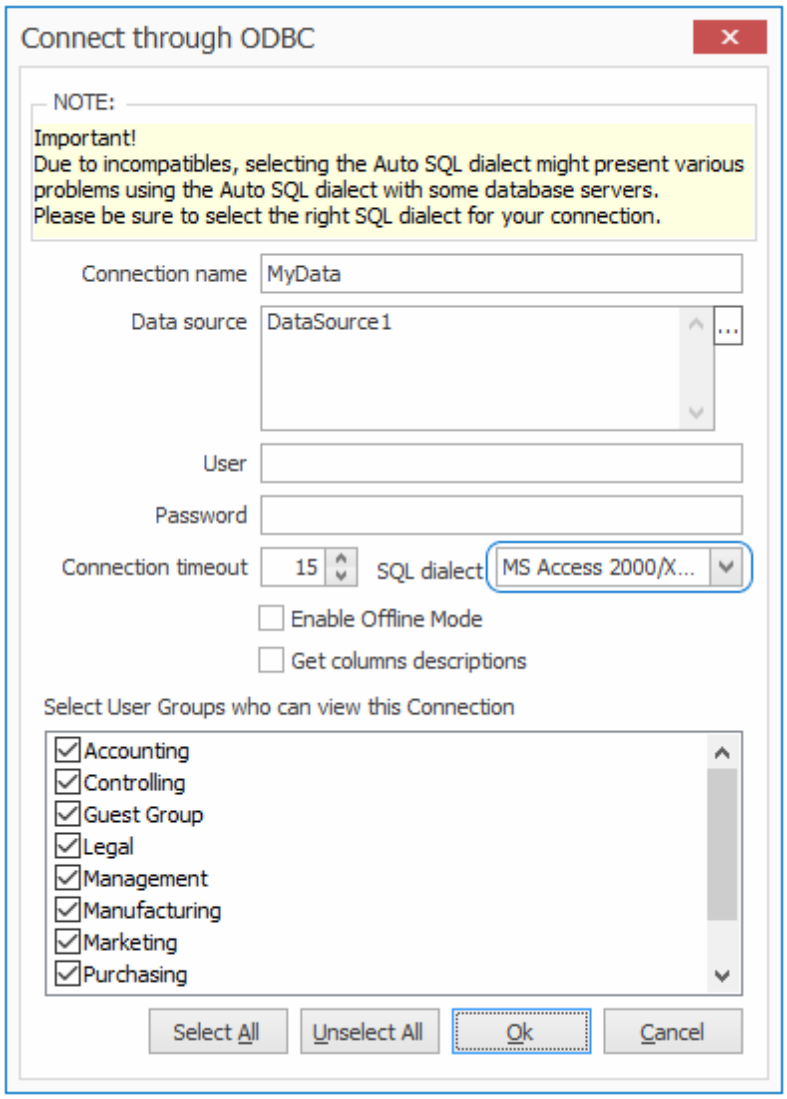


4.2 Using in DBxtra

Troubleshooting Azure Synapse Analytics ODBC Connection in DBxtra

This page explains how to troubleshoot your ODBC connection to Azure Synapse Analytics in DBxtra.

Due to incompatibilities between DBxtra and Azure Synapse Analytics, leaving the `SQL dialect` property to its default might present various issues. To resolve compatibility issues, set the property to `MS Access 2000/XP/2003` or `ANSI SQL/2003` for DBxtra version 11.0.1 or newer, and to `ANSI SQL/2003` for versions prior to 11.0.1.



4.3 Using in Informatica PowerCenter

You can access Azure Synapse Analytics data from Informatica PowerCenter on Windows and Linux.

- Connect Informatica PowerCenter to Azure Synapse Analytics on Windows
- Connect Informatica PowerCenter to Azure Synapse Analytics on Linux

4.3.1 Connect to Informatica PowerCenter on Windows

You can connect Informatica PowerCenter to Azure Synapse Analytics through an ODBC

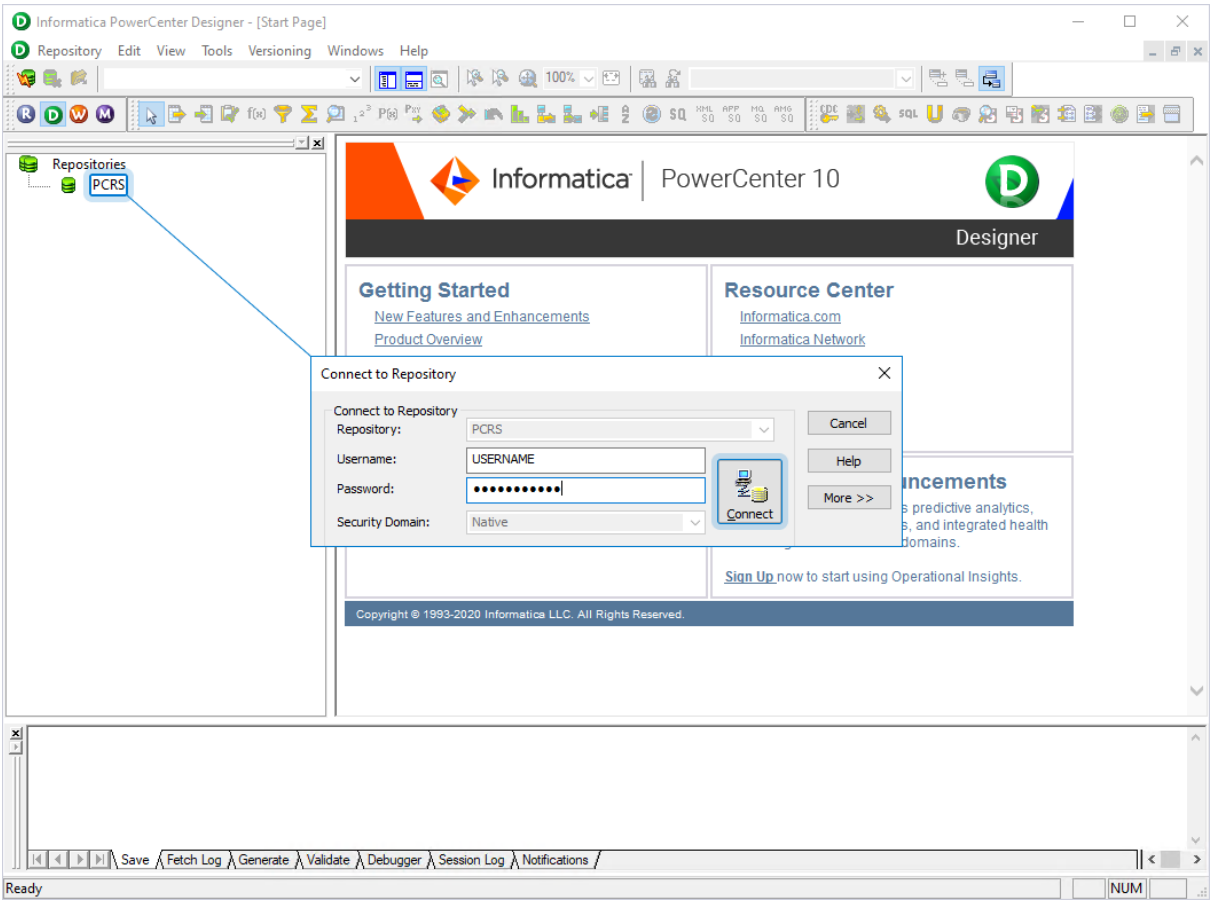
driver on Windows to unify and manage data across these systems.

Prerequisites

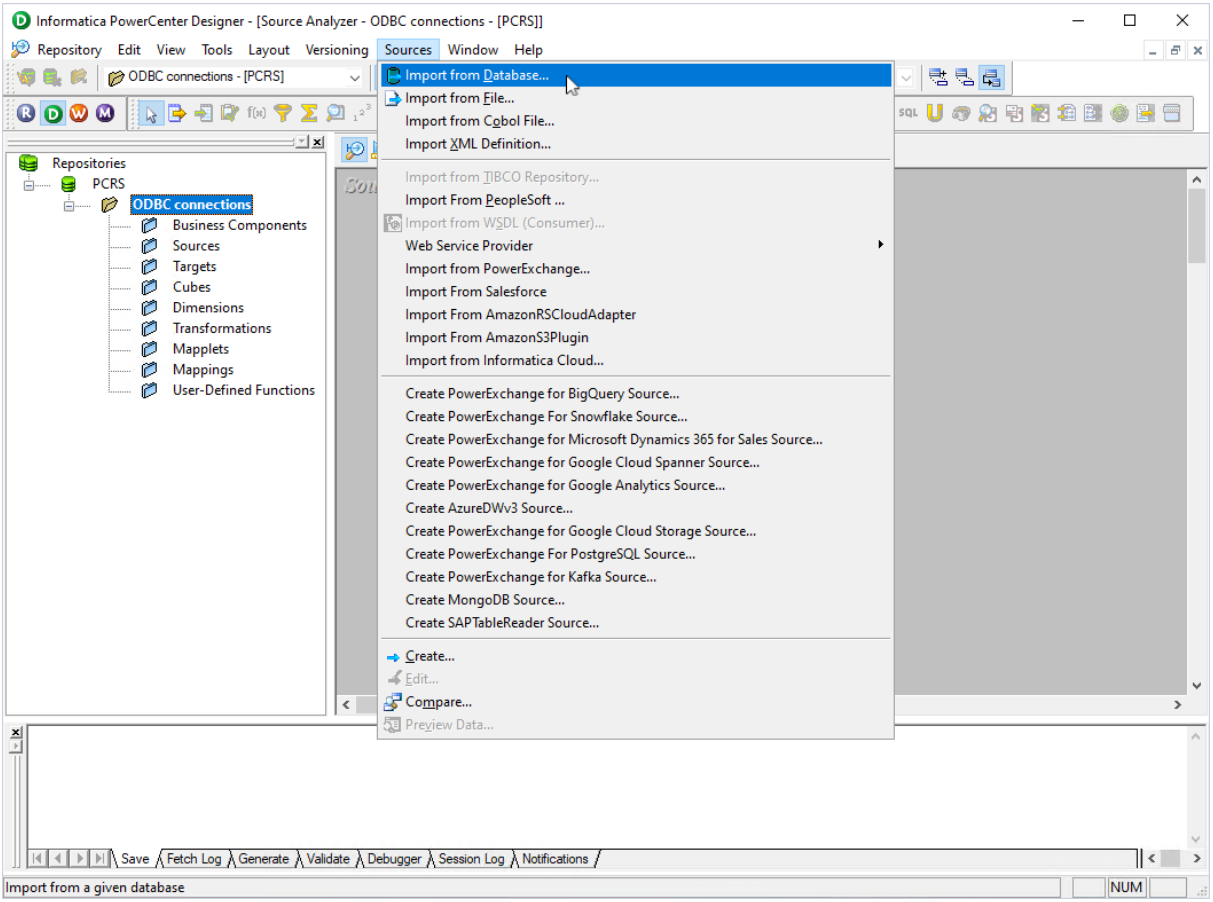
- Configure the Informatica services.
- Install the PowerCenter Client tools.
- Create a repository folder in PowerCenter Repository Manager.
- Install Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics. For instructions, see Installation.
- Configure a data source name (DSN). For instructions, see Windows DSN Configuration.

Add a data source in Informatica PowerCenter

1. Open **PowerCenter Designer**.
2. Double-click the repository name (in this example, **PCRS**), enter your Informatica credentials, then click **Connect**.

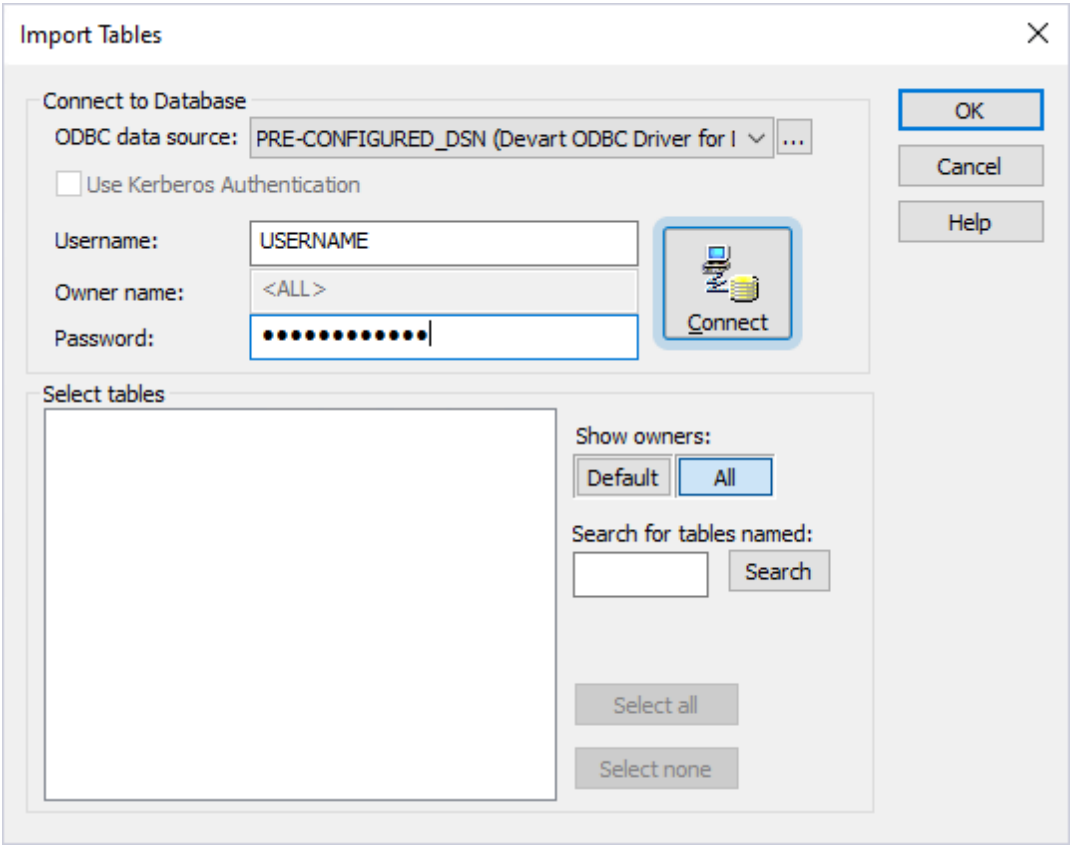


3. Double-click the repository folder (in this example, **ODBC connections**), then select **Sources** > **Import from Database**.

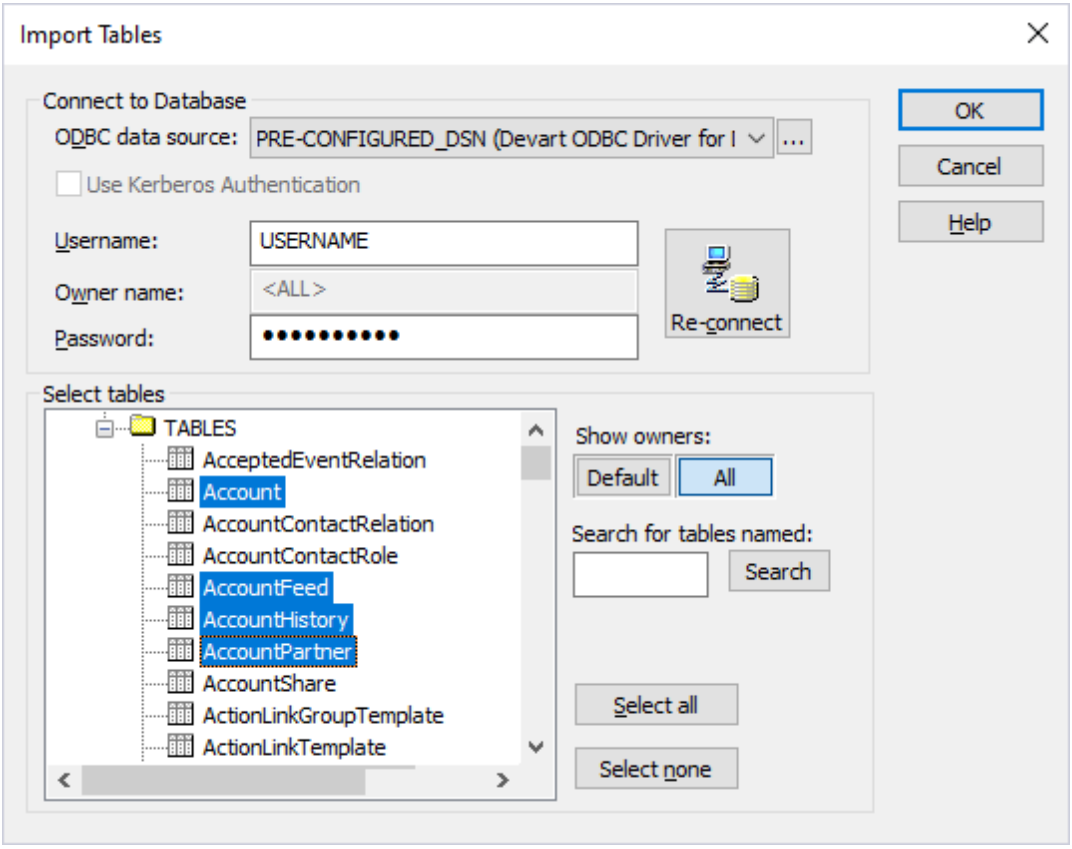


The Import Tables dialog opens.

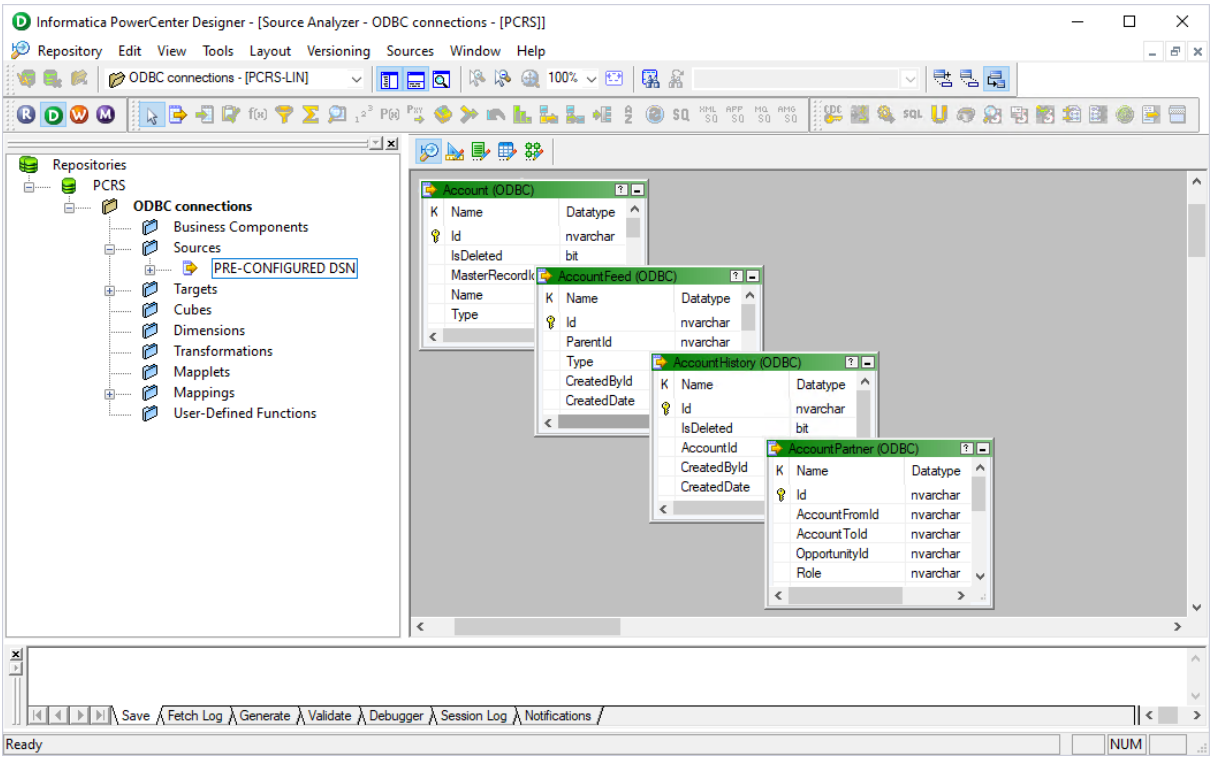
4. From the **ODBC data source** menu, select the needed DSN.
5. In the **Username** and **Password** fields, enter your Azure Synapse Analytics credentials.
6. Under **Show owners**, select **All**.
7. Click **Connect**.



8. In the **Select tables** section, expand the tree and select the tables you want to import.
9. Click **OK**.



The table schemas appear in the Source Analyzer, and the data source is added to the **Sources** subfolder of the repository folder. You can now create mappings and work with Azure Synapse Analytics data in Informatica PowerCenter.



4.3.2 Connect to Informatica PowerCenter on Linux

You can set up and verify a connection between Informatica PowerCenter and Azure Synapse Analytics through an ODBC driver on Linux.

Prerequisites

- Configure the Informatica services.
- Install Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics. For instructions, see Installation.
- Configure a data source name (DSN). For instructions, see Linux DSN Configuration.

Connect to Azure Synapse Analytics

1. Navigate to the directory where the `ssgodbc.linux64` utility is located.

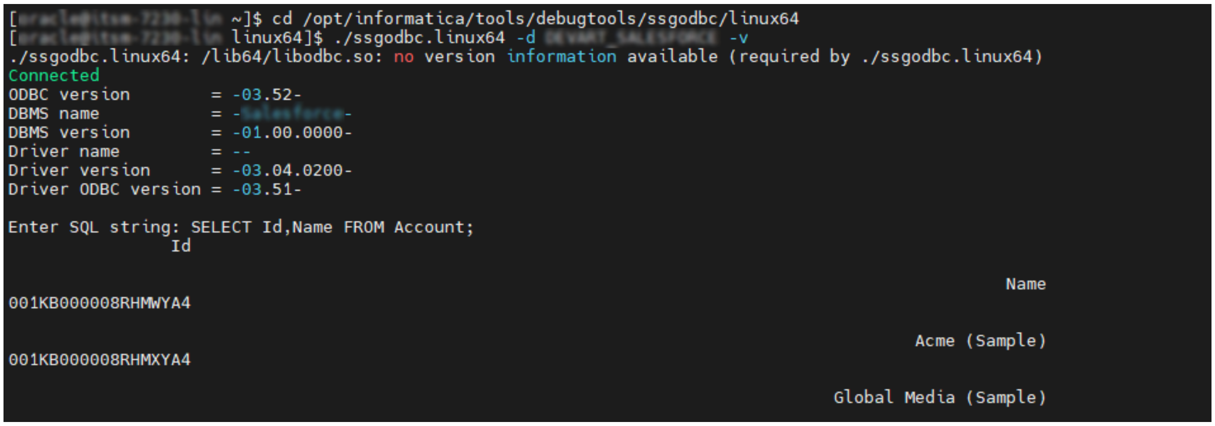
```
cd /opt/informatica/tools/debugtools/ssgodbc/linux64
```

2. Run the `ssgodbc.linux64` utility to verify the connection to Azure Synapse Analytics.

```
./ssgodbc.linux64 -d <your_dsn> -v
```

3. Run a SQL query to retrieve data.

```
SELECT Id,Name FROM <table>;
```



4.4 Using in Microsoft Access

Connecting Microsoft Access to Azure Synapse Analytics Using an ODBC Driver

This article explains how to connect Microsoft Access to Azure Synapse Analytics through the standard ODBC interface. Microsoft Access is a dababase management system that combines the relational database engine with a graphical user interface. Access can be used as a substitution for spreadsheet applications like Excel to organize, store, and retrieve large amounts of related data that can be difficult to manage in spreadsheets.

In Microsoft Access, you can connect to your Azure Synapse Analytics data either by importing it or creating a table that links to the data. Devart ODBC drivers support all modern versions of Access. It is assumed that you have already installed and configured a DSN for ODBC driver for Azure Synapse Analytics. For the purpose of this article, we tested an ODBC connection to Azure Synapse Analytics through our ODBC drivers in Microsoft Access 2003, Microsoft Access 2007, Microsoft Access 2010, Microsoft Access 2013, Microsoft Access 2016, Microsoft Access 2019. The following steps describe how to use Microsoft Access 2019 to import or link to your data in Azure Synapse Analytics.

Importing Azure Synapse Analytics Data Into Microsoft Access Through an ODBC Connection

1. Open your Microsoft Access database.

2. Select the **External Data** tab in the ribbon.

3. Expand the **New Data Source** drop-down and select **From Other Sources**, then select **ODBC Dababase**.
4. In the **Get External Data - ODBC Database** dialog box, select **Import the source data into a new table in the curent database**, and click **OK**.
5. In the **Select Data Source** dialog box, select the **Machine Data Source** tab.
6. Select the DSN that you have configured for Azure Synapse Analytics and click **OK**.
7. In the **Import Objects** dialog box, select the tables that you want to import, and click **OK**.
8. If the database objects have been successfully imported, you should the see the corresponding message in the dialog box. If you want to save the import steps to quickly repeat the process without using the wizard at a later time, select the **Save import steps** checkbox. Click **Close**.
9. The imported tables should appear in the **Tables** navigation pane on the left.
10. Double-click on the needed table to display its contents.

Linking to Azure Synapse Analytics Data in Microsoft Access Through an ODBC Connection

1. Open your Microsoft Access database.
2. Select the **External Data** tab in the ribbon.
3. Expand the **New Data Source** drop-down and select **From Other Sources**, then select **ODBC Dababase**.
4. In the **Get External Data - ODBC Database** dialog box, select **Link to the data source by creating a linked table**.
5. In the **Select Data Source** dialog box, select the **Machine Data Source** tab.
6. Select the DSN that you have configured for Azure Synapse Analytics and click **OK**.
7. In the **Link Tables** dialog box, select the table or tables that you want to link to, and click **OK**.
8. The **Select Unique Record Identifier** dialog box will prompt you to choose a field or fields that uniquely identify each record in the table. To avoid inconsistencies, it is recommended to select the primary key in the Azure Synapse Analytics table as the unique record identifier. You are linking multiple tables, you will be prompted to select unique record

identifiers for each of the selected tables.

9. The linked tables should appear in the **Tables** navigation pane on the left.
10. Double-click on the needed table to display its contents.

4.5 Using in Microsoft Excel

Connecting to Azure Synapse Analytics from Microsoft Excel using ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics

You can use Microsoft Excel to access data from a Azure Synapse Analytics database using ODBC connector. With ODBC Driver, you can import the data directly into an Excel Spreadsheet and present it as a table. Make sure that you use matching Excel and ODBC Driver, e.g. if you have installed a 64-bit ODBC Driver, you will need to use the 64-bit version of Excel.

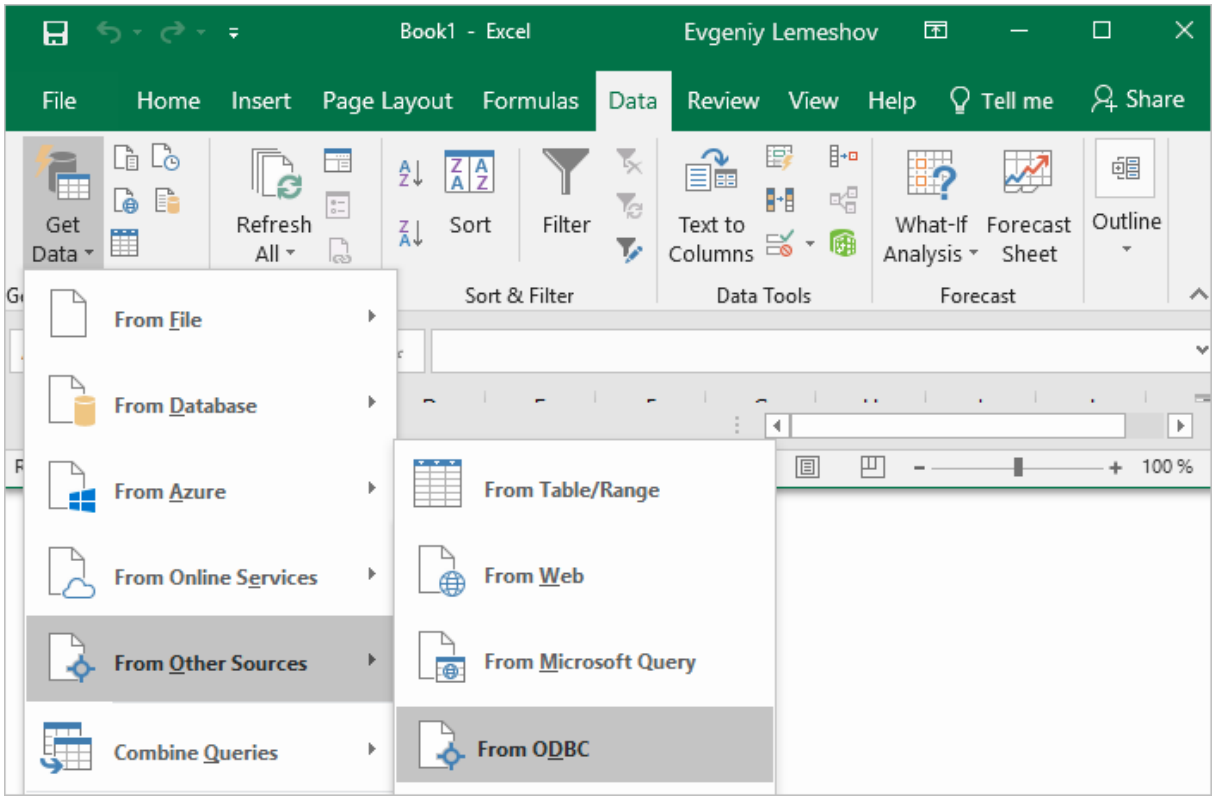
When working with Microsoft Excel, there are different ways of retrieving data from various data sources using our ODBC drivers.

- Connecting Excel to Azure Synapse Analytics with Get & Transform (Power Query)
- Connecting Excel to Azure Synapse Analytics with Data Connection Wizard (Legacy Wizard)
- Connecting Excel to Azure Synapse Analytics with the Query Wizard
- Connecting Excel to Azure Synapse Analytics with Microsoft Query
- Connecting Excel to Azure Synapse Analytics with PowerPivot

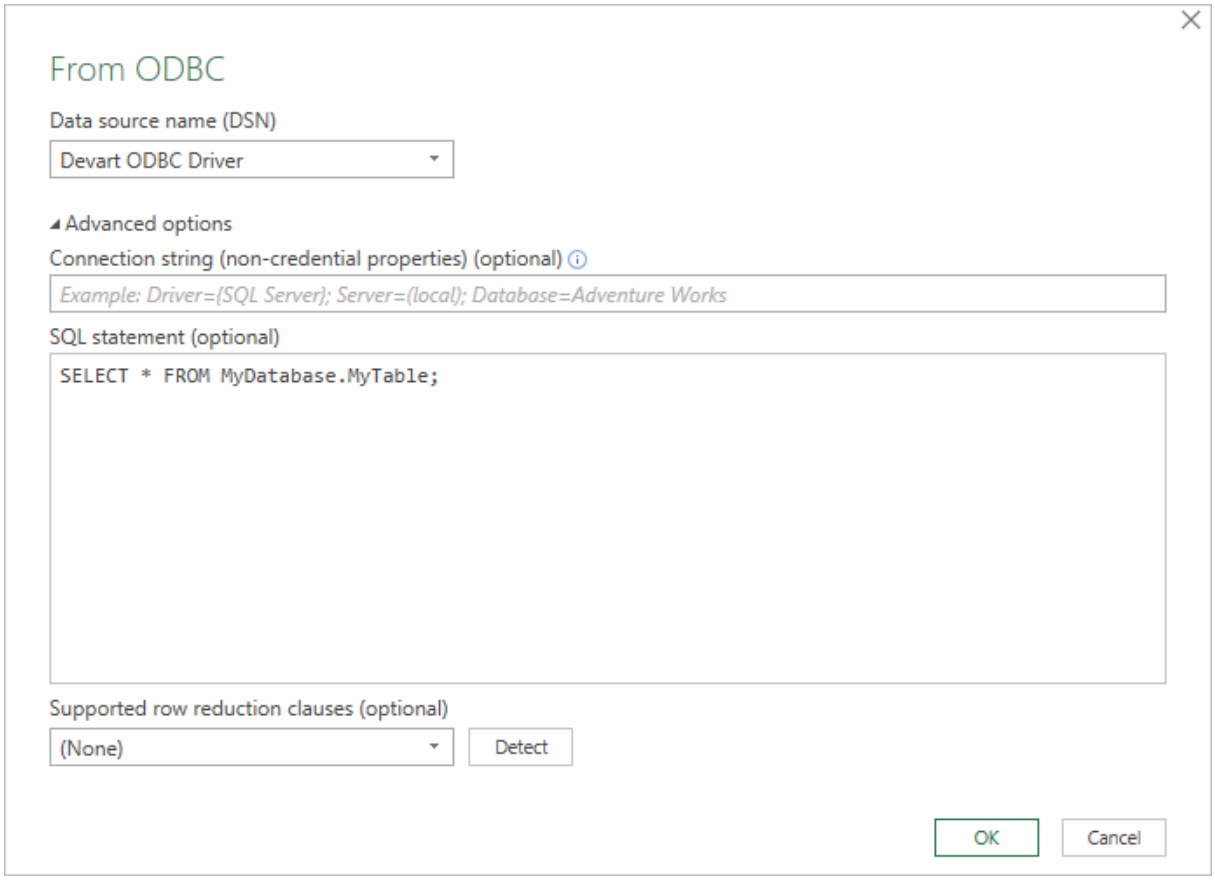
Connecting Excel to Azure Synapse Analytics with Get & Transform (Power Query)

You can use Get & Transform (Power Query) to connect to Azure Synapse Analytics from Excel with ODBC. This method assumes that you've installed an ODBC driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

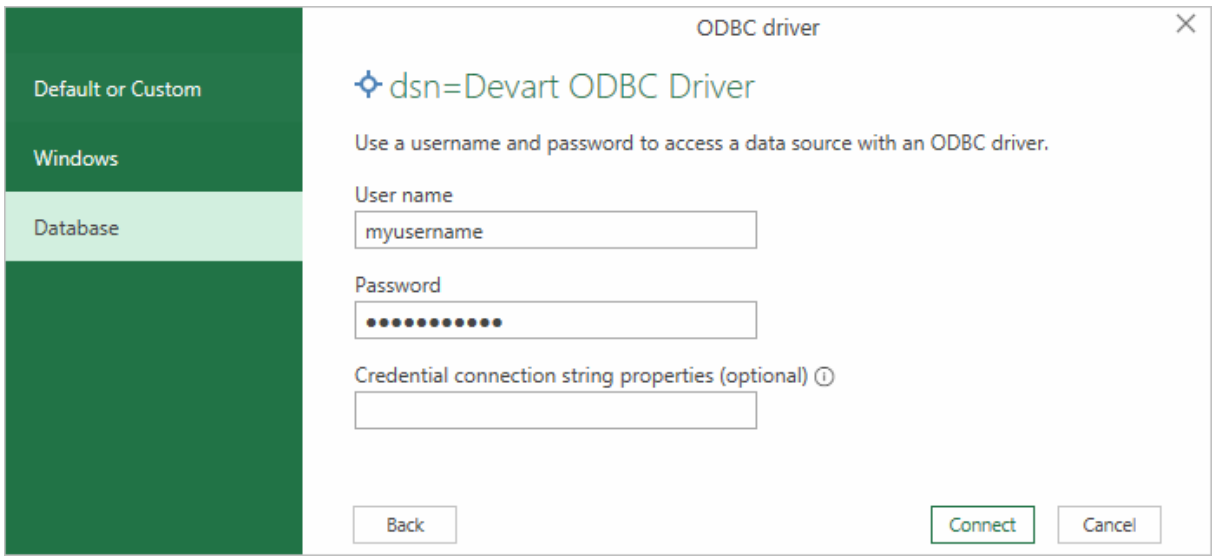
1. Click the **Data** in Excel, then expand the **Get Data** drop-down list. Click **From Other Sources** > **From ODBC**.



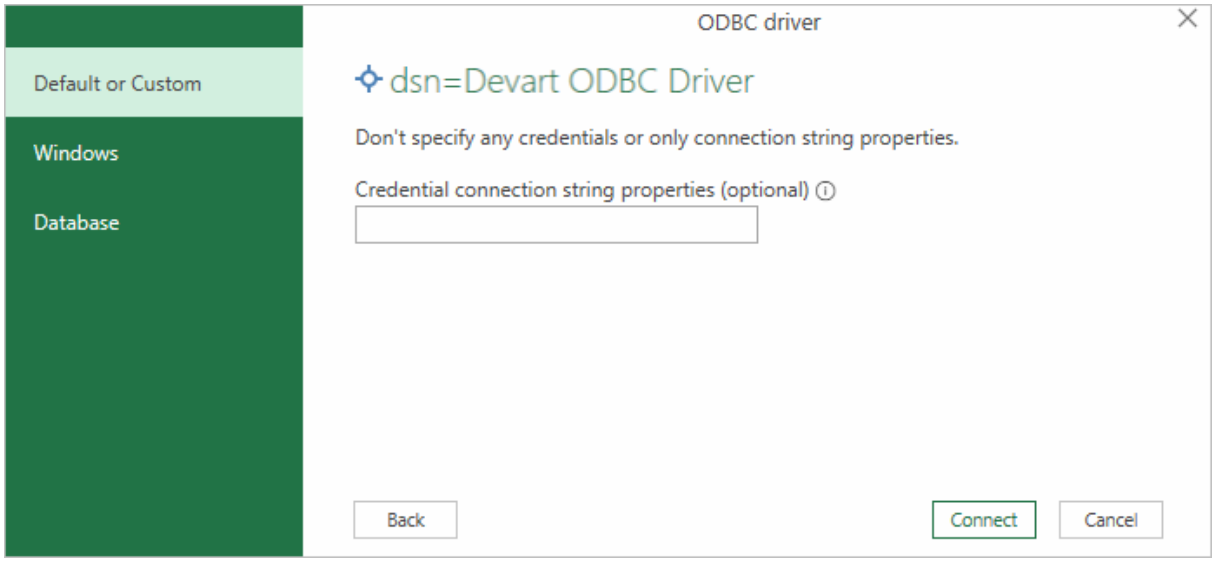
2. In the **From ODBC** dialog, choose your data source name (DSN). If you haven't configured your ODBC driver yet, you can expand the **Advanced Options** dialog box and enter the connection string for your data source (without credentials, which are defined in the credentials dialog box in the next step). Additionally, you can enter an SQL statement that will be executed right after establishing a connection to the data source. Click **OK**.



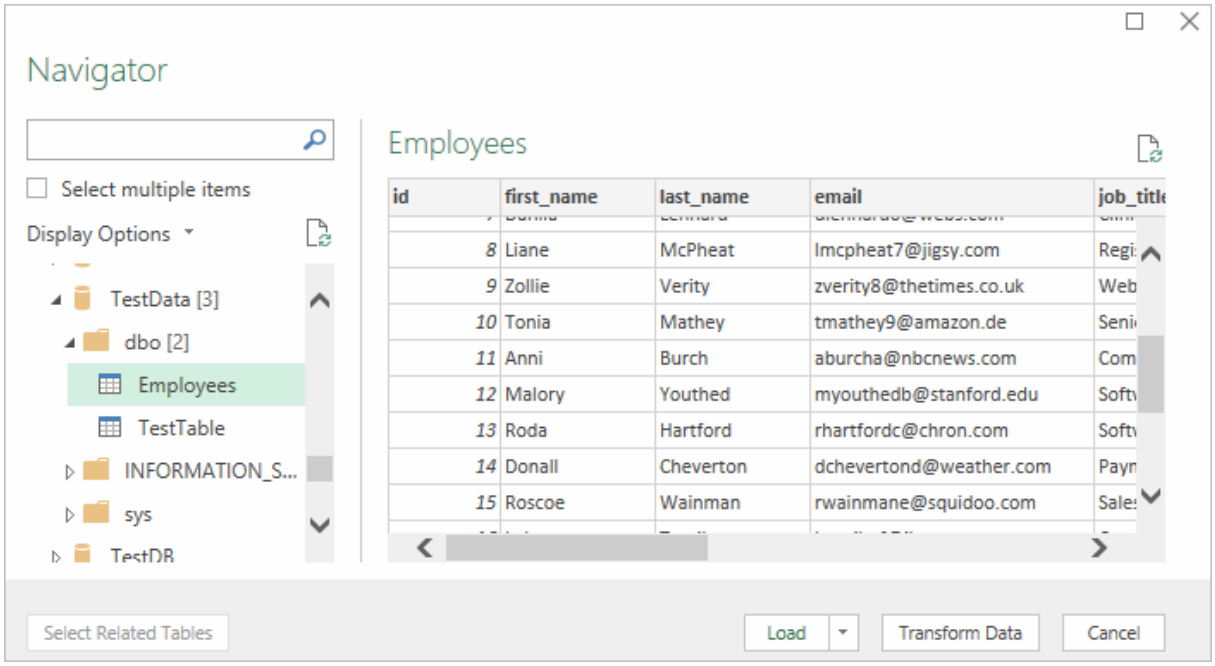
3. If you're using a database username or password, select **Database** and enter your credentials in the dialox bog, then click **Connect**.



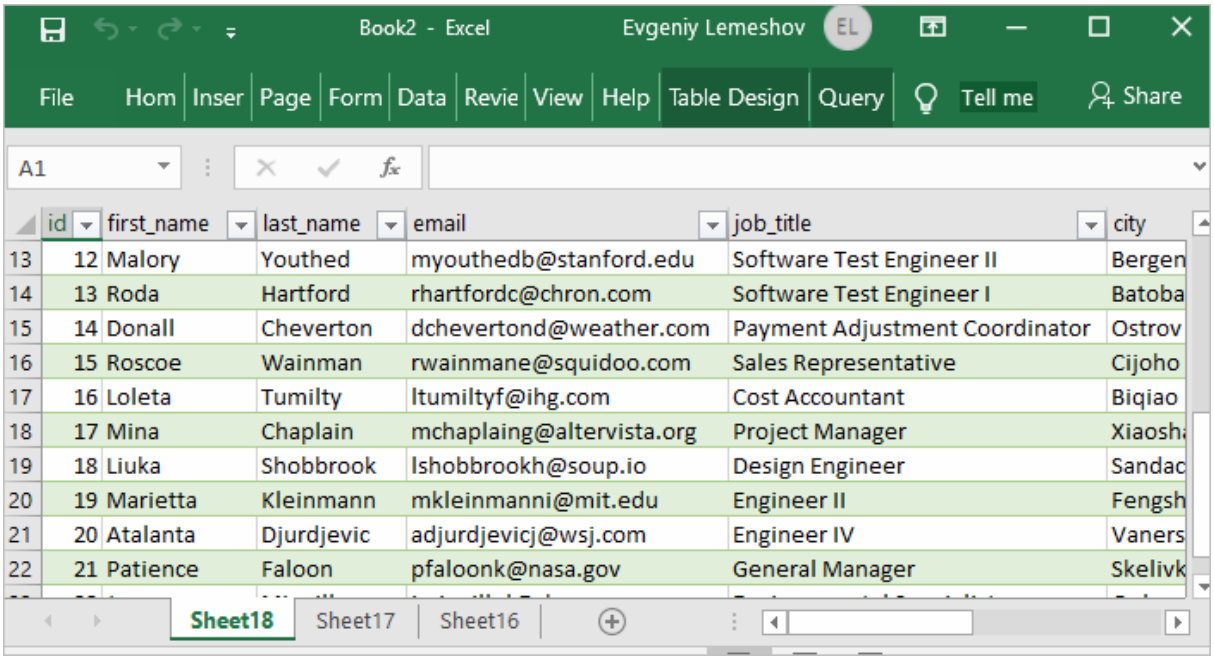
If your database is not password-protected or you've already specified your credentials in the ODBC data source settings, select **Default or Custom** and press **Connect**



4. In the window that appears, select the table you want to retrieve data from, and click **Load**.



The data from the table will be a displayed in an Excel spreadsheet where you can further work with it.



Connecting Excel to Azure Synapse Analytics with Data Connection Wizard (Legacy Wizard)

You can use this option to connect to OLE DB or ODBC external data source that has already been defined.

1. In Excel, go to the **Data** tab. Click **From Other Sources**, and then click **From Data Connection Wizard**.
2. In the opened dialog, select **ODBC DSN** and click **Next** to continue.
3. Now select a data source you want to connect to, and click **Next**.
4. To connect to the table containing the required data, select its name and click **Next** to enter and save information about your new file or click **Finish**.
5. In the **Import data** dialog, you can select the way your data will be viewed in Excel and the place where to put it in the worksheet, and click **OK**.
6. The required data is now displayed in the existing Excel worksheet.

Connecting Excel to Azure Synapse Analytics with the Query Wizard

You can use this option to create a simple query for retrieving data from Azure Synapse Analytics to Excel via ODBC driver.

1. Open Excel, in the main menu, click the **Data** tab.
2. Click the **From Other Sources** dropdown menu, and then click **From Microsoft Query**.
3. In the appeared dialog, you can choose the data source you want to connect to.
4. After a successful connection, you can select the data you want to be displayed in Excel and click **Next**.
5. The next two steps allow filtering and sorting the data. Click **Next** to skip these procedures.
6. If you plan to further use the query, you can save it by clicking the **Save** button on the right.
7. Select **Return Data To Microsoft Excel** and click **Finish**.
8. In the **Import data** dialog, you can select the way your data will be viewed in Excel and the place where to put it in the worksheet, and click **OK**.
9. The required data is successfully imported to Excel.

Connecting Excel to Azure Synapse Analytics with Microsoft Query

You can use this option to create a more complex query for retrieving Azure Synapse Analytics data to Excel via ODBC driver.

1. Start Excel, click the **Data** tab.
2. In the appeared ribbon, click **From Other Sources**, and then click **From Microsoft Query**.
3. In the next dialog, choose the data source you want to connect to (e.g., using data source name - Devart ODBC Azure Synapse Analytics). Uncheck **Use the Query Wizard to Create/Edit Queries** and click **OK**.
4. Now you can select the tables you want to add to your query. When you finish, just click the **Add** button.
5. In the graphical editor, you can filter rows or columns of data, sort data, join multiple tables, create a parameter query, etc.

Connecting Excel to Azure Synapse Analytics with PowerPivot

You can use PowerPivot - an Excel add-in to perform data analysis and create complex data models. To load the required data, do the following:

1. In Excel, click the **PowerPivot** tab, then click **Manage** to go to the PowerPivot window.
2. In the opened window, click **From Other Sources**.
3. When the **Table Import Wizard** opens, select **Others (OLEDB/ODBC)** and click **Next**.
4. In the **Specify a Connection String** window, click the **Build** button.
5. In the **Data Link Properties** dialog, specify the data source you want to connect (e.g., using data source name - Devart ODBC Azure Synapse Analytics), and then click **Next**.
6. Now you should choose how to import the data (either select a table from the list or write a query to specify the data to be imported).
7. When the Import operation succeeded, click the **Close** button. The retrieved data is inserted in the active worksheet.

4.6 Using in Microsoft Visual Studio

Importing Azure Synapse Analytics Data into Visual Studio Through an ODBC Connection

A Visual Studio is a powerful tool containing features that allow editing, debugging, and compilating the code and creating applications that can be connected to any databases product and services on a local machine and network, and any type of cloud (private, public, or hybrid). To connect Visual Studio to a data source such as Azure Synapse Analytics, you can use an appropriate ODBC driver.

This guide describes how to connect to Azure Synapse Analytics and retrieve data importing them to Visual Studio with an ODBC driver. It is assumed that you have already installed and configured a DSN for ODBC driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

1. Run Visual Studio Desktop and click **Tool** and select **Connect to Database**.
2. In the **Add connection** dialog box, select the **Microsoft ODBC Data Source** as a data source.
3. In the **Data source specification** point expand the **Data Source Name (DSN)** drop-down list and select the previously configured DSN for Azure Synapse Analytics. Alternatively, you can connect to the database by entering the DSN in a **Use connection string** field. To

check whether your connection is successful, click **Test connection**. Click **OK**.

4. If your data source is password-protected, Visual Studio will prompt you for user credentials. Type your **Username** and **Password** in the respective fields and click **OK**.
5. In the Server Explorer you can see the database structure. Choose **Tables**, right-click the table you want to view the data of and select **Retrieve Data**. You can also preview the contents of the database objects by clicking on them.

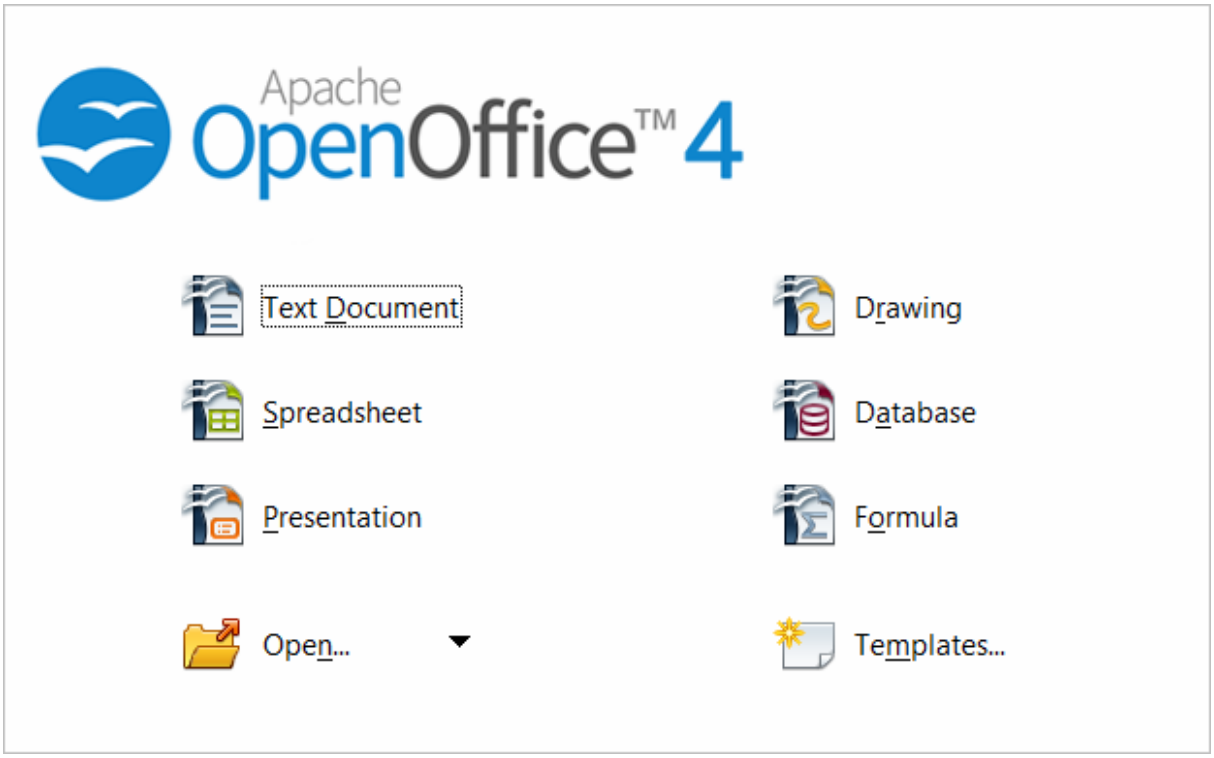
4.7 Using in OpenOffice and LibreOffice

Connecting to Azure Synapse Analytics from OpenOffice and LibreOffice using ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics

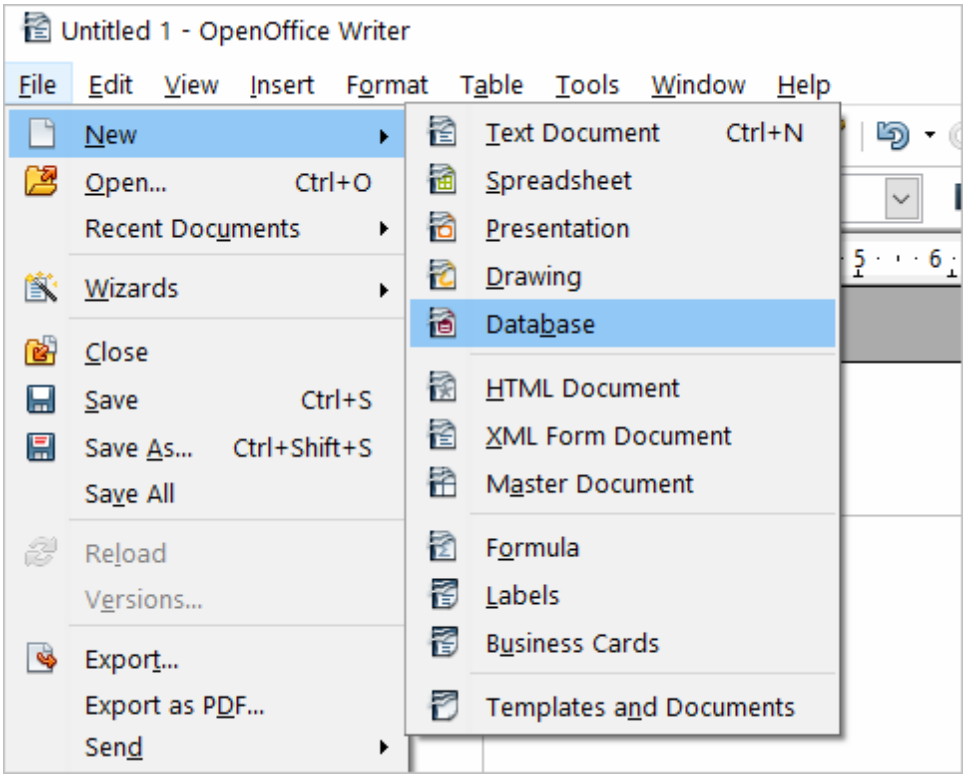
The article describes how to use Apache OpenOffice and LibreOffice to access ODBC data sources using the respective driver. You can access Azure Synapse Analytics data from Open Office Base or LibreOffice Base — desktop database management systems. Note that the Windows version of OpenOffice is 32-bit, and you may get the error “The specified DSN contains an architecture mismatch between the Driver and Application” when trying to access a data source through a 64-bit ODBC Driver. To get rid of the error message, set up the 32-bit version of the driver.

To connect to an ODBC data source from OpenOffice or LibreOffice using our driver for Azure Synapse Analytics, perform the steps below:

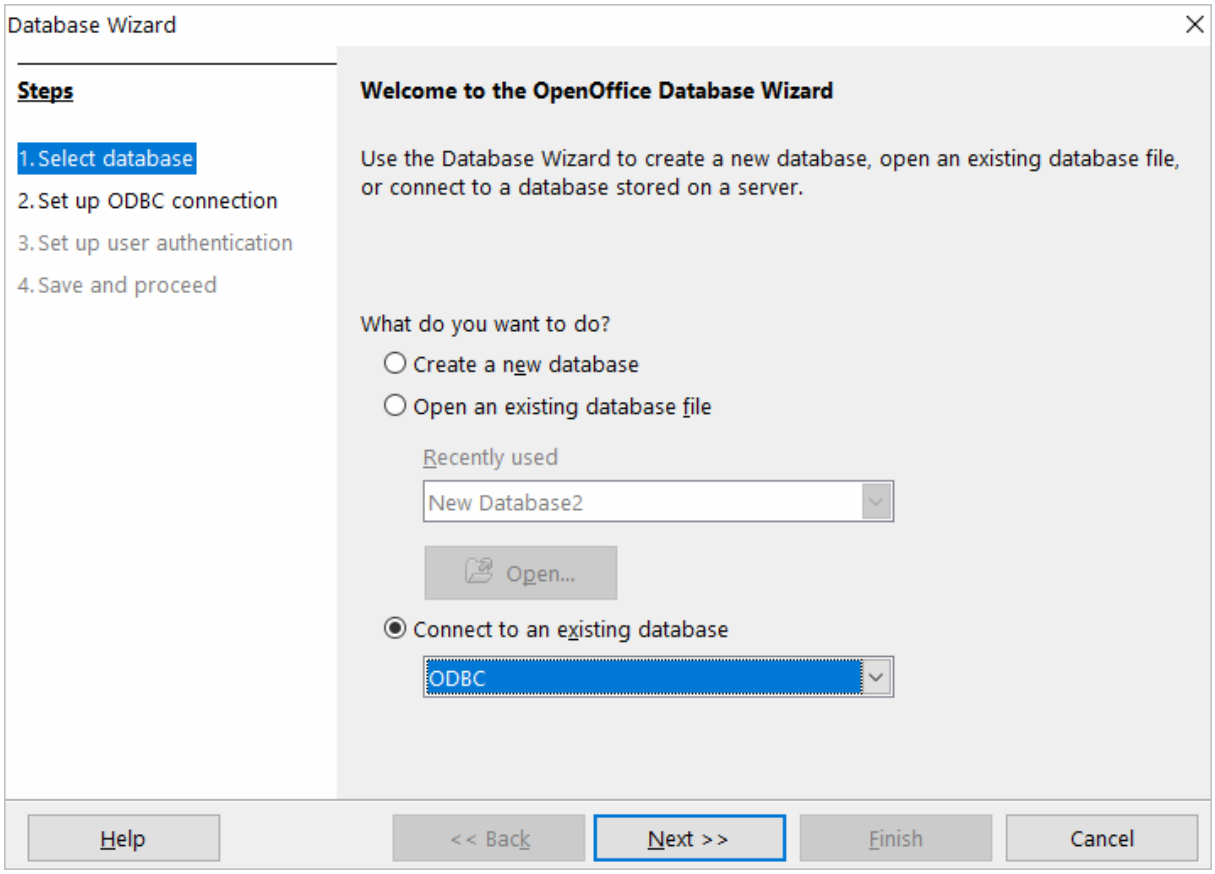
1. Start OpenOffice or LibreOffice, click **Database** to open the **Database Wizard**.



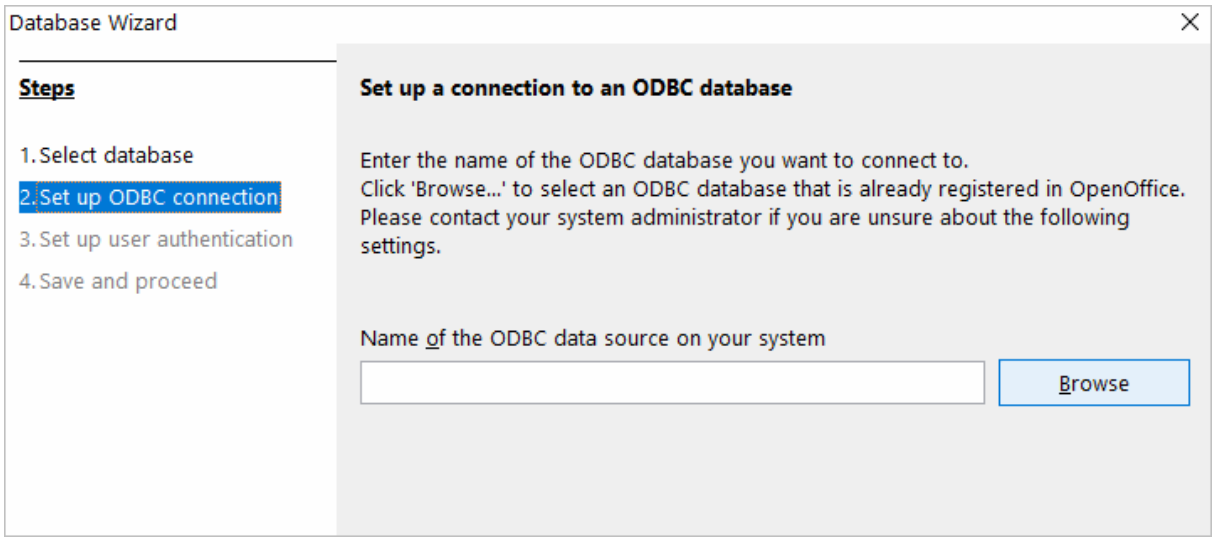
Alternatively, you can launch the **Database Wizard** from OpenOffice or LibreOffice Calc, Writer or any other tool by choosing **File > New > Database**.

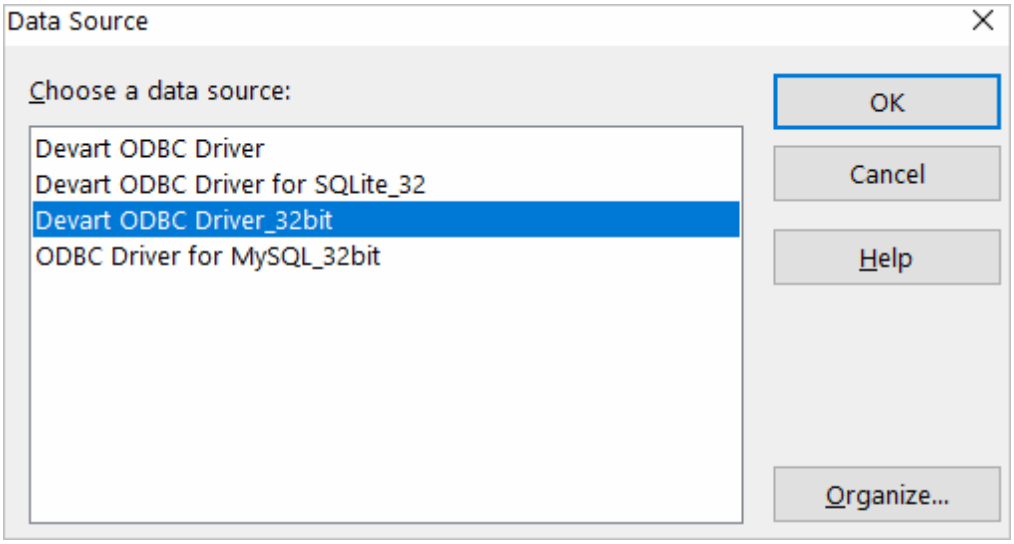


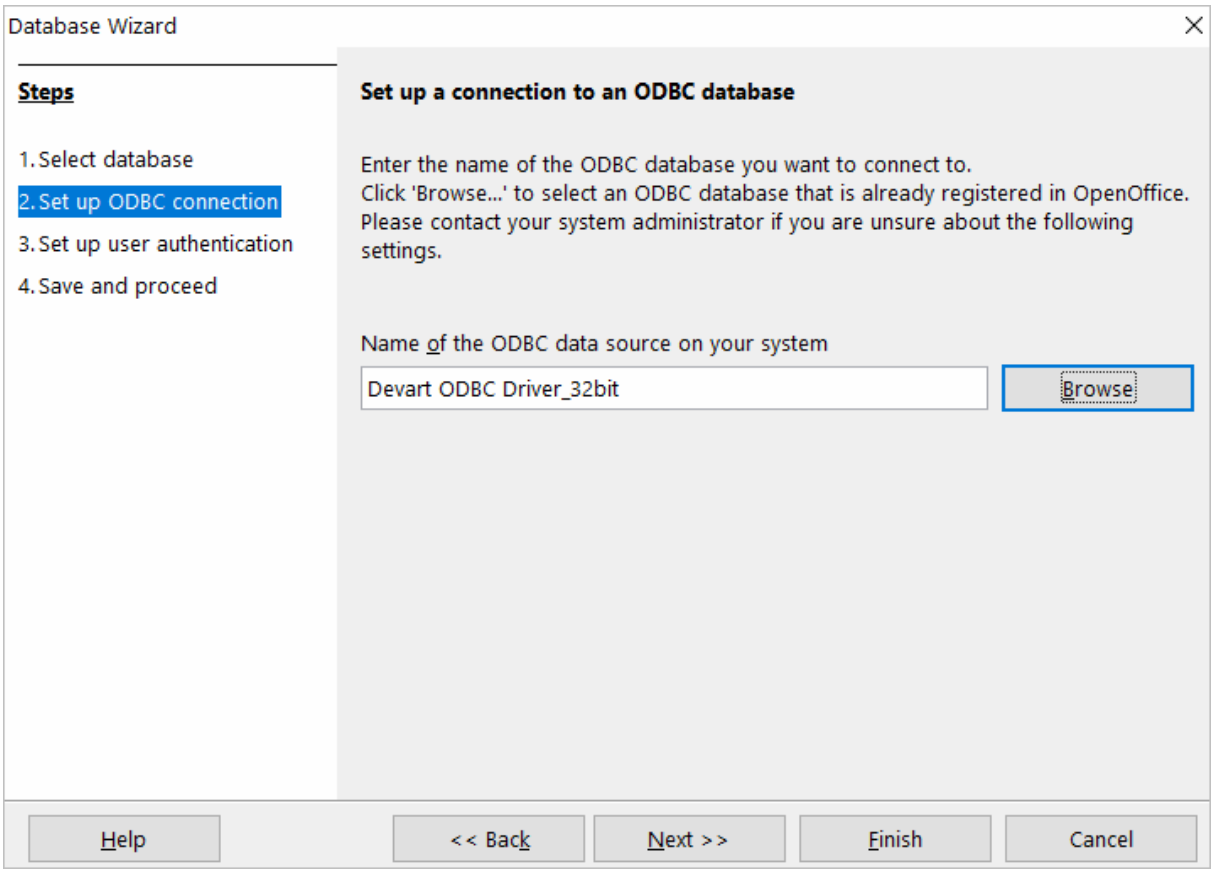
2. In the **Database Wizard dialog box**, click **Connect to an existing database**, select **ODBC** from the drop-down list, and click **Next**.



3. Specify the name of the data source you want to connect to. You can either type the name of your data source into the field, e.g. **ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics**, or you can click **Browse**, double-click the data source you need, and then click **Next**.

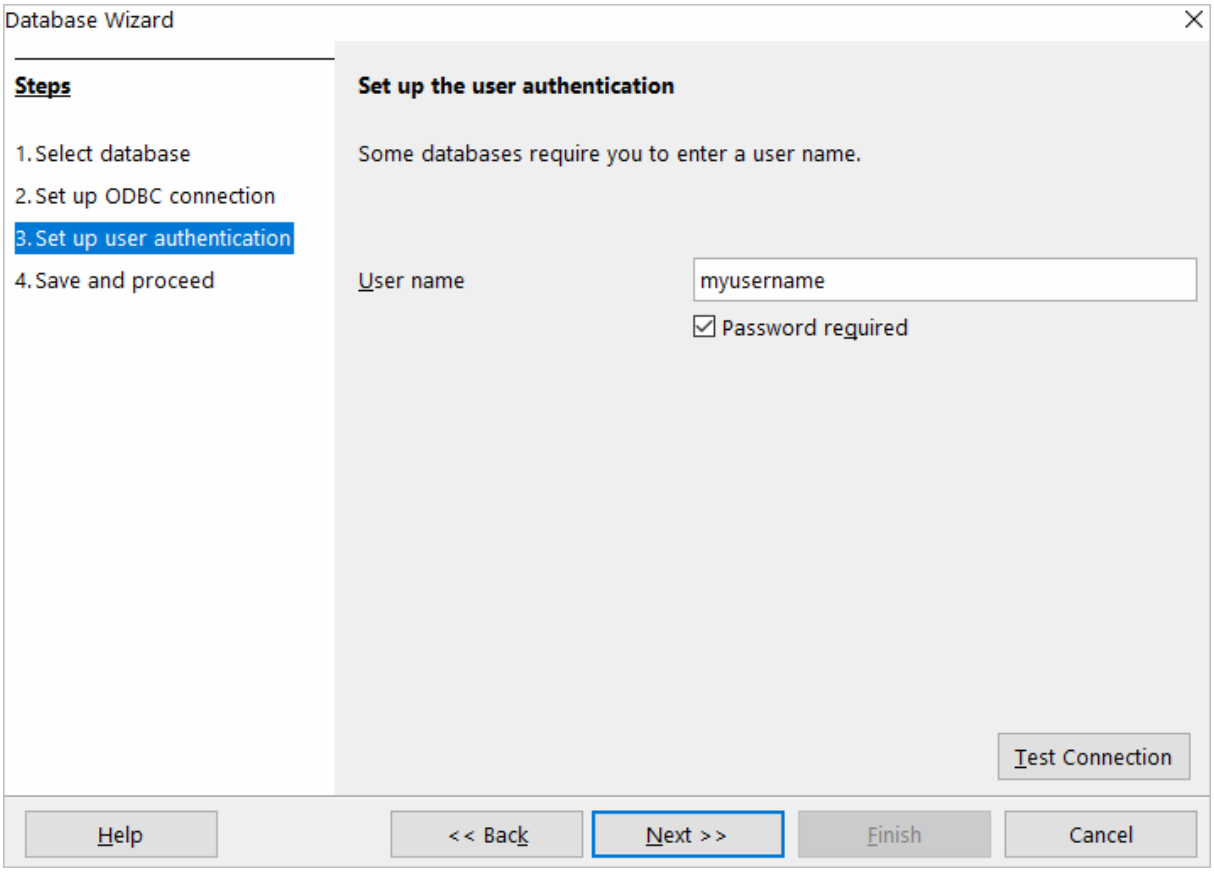




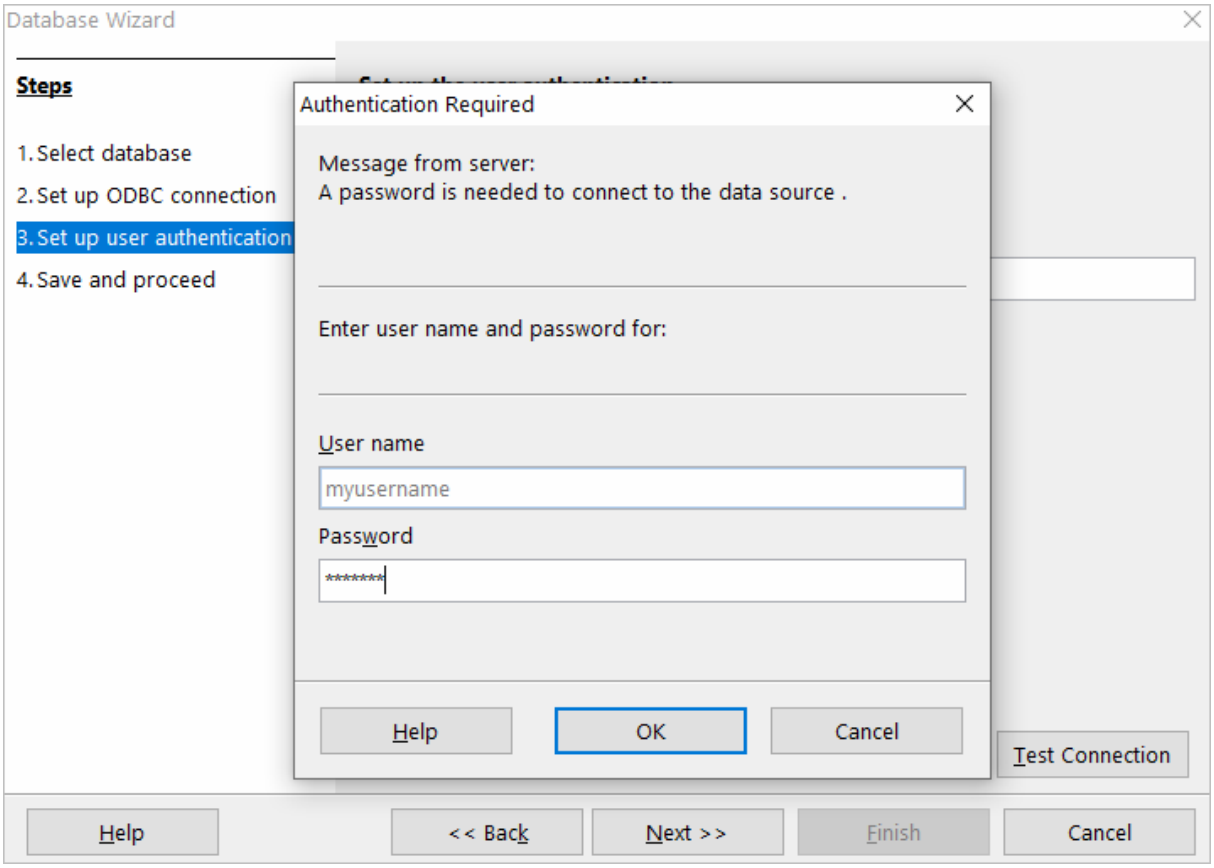


4. If your database requires a user name, type it into the **User name** field. If you are connecting to a password protected database, check the **Password required** field. Alternatively, you can specify these parameters in the data source settings of your ODBC

Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics and leave these fields empty in **Database Wizard**.

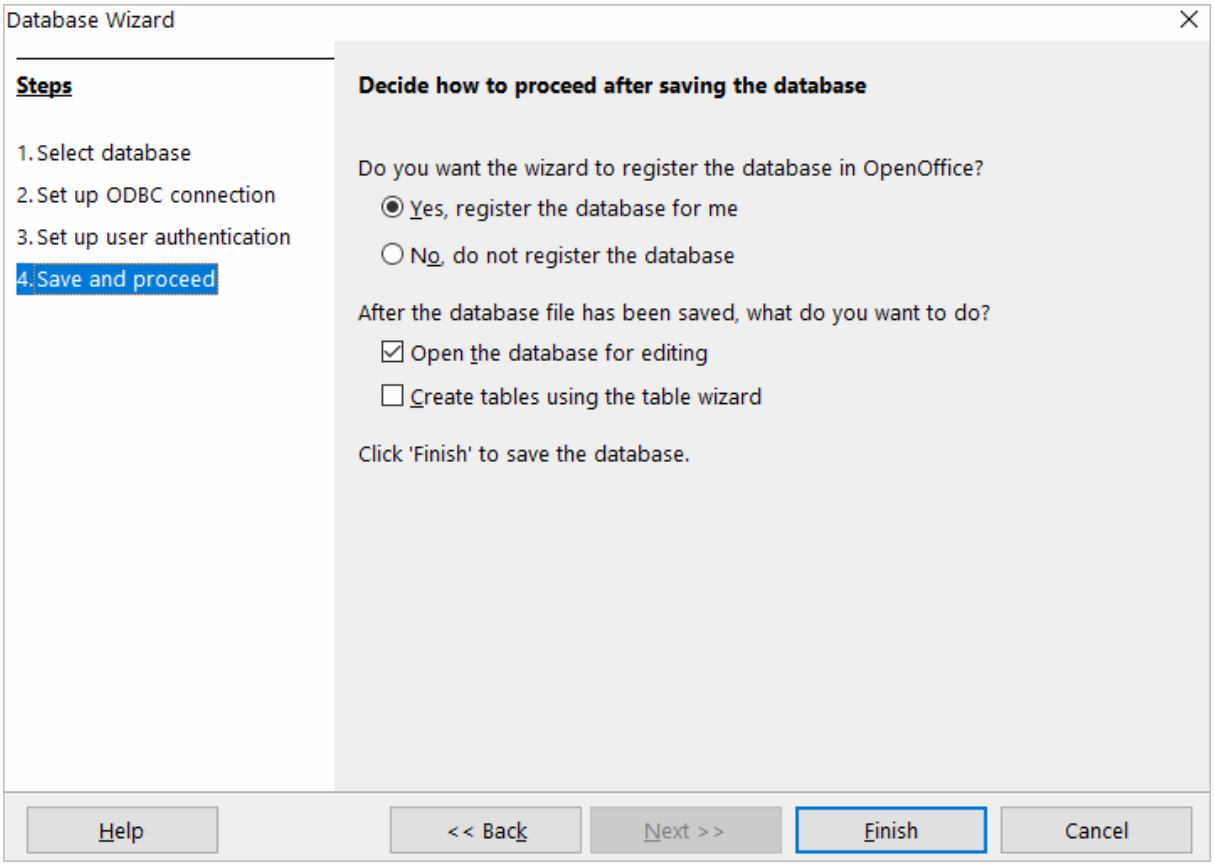


To test the connection to your data source, click **Test Connection**, input your credentials and click **OK**.

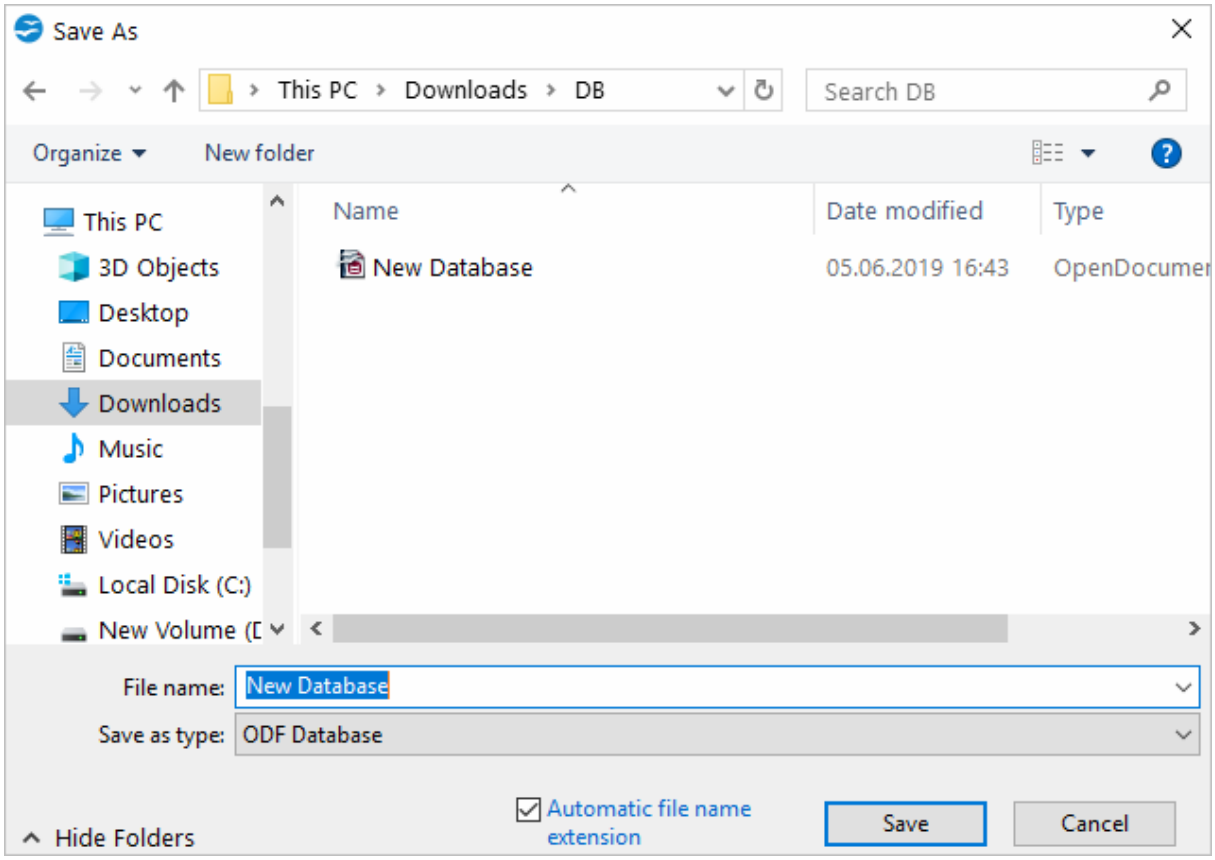


If you have entered valid credentials, you will see a success message. Click **Next** to proceed to the final step.

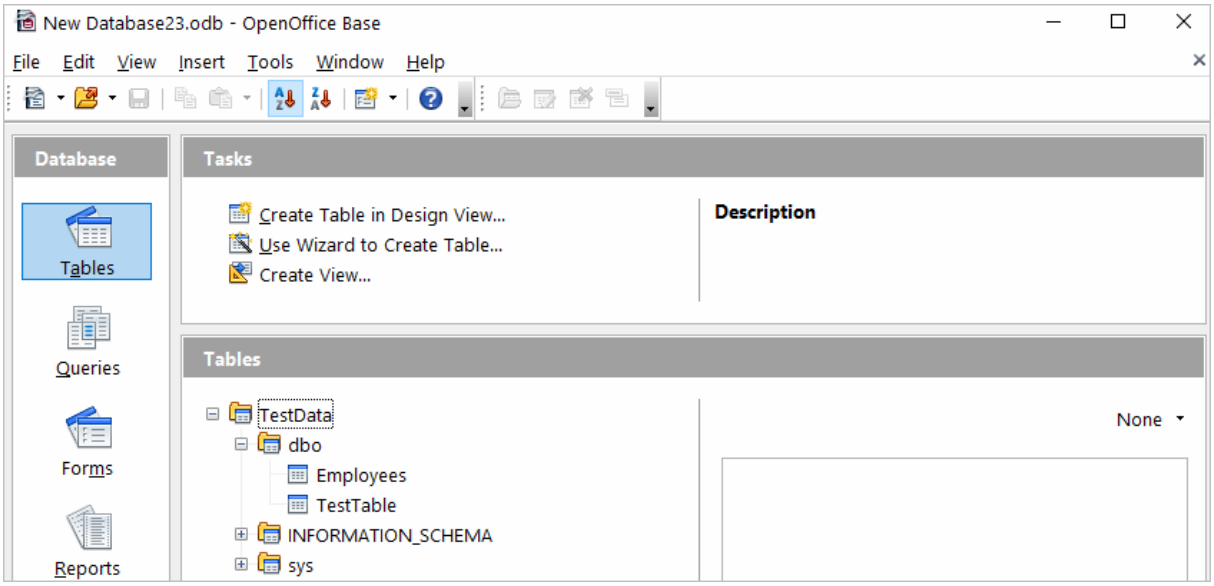
5. You can keep the default selection in this dialog box and click **Finish**.

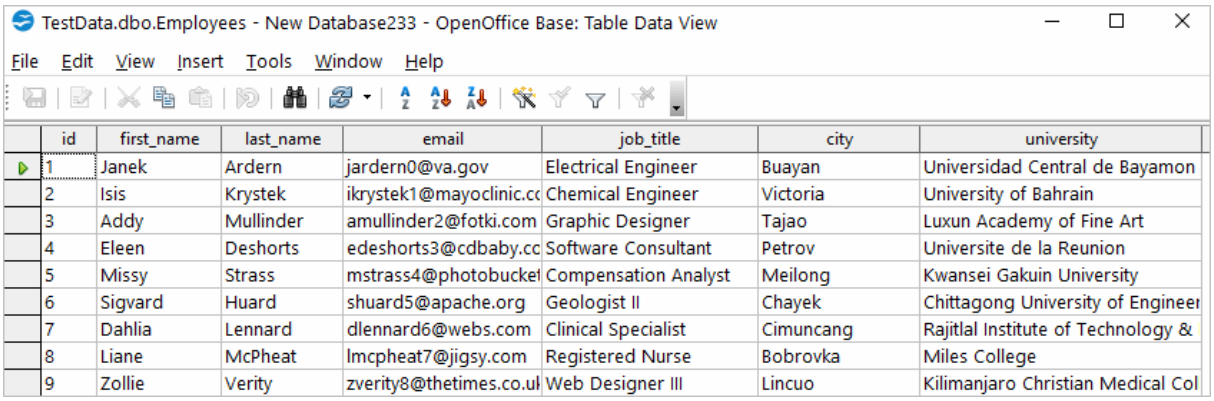


You will be prompted to give a name to your new database and select the directory where you want to store it.



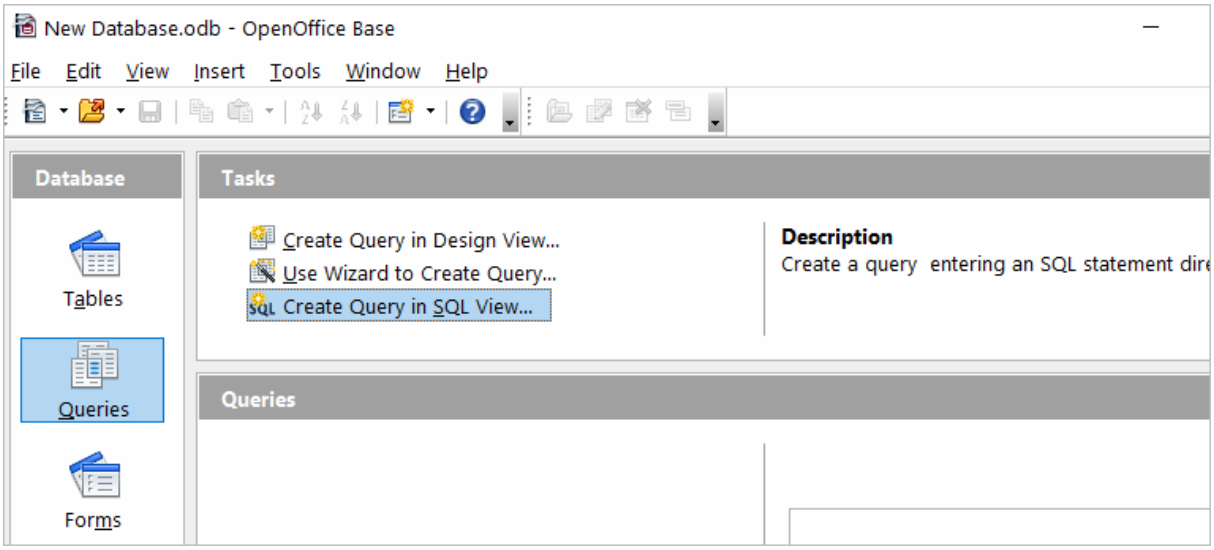
6. When the database opens, you will see the list of tables from your data source diplayed in OpenOffice or LibreOffice Base workspace. To view the data from a specific table, double-click the table name.



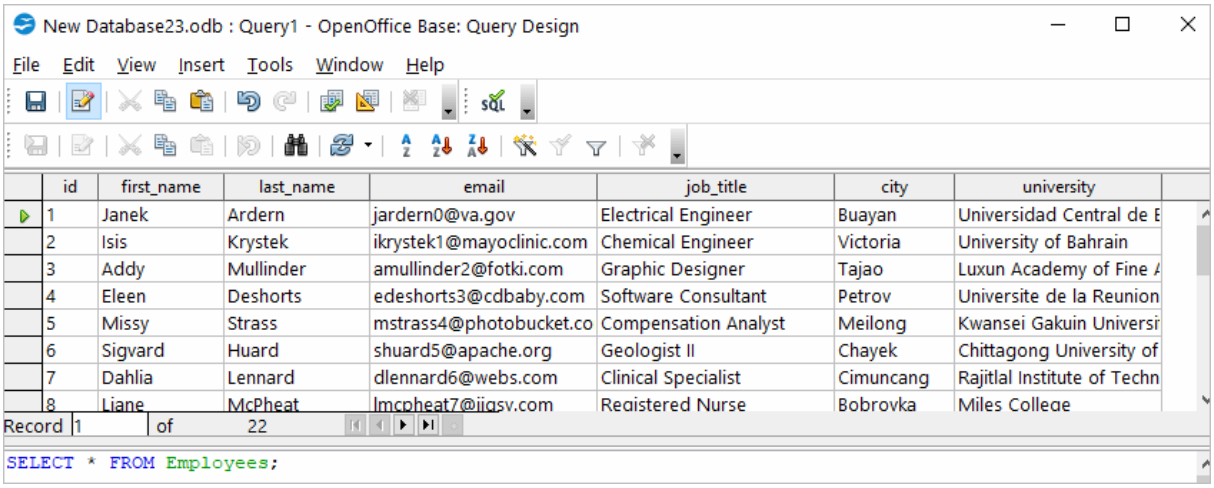


id	first_name	last_name	email	job_title	city	university
1	Janek	Ardern	jardern0@va.gov	Electrical Engineer	Buayan	Universidad Central de Bayamon
2	Isis	Krystek	ikrystek1@mayoclinic.cc	Chemical Engineer	Victoria	University of Bahrain
3	Addy	Mullinder	amullinder2@fotki.com	Graphic Designer	Tajao	Luxun Academy of Fine Art
4	Eleen	Deshorts	edeshorts3@cdbaby.cc	Software Consultant	Petrov	Universite de la Reunion
5	Missy	Strass	mstrass4@photobucket	Compensation Analyst	Meilong	Kwansei Gakuin University
6	Sigvard	Huard	shuard5@apache.org	Geologist II	Chayek	Chittagong University of Engineer
7	Dahlia	Lennard	dlennard6@webs.com	Clinical Specialist	Cimuncang	Rajitlal Institute of Technology &
8	Liane	McPheat	lmcpheat7@jigsy.com	Registered Nurse	Bobrovka	Miles College
9	Zollie	Verity	zverity8@thetimes.co.ul	Web Designer III	Lincuo	Kilimanjaro Christian Medical Col

7. To create an SQL query, click **Queries** in the **Database** pane, then click **Create Query in SQL View...**



Enter your query in the query text box and click **Run Query (F5)**. The date will be fetched from the database and displayed in Open Office or LibreOffice, respectively.



4.8 Using in Oracle DBLink

Configuring Oracle Database Gateway for ODBC

This article explains how to configure Oracle Database Gateway for ODBC. If your data is stored in a non-Oracle database system or cloud application, and you need to access it from an Oracle Database server, you can create a database link to an Oracle Database Gateway for ODBC. The gateway works with an ODBC driver to access non-Oracle systems or other,

remote Oracle servers. Any ODBC-compatible data source can be accessed using the gateway and the appropriate ODBC driver. The driver must be installed on the same machine as the gateway. The non-Oracle system can run on the same machine as the Oracle server or on a different machine. The gateway can be installed on the machine running the non-Oracle system, the machine running the Oracle database or on a third machine as a standalone.

Configure the Initialization File

After installing the gateway and the ODBC driver for Azure Synapse Analytics, create an initialization file for your Oracle Database Gateway for ODBC. The sample file `initdg4odbc.ora` is stored in the `ORACLE_HOME\hs\admin` directory. To create an initialization file for the gateway, copy the sample initialization file and rename it. The name must be prefixed with init — for example, `initAzure Synapse Analytics.ora`. You need a separate initialization file for each ODBC data source. After creating the file, set the `HS_FDS_CONNECT_INFO` parameter to the system DSN that you created earlier, for example:

```
HS_FDS_CONNECT_INFO=Azure Synapse Analytics
```

Configure Oracle Net Listener

After configuring the gateway, you need to configure Oracle Net Listener to communicate with the Oracle database. Information about the gateway must be added to the `listener.ora` configuration file which is located in the `ORACLE_HOME\NETWORK\ADMIN\` directory. The following example is the address on which the Oracle Net Listener listens (`HOST` is the address of the machine on which the gateway is installed):

```
LISTENER =
    (DESCRIPTION_LIST =
        (DESCRIPTION =
          (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP)(HOST = localhost)(PORT = 1521))
        )
    )
```

Add an entry to the `listener.ora` file to start the gateway in response to connection requests. The SID of the gateway (`SID_NAME`) must be the same in `listener.ora` and `tnsnames.ora`. `ORACLE_HOME` is the Oracle home directory where the gateway resides. To apply the new settings, stop and restart the Oracle Net Listener service.

```
SID_LIST_LISTENER=
   (SID_LIST=
      (SID_DESC=
         (SID_NAME=Azure Synapse Analytics)
```

```
        (ORACLE_HOME=D:\ORACLE_HOME)
        (PROGRAM=dg4odbc)
      )
  )
```

Configure Oracle for Gateway Access

Add a connect descriptor for the gateway to the `tnsnames.ora file`, which is located in `ORACLE_HOME\NETWORK\ADMIN` directory. The `SID` must match the value specified in the `listener.ora` file.

```
Azure Synapse Analytics =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = tcp)(HOST = localhost)(PORT = 1521))
    (CONNECT_DATA =
      (SID = Azure Synapse Analytics)
    )
    (HS = OK)
  )
```

Create Database Links

To access an ODBC data source, you must create a database link using a database tool like SQL Plus or dbForge Studio for Oracle: connect to your database server and execute the `CREATE DATABASE LINK` statement, as follows:

```
CREATE DATABASE LINK dblink CONNECT TO "username"  IDENTIFIED BY "password"
```

`dblink` is the complete database link name. `tns_name_entry` is the Oracle Net connect descriptor specified in the `tnsnames.ora` file.

When you create the database link in dbForge Studio for Oracle, you can see your newly created link in Database Links on the left panel. After creating the database link, you can run a query against the ODBC data source using the following syntax:

```
SELECT * FROM table_name@"dblink_name"
```

See also

Configuring Oracle Database Gateway for ODBC

4.9 Using in PHP

Connecting to Azure Synapse Analytics from PHP using ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics

PHP is one of the most popular programming languages for website development. ODBC

drivers are connectors that make PHP development database agnostic — your software written in PHP will function with any vendor's database management system. You can use functions like odbc_exec() to prepare and execute SQL statements against any databases like MySQL, SQLite, PostgreSQL, etc.

PHP-based projects usually require a data storage, whether a traditional database or a cloud-based database. You can establish a connection to them using ODBC interface. With our ODBC drivers, you can access various data sources and retrieve tables and fields from a database.

Below is a sample PHP script for accessing Azure Synapse Analytics via ODBC. The script connects to Azure Synapse Analytics database and fetches all records from a table:

Step 1: Connect to ODBC data source

The *odbc_connect()* function is used to connect to an ODBC data source. Note that the function takes three mandatory parameters: the data source name, username and password. If your database is not password-protected or doesn't require a username, leave these parameters empty. In the following example, a connection is established using the *odbc_connect()* function in PHP.

```
<?php
   $user = "myusername";
   $password = "mypassword";
   $ODBCConnection = odbc_connect("DRIVER={Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Syn
```

Step 2: Execute an SQL statement

If connection is successful, the *odbc_exec()* function is used to execute a SELECT statement against the *dept* table in the *autotest* database.

```
$SQLQuery = "SELECT * FROM autotest.dept";
   $RecordSet = odbc_exec($ODBCConnection, $SQLQuery);
```

Step 3: Print the result set

The *odbc_fetch_row()* function is used to return records from the result set. While *odbc_fetch_row()* returns rows, the *odbc_result_set()* function prints a set of result in HTML table. After all rows from the result set have been printed, the *odbc_close()* function closes the connection.

```
   $result = odbc_result_all($RecordSet, "border=1");
   odbc_close($ODBCConnection);
?>
```

You can modify this script by specifying general settings for each Devart ODBC driver to use any of them with your PHP projects.

4.10 Using in Power BI

Importing Azure Synapse Analytics Data into Power BI Through an ODBC Connection

Power BI is a popular business intelligence solution that is comprised of services, apps, and connectors that allow you to pull raw data from various sources and create meaningful reports. To connect Power BI to a data source such as Azure Synapse Analytics, you can use a corresponding ODBC driver.

This tutorial explores how to connect to Azure Synapse Analytics and import data into Power BI Desktop using an ODBC driver. It is assumed that you have already installed and configured a DSN for ODBC driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

1. Run Power BI Desktop and click **Get Data**.
2. Select the **Other** category in the **Get Data** dialog box, then select **ODBC**. Click **Connect** to confirm the choice.
3. In the **From ODBC** dialog box, expand the **Data Source Name (DSN)** drop-down list and select the previously configured DSN for Azure Synapse Analytics
4. If you would like to enter a SQL statement to narrow down the returned results, click the **Advanced options** arrow, which expands the dialog box, and type or paste your SQL statement.
5. Click **OK**. If your data source is password-protected, Power BI will prompt you for user credentials. Type your **Username** and **Password** in the respective fields and click.
6. Now you should see the data structures in your data source. You can preview the contents of the database objects by clicking on them.
7. To load the Azure Synapse Analytics data into Power BI for analysis, select the needed table and click **Load**.

4.11 Using in Python

Installing the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics

One of the most convenient methods to connect to an external database or access cloud data from Python is via ODBC. Devart has developed a range of ODBC Drivers for Python to work with databases and cloud services.

If you don't have Python installed on your machine, go to the Python official website, download the appropriate installer and run it. You will also need to install the **pyodbc** module — the easiest way to do that is by using the *pip install pyodbc* command in the Python interactive mode. Next, you need to download the ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics. To use the ODBC driver as a translation layer between the application and the database, you need to configure it by following the installation instructions.

Connecting to Azure Synapse Analytics from Python using ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics

Here's an example to show you how to connect to Azure Synapse Analytics via Devart ODBC Driver in Python. First we import the pyodbc module, then create a connection to the database, insert a new row and read the contents of the EMP table while printing each row to the Python interactive console. To execute the script, you can type the code directly in the interactive console or add the code to a file with the .py extension and run the file from the command prompt.

Step 1: Connect

```
import pyodbc
cnxn = pyodbc.connect('DRIVER={Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytic
```

Step 2: Insert a row

Here's a simple example of how to execute an *insert* statement to test the connection to the database. The script inserts a new record to the EMP table.

```
cursor = cnxn.cursor()
cursor.execute("INSERT INTO EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR) VALUES (535, 'Scott
```

Step 3: Execute query

The *cursor.execute()* function retrieves rows from the *select* query on a dataset. The

cursor.fetchone() function iterates over the result set returned by *cursor.execute()* while the *print()* function prints out all records from the table to the console.

```
cursor = cnxn.cursor()
cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM EMP")
row = cursor.fetchone()
while row:
 print (row)
 row = cursor.fetchone()
cursor.close()
cnxn.close()
```

4.12 Using in QlikView

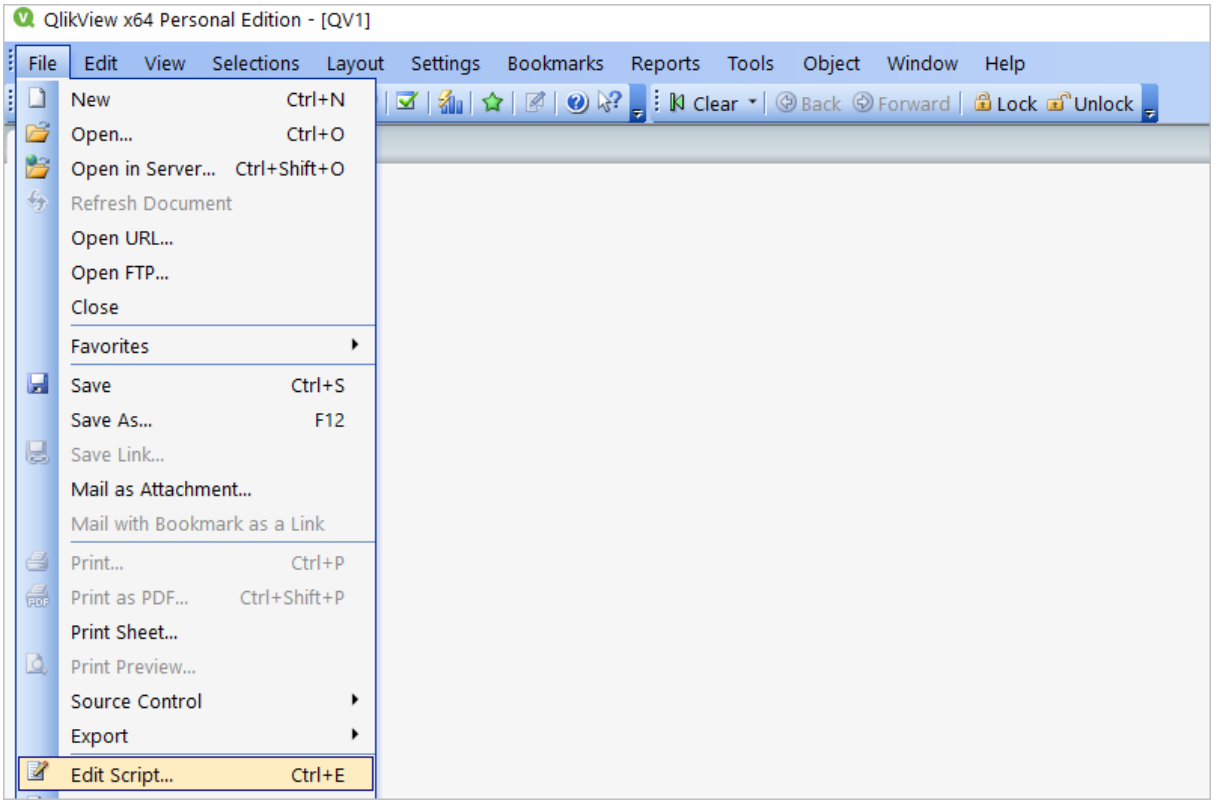
Connecting to Azure Synapse Analytics from QlikView using ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics

This tutorial describes how to connect and configure QlikView to retrieve data from Azure Synapse Analytics for further analysis. QlikView is a data visualization tool that connects and pulls data from different popular databases like MySQL, MongoDB, Oracle, SQL Server, Postgres, etc. to present it in a single view. The business intelligence platform identifies relationships in your data and discovers patterns and opportunities to support your decision making.

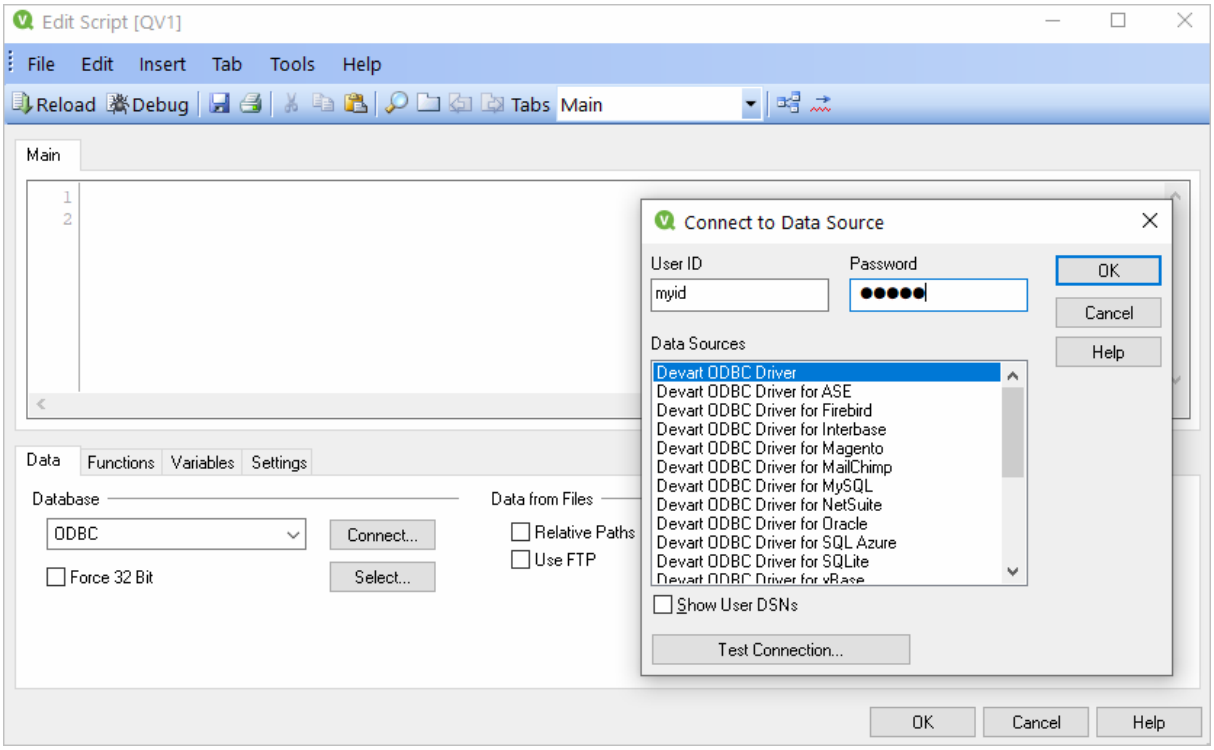
QlikView supports the ODBC connectivity interface for communication with external data sources. An ODBC data source must be configured for the database you want to access. You can create an ODBC connection using a DSN during the ODBC driver installation or later.

To connect to an ODBC data source from QlikView using our driver for Azure Synapse Analytics, perform the steps below:

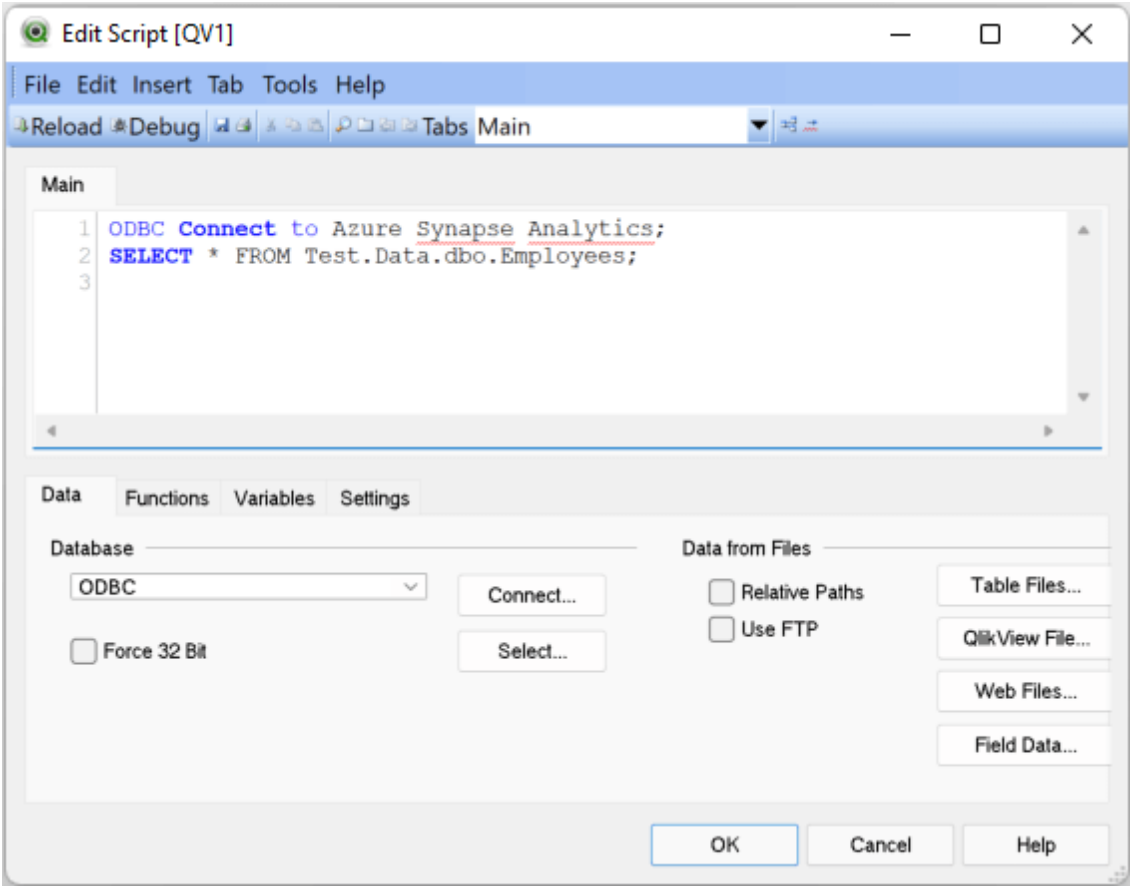
1. Open the QlikView client application and click **File > New**. Close the **Getting Started** wizard and open **File > Edit Script (CTRL+E)**.

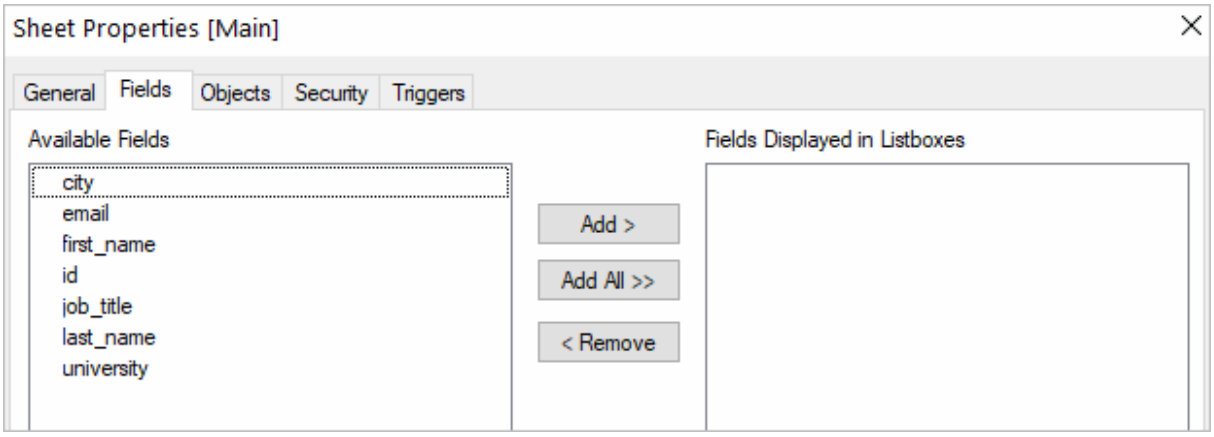


2. In the **Data** tab, choose **ODBC** from the **Database** drop-down and click **Connect**. Select the **Data Source** you created earlier, type in the **User ID** and **Password** if your database is password-protected. You can test the connection by choosing **Test Connection**. The **Connection Test succeeded** message should appear. Click **OK** to connect to your data source.



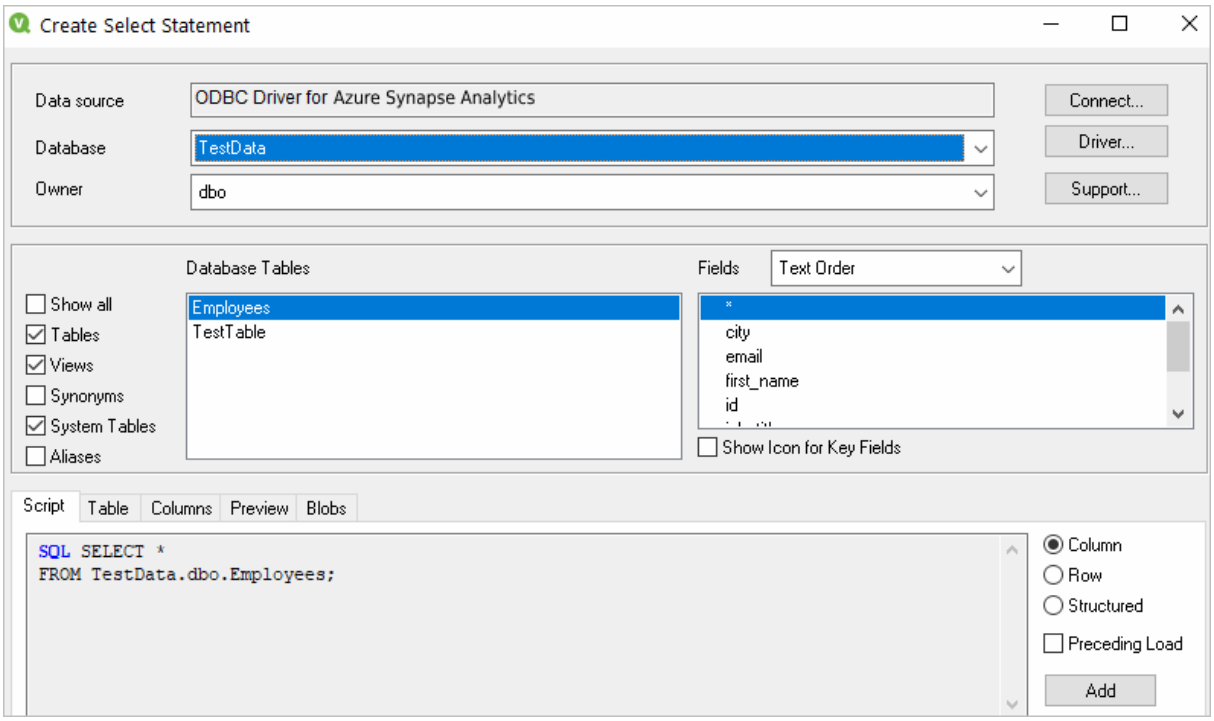
3. To retrieve the data from your data source, you can enter an SQL query and press **F5**. You will be suggested to choose fields to be displayed.



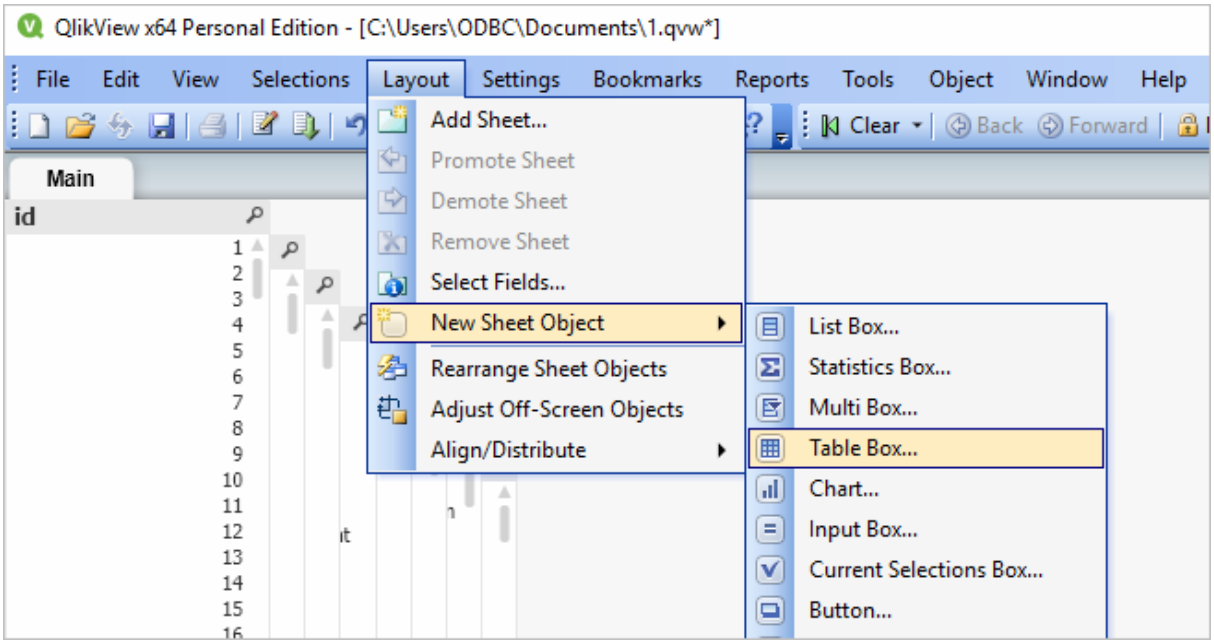


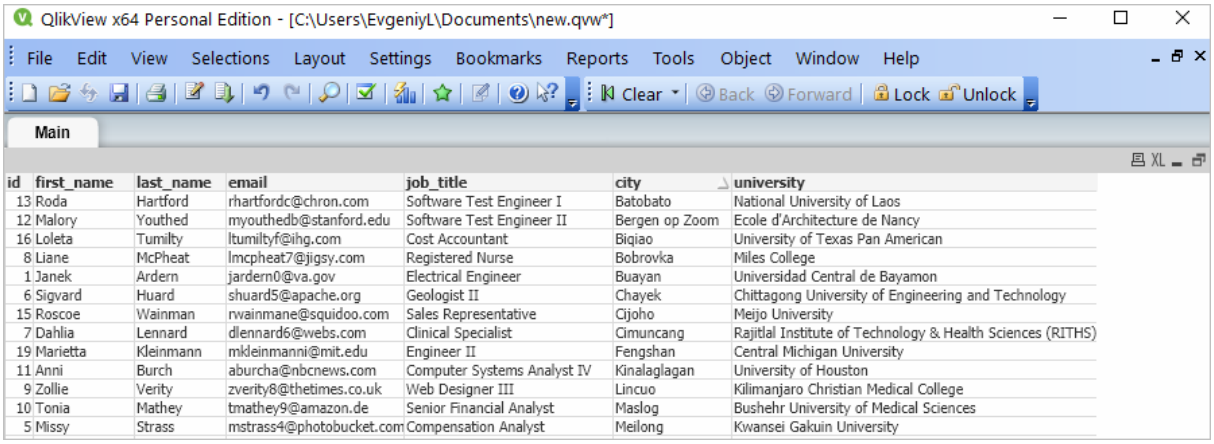
4. Alternatively, you can click **Select**, and QlikView will show you the database structure window where you can compose a SELECT statement for the data to be fetched. You can choose a different database from the database drop-down list. Select the necessary tables and fields. You can retrieve date from multiple tables and fields by selecting them and

clicking **Add**. When you are ready with your SELECT statement, click **OK**. You will get back to the main script editor with your SQL statement. Press **F5** to execute the script and select the fields to be displayed in QlikView.



5. Once the data has been fetched, you can choose a table layout to present the data in a table. Choose **Layout > New Sheet Object > Table Box**. Select the fields to be added to the tablebox and click **OK**.





id	first_name	last_name	email	job_title	city	university
13	Roda	Hartford	rhartfordc@chron.com	Software Test Engineer I	Batobato	National University of Laos
12	Malory	Youthed	myouthedb@stanford.edu	Software Test Engineer II	Bergen op Zoom	Ecole d'Architecture de Nancy
16	Loleta	Tumilty	ltumiltyf@ihg.com	Cost Accountant	Biqiao	University of Texas Pan American
8	Liane	McPheat	lmcpheat7@jigsy.com	Registered Nurse	Bobrovka	Miles College
1	Janek	Ardern	jardern0@va.gov	Electrical Engineer	Buayan	Universidad Central de Bayamon
6	Sigvard	Huard	shuard5@apache.org	Geologist II	Chayek	Chittagong University of Engineering and Technology
15	Roscoe	Wainman	rwainmane@squidoo.com	Sales Representative	Cijoho	Meijo University
7	Dahlia	Lennard	dlennard6@webs.com	Clinical Specialist	Cimuncang	Rajitlal Institute of Technology & Health Sciences (RITHS)
19	Marietta	Kleinmann	mkleinmanni@mit.edu	Engineer II	Fengshan	Central Michigan University
11	Anni	Burch	aburcha@nbcnews.com	Computer Systems Analyst IV	Kinalaglagan	University of Houston
9	Zollie	Verity	zverity8@thetimes.co.uk	Web Designer III	Lincuo	Kilimanjaro Christian Medical College
10	Tonia	Mathey	tmathey9@amazon.de	Senior Financial Analyst	Maslog	Bushehr University of Medical Sciences
5	Missy	Strass	mstrass4@photobucket.com	Compensation Analyst	Meilong	Kwansei Gakuin University

4.13 Using in SQL Server Management Studio

This section describes how to establish and troubleshoot a connection to Azure Synapse Analytics from SQL Server Management Studio using ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

- Creating a Linked Server
- Troubleshooting in SSMS

4.13.1 Creating a Linked Server

Requirements

In order to avoid incorrect integration with MS SSMS, the working environment must meet the following conditions:

- The data source must be a configured system DSN. Refer to the Driver Configuration article to learn how to configure a System DSN.
- The driver, studio, and SQL Server must be of the same bitness. For example, if you are using 64-bit SQL Server Management Studio on 64-bit Windows platform, then configure the 64-bit version of the driver using ODBC Administrator launched from %windir%\system32\odbcad32.exe. Otherwise, configure the driver using the 32-bit version of ODBC Administrator - launch it from %windir%\SysWOW64\odbcad32.exe.
- ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics and SQL Server must be installed on the same computer.
- .NET Framework 4.5 must be installed on the computer.

Connecting to Azure Synapse Analytics from SQL Server Management Studio using ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics

You can use the Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio to connect your Azure Synapse Analytics data to an SQL Server instance. Linked Server is a tool of MS SQL Server that allows to execute distributed queries to refer tables stored on non-SQL Server datbase in a single query. With linked servers, you can execute commands against different data sources such as Azure Synapse Analytics and merge them with your SQL Server database. You can create a linked server with one of these methods: by using the options in the Object Explorer or by executing stored procedures.

Below are major advantages of using SQL Server Linked Servers to connect to Azure Synapse Analytics:

1. The ability to connect other database instances on the same or remote server.
2. The ability to run distributed queries on heterogeneous data sources across the

organization.

3. The ability to work with diverse data sources in the same way.

How to configure a SQL Server Linked Server to connect to Azure Synapse Analytics

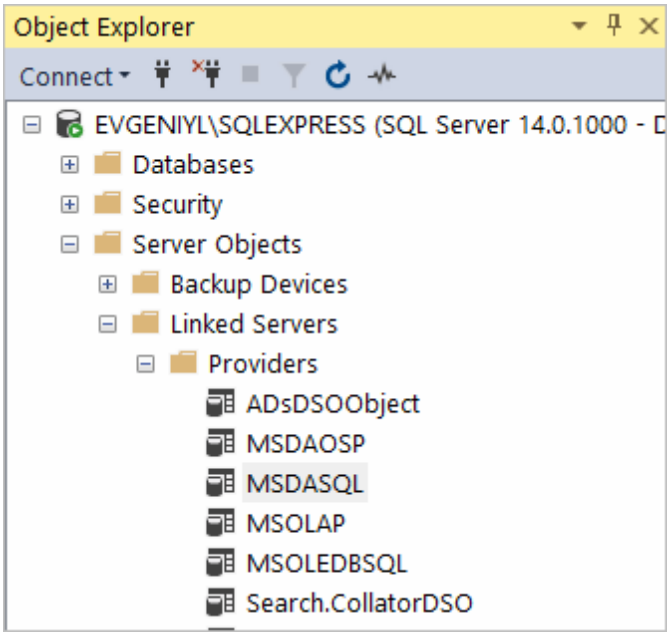
You can follow the steps to create a linked server for Azure Synapse Analytics in SQL Server Management Studio by using Object Explorer:

1. Start your Management Studio and choose your SQL Server instance.
2. In the **Object Explorer pane**, expand the **Server Objects**, right-click on **Linked Servers** and then click on **New Linked Server**.
3. Configure your linked server in the dialog box:
   - Give a name for your server in the **Linked server** field.
   - Under **Server type**, select **Other data source** .
   - Choose **Microsoft OLE DB Provider for ODBC Drivers** in the **Provider** drop-down list.
   - In the **Data source** field, enter the name of your DSN, e.g. Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics. Alternatively, you can input the ODBC Driver connection string in the **Provider** field.

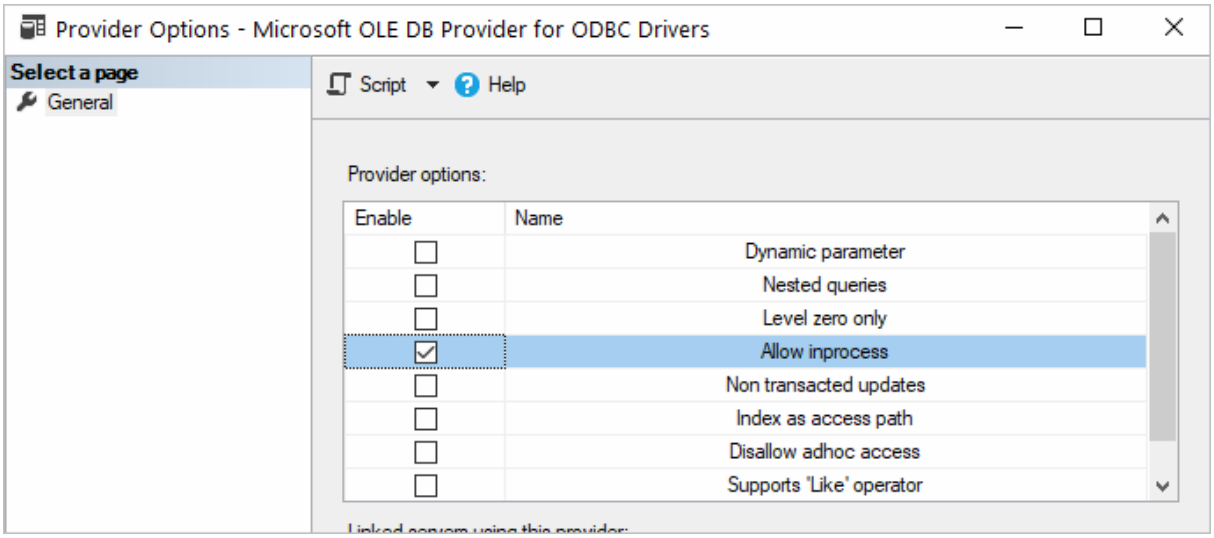
The linked server will appear under the Linked Servers in the Object Explorer Pane. You can now issue distributed queries and access Azure Synapse Analytics databases through SQL Server.

Retrieving Data From Azure Synapse Analytics

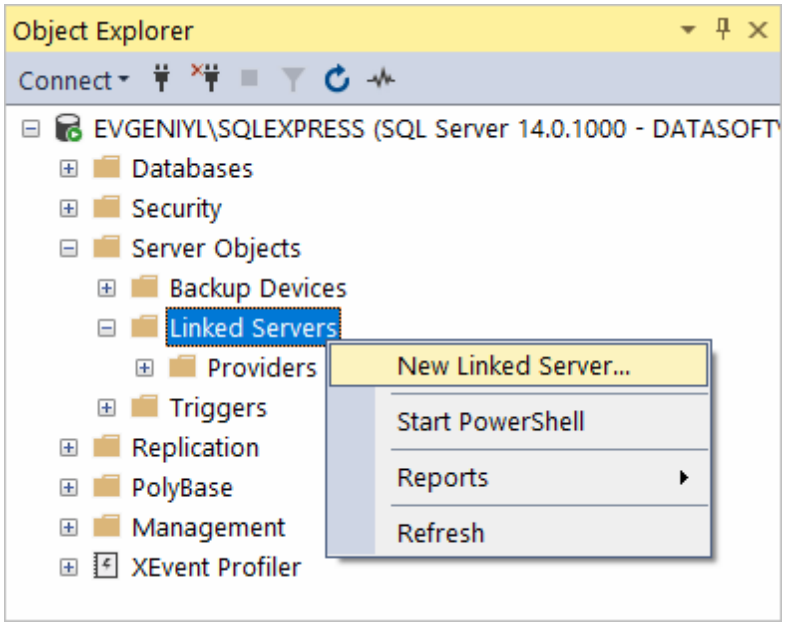
Ensure the **Allow inprocess option** of MSDASQL OLE DB Provider for ODBC Drivers is enabled. For this, find the **MSDASQL** provider in the list of Linked Servers and double-click on it



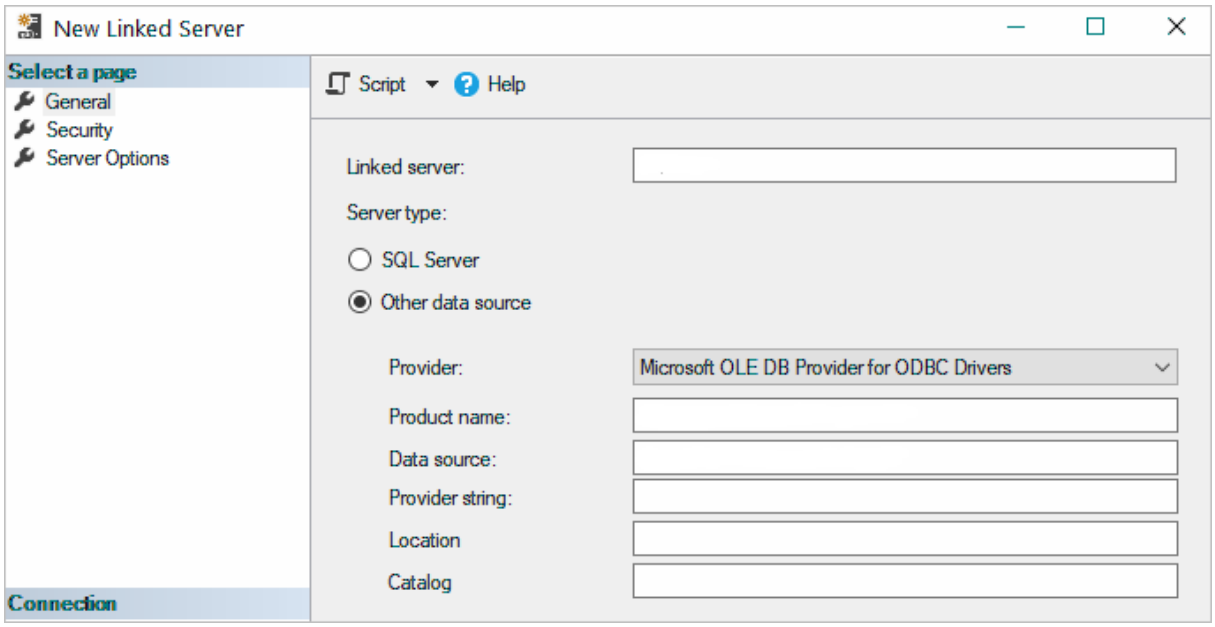
In the appeared **Provider Options** window, enable the **Allow inprocess** checkbox:



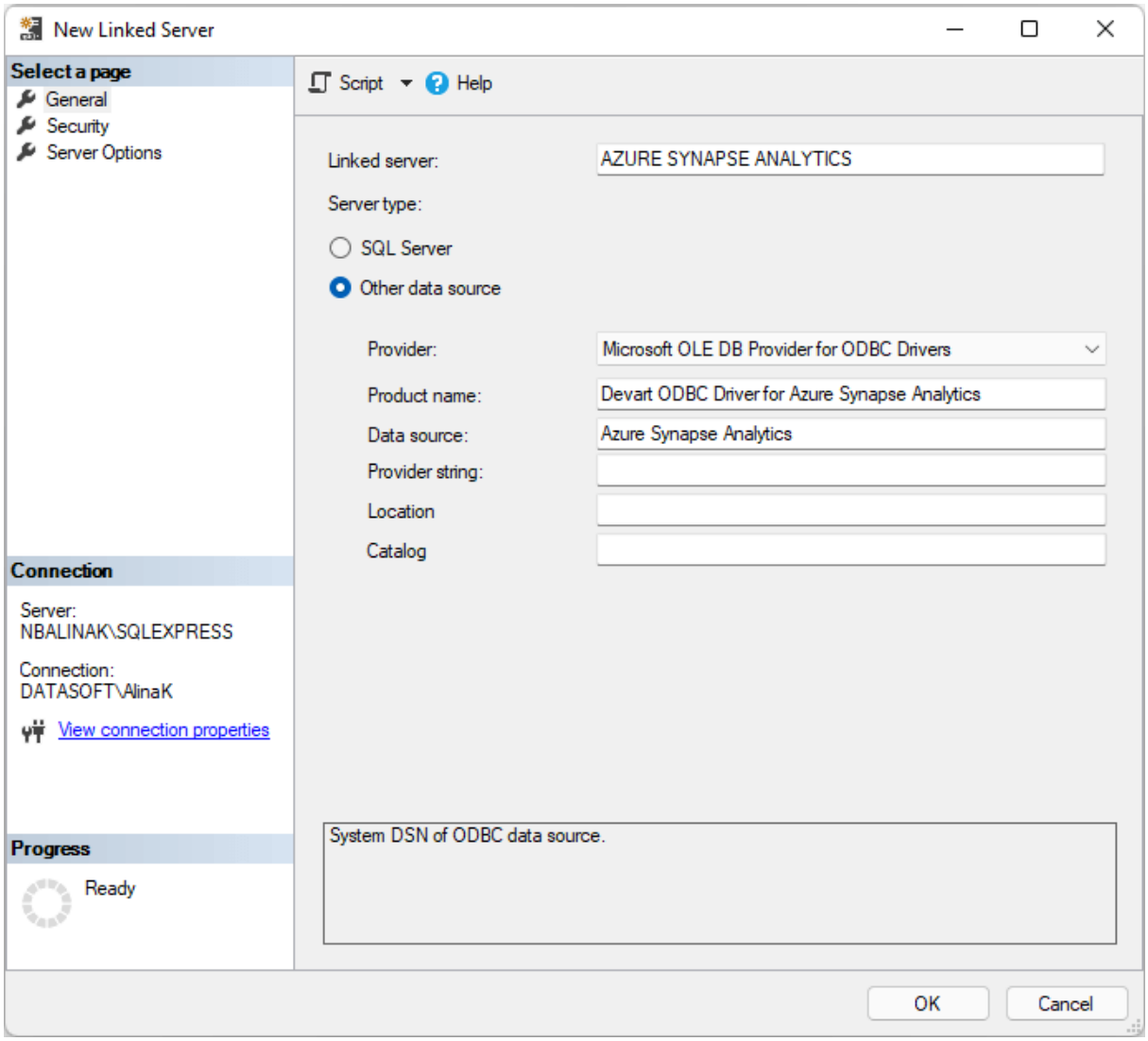
Create a new **Linked Server**



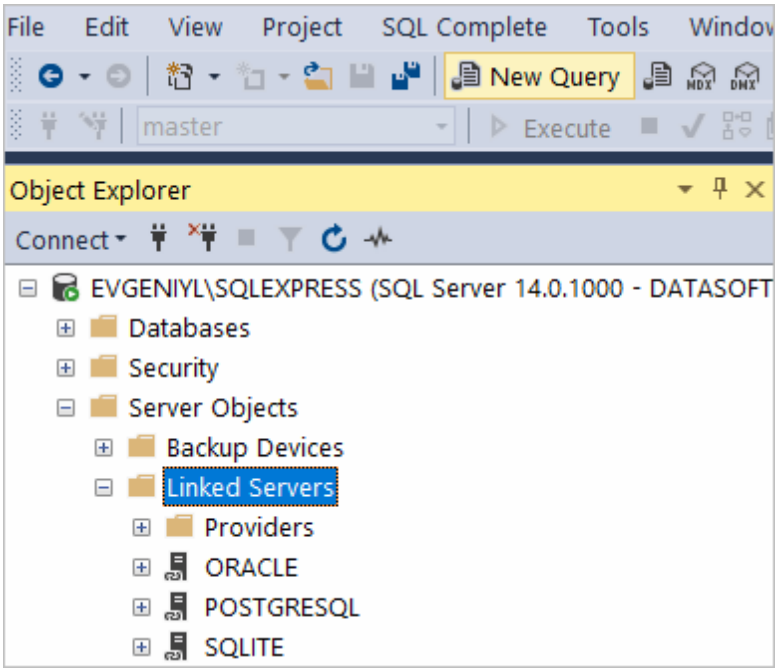
Make sure to select **Microsoft OLE DB Provider for ODBC Drivers**:



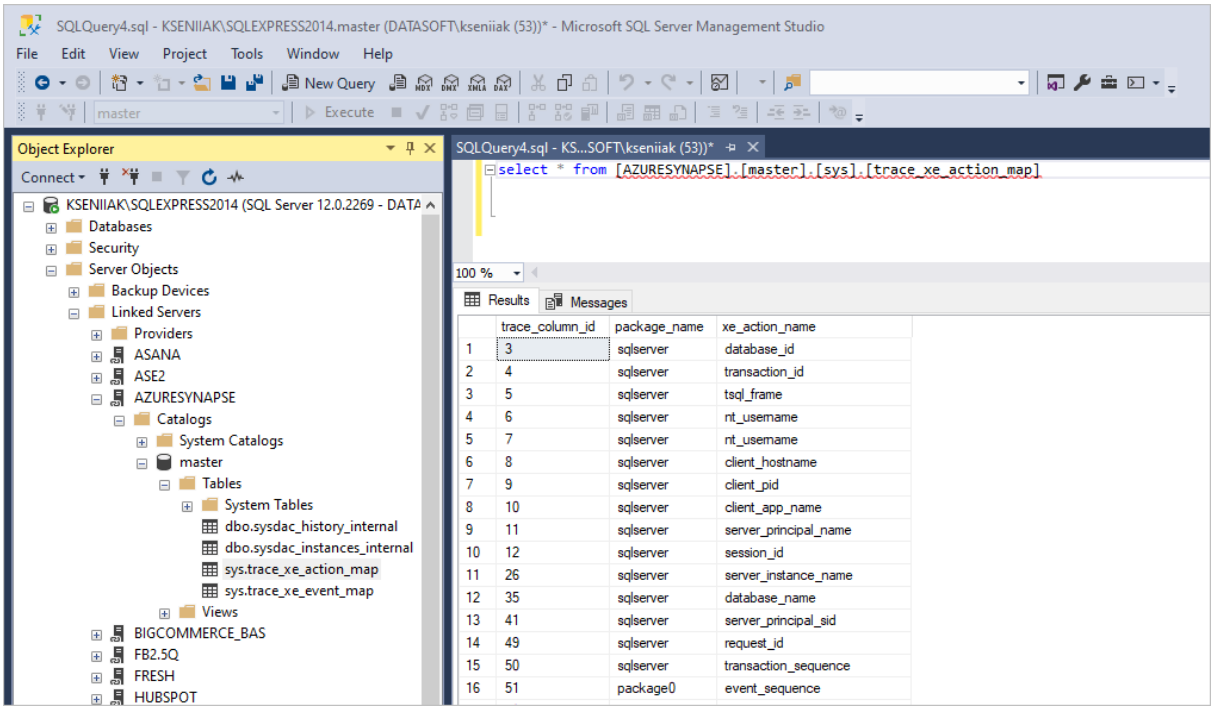
Now you need to input the Linked Server name, e.g. AZURESYNAPSEANALYTICS. In the Product Name and Data Source fields you need to indicate the System DSN that you've previously created - more info on System DSN setup can be found here.



The Azure Synapse Analytics tables are already available to be fetched. To query the linked server, click **New Query** in the toolbar:



Enter your SQL query in the editor window and click **Execute** to run the query:



As a result, you can see the contents of the selected table retrieved directly from the Azure Synapse Analytics account you are connected to.

See also

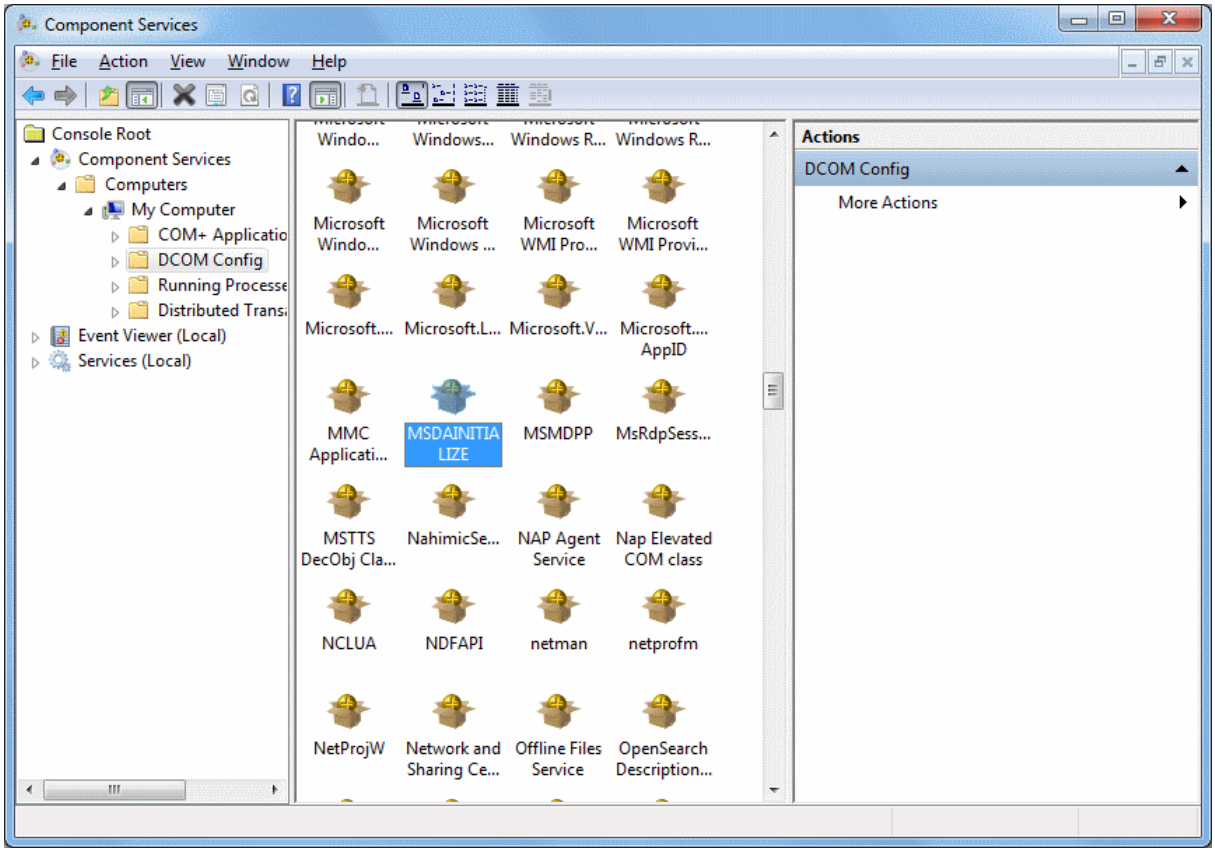
- Troubleshooting SSMS

4.13.2 Troubleshooting in SSMS

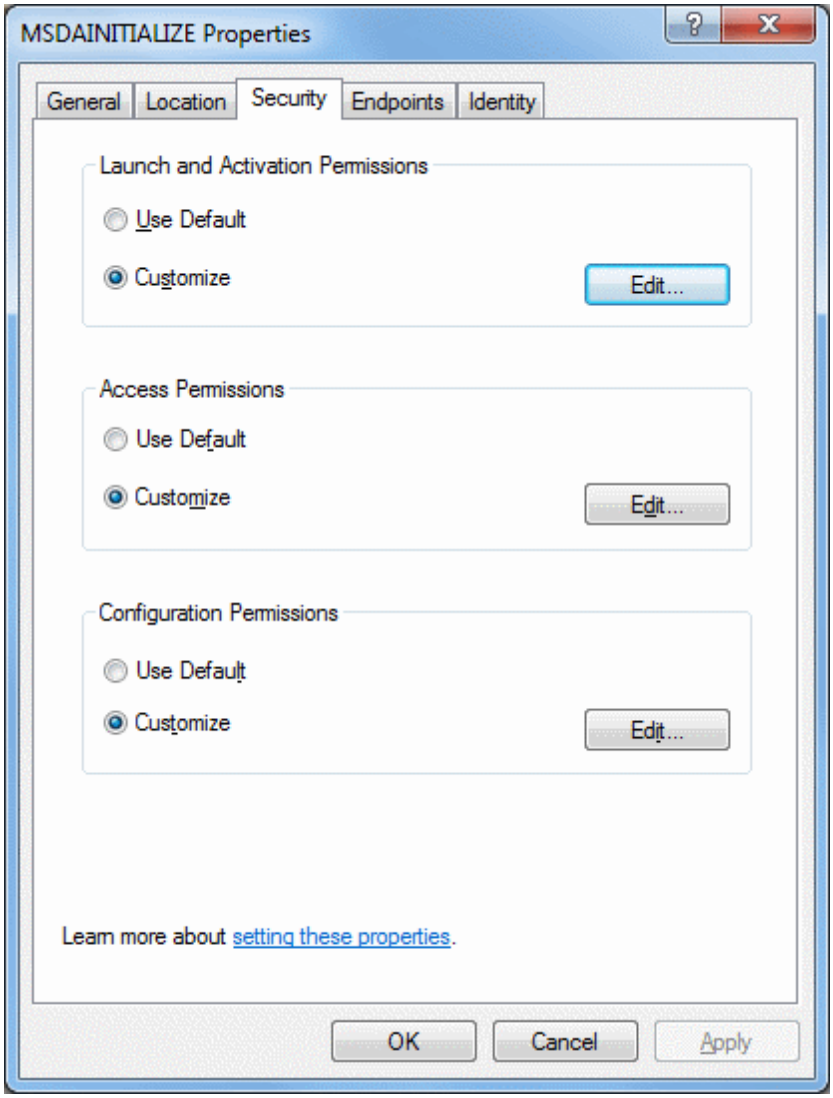
When creating a linked server in SSMS, most errors happen due to security issues with DCOM class MSDAINITIALIZE. We need to alter the DCOM Class MSDAINITIALIZE security settings to make it work.

Following are the steps:

1. Open Component Services (Start>Run>DCOMCNFG)
2. Expand Component Services>Computers>My Computer>DCOM Config
3. From the list of DCOM components on the right side, select **MSDAINITIALIZE** and go to its properties:



4. Go to the Security Tab, Choose ‘Customize’ and click on the ‘Edit’ Button:

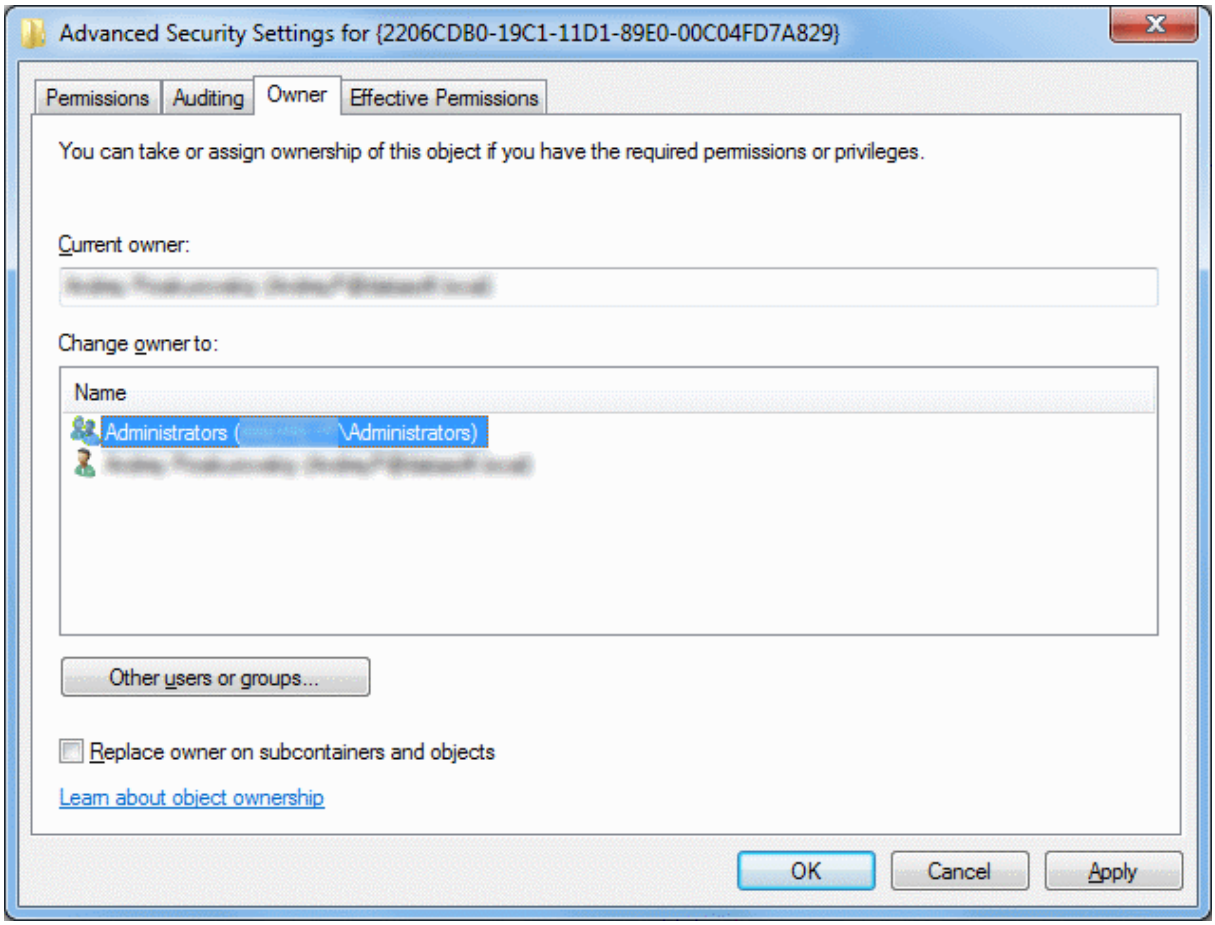


5. Add the Domain User who is accessing the linked server and 'Allow' all the permissions available (Local Launch, Remote Launch, Local Activation, Remote Activation). If you are connecting to SQL server using SQL account, you need to provide this permission to the account under which the SQL service is running.
6. Do this for all the 3 sections in the above screenshot.

To edit the Security settings, we followed the below steps:

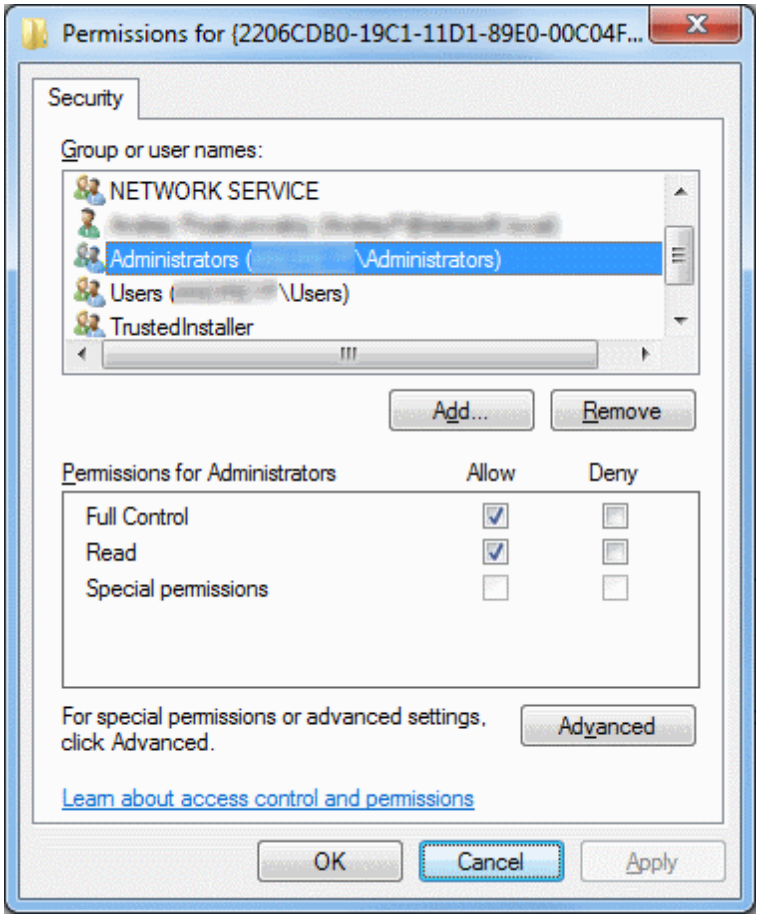
1. Start > Run > Regedit
2. Find the Key: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Classes\AppID\{2206CDB0-19C1-11D1-89E0-00C04FD7A829}

3. Right Click>Permissions>Advanced>Owner Tab:



4. Change the owner to Administrators.

5. Now, grant ‘Full Control’ to Administrators:



After this you should be able to edit MSDAINITIALIZE security settings.

See also

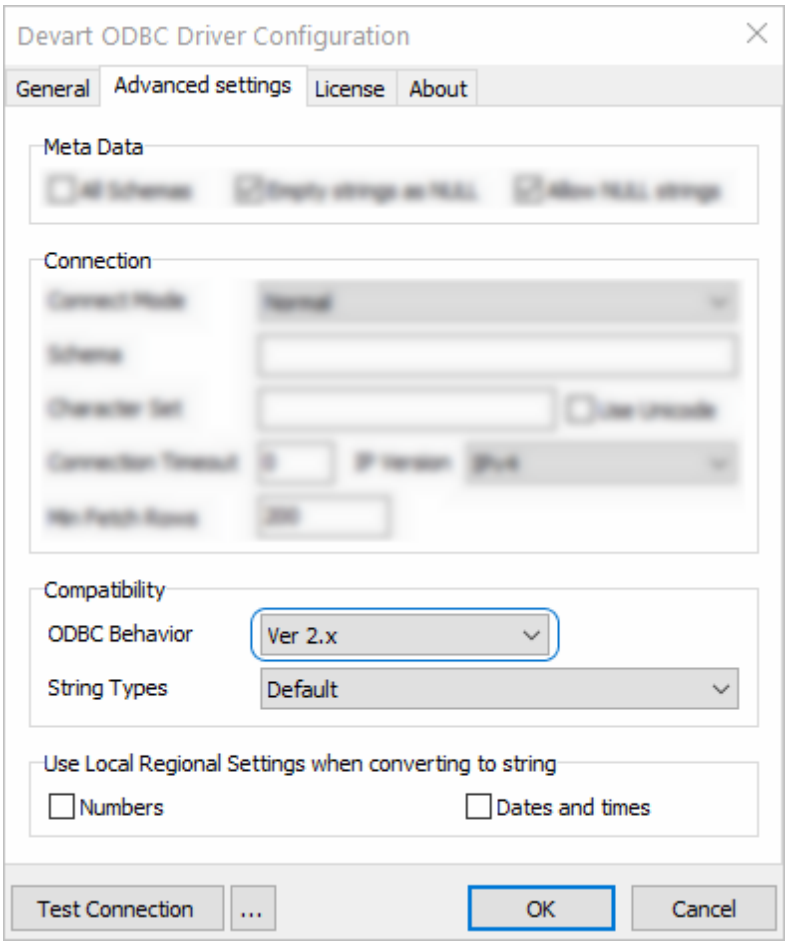
- Error message when you try to create an instance of an OLE DB provider in SQL Server: "Cannot create an instance of OLE DB provider"

4.14 Using in SSIS

SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS) is a component of SQL Server that is designed to perform various data migration tasks. When using Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics as a translation layer between the data source and SSIS, the driver and SSIS communicate via Microsoft ODBC version 3.x.

Note that when you extract data from an ODBC data source using the `SQLExecDirect` function,

an issue may occur: SSIS expects the ODBC 2.x behavior, while the ODBC driver continues to fetch data from a data source via ODBC version 3.x. To prevent any issues when using SQLExecDirect, you should force the ODBC 2.x behavior in the DSN settings: open the `Advanced Settings` tab and select `Ver 2.x` from the `ODBC Behavior` dropdown.



4.15 Using in Tableau

This section describes how to establish and troubleshoot a connection to Azure Synapse Analytics from Tableau using ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics.

- Using in Tableau
- Troubleshooting in Tableau on macOS

4.15.1 Using in Tableau

Importing Azure Synapse Analytics Data Into Tableau Through an ODBC Connection

This article explains to establish and ODBC connection to Azure Synapse Analytics from Tableau Desktop. Tableau is a data visualization tool that allows you to pull in raw data, perform analysis on it, and create meaningful reports to get actionable insights. With Tableau Desktop and our suite of ODBC drivers, you can connect to various relational and non-relational databases, both cloud and on-premise.

1. Run Tableau Desktop.
2. On the start page, select **More...** in the **Connect** pane.
3. Choose **Other Databases (ODBC)**.
4. Expand the **DSN** drop-down list and select the DSN that you have created and configured for Azure Synapse Analytics. Alternatively, if you have not created a DSN, you can choose the **Driver** option and select Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics from the drop-down.
5. Click **Connect**.
6. After a successful connection, click **Sign in**.
7. Select the needed database and schema in Azure Synapse Analytics.
8. You should see the list of all tables you have access to in the connected data source.
9. Drag-and-drop the table name to the area where it says **Drag tables here** to retrieve the data, or click **New Custom SQL** to write a query that will select only specific data from the table.
10. Hit **Update Now** to retrieve and display the data.

4.15.2 Troubleshooting in Tableau on macOS

Troubleshooting ODBC Connection in Tableau on macOS

The iODBC driver manager incorrectly handles the SQL_WCHAR and SQL_WVARCHAR ODBC data types. To work with these data types in Tableau, create a Tableau Datasource

Customization (`.tdc`) file in '*Users\[your name]\Documents\My Tableau Repository \Datasources*\' — for example, *devart-sqlsynapse.tdc*, and add the following capabilities to the file:

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8' ?>
<connection-customization class='genericodbc' enabled='true' version='1.0'>
<vendor name='Azure Synapse Analytics' />
<driver name='Devart ODBC Driver for Azure Synapse Analytics' />
    <customizations>
          <customization name='CAP_ODBC_BIND_SUPPRESS_WIDE_CHAR' value='yes'
    </customizations>
</connection-customization>
```